# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 31 MARCH 2021

(ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

<b>CONTENTS</b>		<b>PAGE</b>
CONDENSE	ED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND ENSIVE INCOME	OTHER
	D INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' E	•
CONDENSE	D INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	9-11
	THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2021	INTERIM
NOTE 1	GROUP'S ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS	
NOTE 2	BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	13-35
NOTE 3	INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES	36-38
NOTE 4	SEGMENT REPORTING	
NOTE 5	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	40
NOTE 6	FINANCIAL ASSETS	41
NOTE 7	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	_
NOTE 8	RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES	
NOTE 9	TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES	47-48
NOTE 10	OTHER RECEIVABLES	49
NOTE 11	INVENTORIES	49-50
NOTE 12	PREPAID EXPENSES	
NOTE 13	INVESTMENTS RECOGNIZED BY EQUITY PICKUP METHOD	
NOTE 14	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	
NOTE 15	RIGHT OF USE ASSETS	56
NOTE 16	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	57-58
NOTE 17	PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	58-60
NOTE 18	COMMITMENTS	60
NOTE 19	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	
NOTE 20	OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	
NOTE 21	CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS	63-65
NOTE 22	SALES	66
NOTE 23	EXPENSES BY NATURE	
NOTE 24	GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING EXPENSES, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES	
NOTE 25	OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
NOTE 26	FINANCIAL INCOME AND FINANCIAL EXPENSES	
NOTE 27	TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES)	
NOTE 28	EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE	
NOTE 29	DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	
NOTE 30	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT	_
NOTE 31	SUBSEQUENT EVENTS	

	Footnotes	31 March 2021	Audited 31 December 2020
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	3.162.411	3.201.571
Trade Receivables		4.807.058	5.412.504
Trade Receivables Due from Related Parties	8	10.913	15.473
Trade Receivables Due from Third Parties	9	4.796.145	5.397.031
Other Receivables		617.403	637.914
Other Receivables Due from Related Parties	8	254.822	278.551
Other Receivables Due from Third Parties	10	362.581	359.363
Derivative Financial Assets		133.367	111.789
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading	29	32.746	105.345
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging	29	100.621	6.444
Inventories	11	5.608.351	4.061.469
Prepayments		405.200	230.086
Prepayments to Third Parties	12	405.200	230.086
Current Tax Assets	27	-	2.197
Other Current Assets		90.203	119.997
Other Current Assets Due from	20	90.203	119.997
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		14.823.993	13.777.527

	Footnotes	31 March 2021	Audited 31 December 2020
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial Investments	6	75.822	79.502
Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures			
and associates	13	985.044	923.330
Trade Receivables		3.627	2.307
Trade Recevables Due From Related Parties		768	768
Trade Receivables Due from Third Parties	9	2.859	1.539
Other Receivables		6.881.790	5.968.570
Other Receivables Due from Related Parties	8	6.873.753	5.961.187
Other Receivables Due from Third Parties	10	8.037	7.383
Property, Plant and Equipments		4.882.291	4.815.797
Land and Premises	14	1.148.205	1.145.890
Land Improvements	14	137.176	135.762
Buildings	14	2.130.048	2.113.319
Machinery and Equipments	14	1.321.201	1.284.840
Vehicles	14	756	1.074
Fixtures and Fittings	14	91.746	88.842
Leasehold Improvements	14	8.518	8.006
Construction in Progress	14	44.641	38.064
Right of Use Assets	15	191.488	199.761
Intangible Assets and Goodwill		939.007	907.508
Goodwill		196.568	196.568
Other Rights	16	28.050	29.044
Capitalized Development Costs	16	638.556	609.948
Other Intangible Assets	16	75.833	71.948
Prepayments		88.267	73.380
Prepayments to Third Parties	12	88.267	73.380
Deferred Tax Asset	27	405.173	321.146
Other Non-current Assets	20	7.819	9.590
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		14.460.328	13.300.891
TOTAL ASSETS		29.284.321	27.078.418

	Footnotes	31 March 2021	Audited 31 December 2020
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current Borrowings	7	6.778.956	3.047.824
Current Borrowings from Related Parties		10.428	12.644
Lease Liabilities	8	10.428	12.644
Current Borrowings from Third Parties		6.768.528	3.035.180
Bank Loans	7	6.226.086	2.887.146
Lease Liabilities	7	78.998	94.589
Issued debt instruments	7	463.444	53.445
Current Portion of Non-current Borrowings	7	1.683.581	3.933.163
Current Portion of Non-current Borrowings from			
Third Parties		1.683.581	3.933.163
Bank Loans	7	1.683.581	3.933.163
Trade Payables		9.264.606	8.060.078
Trade Payables to Related Parties	8	34.580	29.601
Trade Payables to Third Parties	9	9.230.026	8.030.477
Employee Benefit Obligations	19	231.847	245.568
Other Payables		107.453	71.923
Other Payables to Related Parties	8	78.765	69.442
Other Payables to Third Parties		28.688	2.481
Derivative Financial Liabilities		108.433	303.178
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Trading	29	91.108	135.768
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging	29	17.325	167.410
Current Tax Liabilities	27	1.361	10.554
Current Provisions	17	683.347	745.810
Other Current Provisions		683.347	745.810
Other Current Liabilities	20	726.434	706.190
Other Current Liabilities to Third Parties		726.434	706.190
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		19.586.018	17.124.288

	Footnotes	31 March 2021	Audited 31 December 2020
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long Term Borrowings	7	743.090	1.833.675
Long Term Borrowings from Related Parties		19.371	20.333
Lease Liabilities	8	19.371	20.333
Long Term Borrowings from Third Parties		723.719	1.813.342
Bank Loans	7	554.751	1.657.777
Lease Liabilities	7	118.588	105.185
Issued debt instruments	7	50.380	50.380
Trade Payables		85.234	61.787
Trade Payables to Third Parties	9	85.234	61.787
Non-current Provisions		338.306	298.808
Non-current Provisions for Employee Benefits	19	263.174	226.307
Other Non-current Provisions	17	75.132	72.501
Deferred Tax Liabilities	27	407.396	333.362
Other Non-current Liabilities		520	964
Other Non-current Liabilities to Third Parties		520	964
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1.574.546	2.528.596
TOTAL LIABILITIES		21.160.564	19.652.884

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Footnotes	31 March 2021	Audited 31 December 2020
EQUITY			
Equity Attributable to Owners of Parent		7.630.671	7.071.747
Issued Capital	21	335.456	335.456
Inflation Adjustments on Capital		688.315	688.315
Share Premium (Discount)		95.151	98.019
Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income (Loss) that			
will not be Reclassified in Profit or Loss		2.395.900	2.449.676
Gains (Losses) on Revaluation and Remeasurement		2.395.900	2.449.676
Increases (Decreases) on Revaluation of			
Property, Plant and Equipment	21	2.470.537	2.514.867
Gains (Losses) on Remeasurements of Defined			
Benefit Plans		(74.637)	(65.191)
Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income (Loss) that			
will be Reclassified in Profit or Loss		603.842	580.551
Exchange Differences on Translation		538.271	612.892
Gains (Losses) on Hedge		57.080	(43.776)
Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges		57.080	(43.776)
Gains (Losses) on Revaluation and Reclassification		8.491	11.435
Gains (Losses) on Remeasuring			
Financial Assets Measured of Fair Value through			
Other Compressive Income	21	8.491	11.435
Restricted Reserves Appropriated from Profits		67.091	67.091
Legal Reserves	21	67.091	67.091
Prior Years' Profits or Losses	21	3.224.571	1.080.040
Current Period Net Profit Or Loss		220.345	1.772.599
Non-controlling Interests		493.086	353.787
TOTAL EQUITY		8.123.757	7.425.534
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		29.284.321	27.078.418

Consolidated financial statements for the period 1 January – 31 March 2021, were approved by the Board of Directors of Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. on 27 April 2021.

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2021 AND 2020

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Footnotes	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
PROFIT OR LOSS			
Revenue	22	6.200.674	3.930.802
Cost of Sales	22	(4.686.895)	(2.811.591)
GROSS PROFIT		1.513.779	1.119.211
General Administrative Expenses	24	(119.950)	(111.013)
Marketing Expenses	24	(630.284)	(485.795)
Research and Development Expense	24	(96.137)	(64.957)
Other Income from Operating Activities	25	440.331	328.460
Other Expenses from Operating Activities	25	(952.683)	(658.191)
PROFIT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		155.056	127.715
Share of Profit (Loss) from Investments Accounted for Using Equity		1001000	1271710
Method	13	(25.769)	(71.005)
PROFIT BEFORE FINANCING INCOME		129.287	56.710
Finance Income	26	1.557.882	902.801
Finance Costs	26	(1.469.253)	(687.665)
PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS, BEFORE TAX		217.916	271.846
Tax (Expense) Income, Continuing Operations		41.912	(35.372)
Current Period Tax (Expense) Income	27	(5.628)	(3.427)
Deferred Tax (Expense) Income	27	47.540	(31.945)
PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		259.828	236.474
PROFIT		259.828	236.474
Profit (loss), attributable to			
Non-controlling Interests		39.483	6.425
Owners of Parent		220.345	230.049
Earnings per 100 share with a Kr 1 of Par Value (TL)	28	0,66	0,69

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2021 AND 2020

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Other Comprehensive Income that will		
not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(4.359)	(1.775)
Gains (Losses) on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	(5.449)	(2.219)
Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income		
that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	1.090	444
Taxes Relating to Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	1.090	444
Other Comprehensive Income that will		
be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	23.291	35.997
Exchange Differences on Translation	(74.621)	17.879
Gains (losses) on Remeasuring Financial Assets Measured of Fair Value		
through Other Compressive Income	(3.680)	(3.440)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Related with Cash Flow Hedges	126.070	26.668
Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income		
that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(24.478)	(5.110)
	(24.478)	(5.110)
Taxes Relating to Financial Assets Measured of Fair Value		
through Other Compressive Income	736	757
Taxes Relating to Cash Flow Hedges	(25.214)	(5.867)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	18.932	34.222
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	278.760	270.696
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to		
Non-controlling Interests	47.120	6.444
Owners of Parent	231.640	264.252

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2021 AND 2020 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	Issued Capital	Inflation Adjustme nts on Capital	Share Premium or Discounts	Increases (Decreases) on Revaluation of Property Plant and Equipment	Remeasure-	Gains (Losses) Revaluations and Remeasurem ents	Reclassified	Exchange Differences on Translation	Cash Flow Hedges	Reserve Of Gains or Losses on Hedge	of Fair Value through Other	Gains (Losses) on	Other Accumulated Comprehensi ve Income t That Will Be Reclassified f In Profit Or Loss		Prior Years'	Net Profit or Loss		Equity attribut- able to owners of parent	Non-controll	Equity
Previous Period 1 Ianuary -31 March 2020																				
Beginning of Period	335.456	688.315	103.776	1.310.274	(34.999)	1.275.275	1.275.275	406.932	(4.662)	(4.662)	) 4.321	4.321	406.591	67.179	490.017	324.047	814.064	3.690.656	89.255	3.779.911
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	324.047	(324.047)	-	-	-	
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)					(1.753)	(1.753)	(1.753)	17.879	20.759	20.759	(2.683)	(2.683	35.955			230.049	230.049	264.251	6.445	270.69
Profit (Loss)	-	-	-	-	- (1./33)	(1.733)	(1.733)			- 20.739	(2.003)	- (2.003	, 33.933	-	-	230.049		230.049	6.425	236.47
Other Comprehensive																				
Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	(1.753)	(1.753)	(1.753)	17.879	20.759	20.759	(2.683)	(2.683	) 35.955	-	-	-	-	34.202	20	34.22
Other	-	_	-	(4.310)	_	(4.310)	(4.310)	-	-	-	_	_			_	-	_	(4.310)	) -	(4.31
End of Period	335.456	688.315	103.776		(36.752)	1.269.212	1.269.212	424.811	16.097	16.097	1.638	1.638	442.546	67.179	814.064	230.049	1.044.113	3.950.597	95.700	
Current Period 1 January -31 March 2021		_		_			_	_	_					_				_	_	_
Opening Balance	335.456	688.315	98.019	2.514.867	(65.191)	2.449.676	2.449.676	612.892	(43.776)	(43.776)	11.435	11.435	580.551	67.091	1.080.040	1.772.599		7.071.747	353.787	7.425.534
Transfers Total Comprehensive	-	-	-	(20.957)	-	(20.957)	(20.957)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.793.556	(1.772.599)	20.957	-	-	
Income (Loss)	-	_	-	-	(4.359)	(4.359)	(4.359)	(74.621)	100.856	100.856	(2.944)	(2.944	) 23.291	-	-	220.345	220.345	239.277	47.120	286.39
Profit (Loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	,	-	-	-	-		-	-	220.345		220.345		259.82
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	(4.359)	(4.359)	(4.359)	(74.621)	100.856	100.856	(2.944)	(2.944	) 23.291	-	-	-	-	18.932	7.637	26.56
ransactions with concontrolling interests	-	-	(2.868)	(23.373)	(5.087)	(28.460)	(28.460)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	350.975	-	350.975	319.647	92.179	411.82
Other	-				_	_	_	_	-	-		_			-	-	-		-	
Closing Balance	335.456	688.315	95.151	2.470.537	(74.637)	2.395.900	2.395.900	538.271	57.080	57.080	8.491	8.491	603.842	67.091	3.224.571	220.345	3.444.916	7.630.671	493.086	8.123.75

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2021 AND 2020

	Footnotes	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		895.344	569.044
Profit		259.828	236.474
Profit (Loss) from Continuing Operations		259.828	236.474
Adjustments to Reconcile Profit		509.578	505.199
Adjustments for Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	14	216.442	146.599
Adjustments for Impairment Loss			
(Reversal of Impairment Loss)		13.316	1.038
Adjustments for Impairement Loss			
(Reversal of Impairment Loss) of Receivables	9	3.339	6.181
Adjustments for Impairment Loss			
(Reversal of Impairment Loss) of Inventories	11	9.977	(5.143)
Adjustments for Provisions		(32.883)	(12.371)
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Provisions Related with			
Employee Benefits	19	26.949	10.027
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Lawsuit and/or			
Penalty Provisions	17	4.045	579
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Warranty Provisions	17	21.092	9.684
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Other Provisions	17	(84.969)	(32.661)
Adjustments for Interest (Income) Expenses		103.918	73.626
Adjustments for Interest Income	26	(182.762)	(109.535)
Adjustments for Interest Expense	26	286.680	183.161
Adjustments for Unrealised Foreign			
Exchange Losses (Gains)	7	305.841	173.022
Adjustments for Fair Value Losses (Gains)		(76.805)	(13.525)
Adjustments for Fair Value (Gains) Losses on			
Derivative Financial Instruments		(76.805)	(13.525)
Adjustments for Undistributed Profits of Investments Accounted			
for Using Equity Method		25.769	71.005
Adjustments for Tax (Income) Expenses		(41.912)	35.372
Adjustments for Losses (Gains) on Disposal of			
Non-Current Assets		(1.706)	36.492
Adjustments for Losses (Gains) Arised from			
Sale of Tangible Assets		(1.706)	36.492
Other Adjustments to Reconcile Profit (Loss)		(2.402)	(6.059)

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2021 AND 2020

	Footnotes	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Changes in Working Capital		140.628	(159.300)
Decrease (Increase) in Financial Investments	6	-	3.440
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Trade Accounts Receivable Decrease (Increase) in Trade Accounts Receivables from		600.787	170.143
Related Parties		4.560	(4.381)
Decrease (Increase) in Trade Accounts Receivables from			
Third Parties		596.227	174.524
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Other Receivables			
Related with Operations		(3.872)	1.040
Decrease (Increase) in Other Third Party Receivables Related			
with Operations		(3.872)	1.040
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		(1.560.309)	(378.136)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		(190.001)	335
Adjustments for Increase (Decrease) in Trade Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Trade Accounts Payables to		1.227.975	70.095
Related Parties		4.979	(1.436)
Increase (Decrease) in Trade Accounts Payables to Third			
Parties		1.222.996	71.531
Increase (Decrease) in Employee Benefit Liabilities		(13.721)	(44.701)
Adjustments for Increase (Decrease) in Other			
Operating Payables		26.207	13.432
Increase (Decrease) in Other Operating Payables to Third			
Parties		26.207	13.432
Other Adjustments for Other Increase (Decrease) in			
Working Capital		53.562	5.052
Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets Related			
with Operations		33.762	10.707
Increase (Decrease) in Other Payables Related			
with Operations		19.800	(5.655)
Cash Flows from (used in) Operations		910.034	582.373
Payments Related with Provisions for Employee Benefits	19	(3.125)	(5.556)
Income Taxes Refund (Paid)	27	(11.565)	(7.773)

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 31 MARCH 2021 AND 2020

	Footnotes	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(970.267)	(839.677)
Cash Flows Used in Obtaining Control of Subsidiaries or			
Other Businesses		238.964	-
Cash Outflows Arising from Purchase of Shares or Capital			
Increase of Associates and/or Joint Ventures		(80.826)	(2.979)
Proceeds from Sales of Property, Plant, Equipment and			
Intangible Assets		13.642	73.417
Proceeds from Sales of Property, Plant and Equipment		13.642	73.417
Purchase of Property, Plant, Equipment and			
Intangible Assets		(253.210)	(184.773)
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	14	(169.526)	(147.443)
Purchase of Intangible Assets	16	(83.684)	(37.330)
Cash Advances and Loans Made to Other Parties		(888.837)	(725.342)
Cash Advances and Loans Made to Related Parties	8	(888.837)	(725.342)
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(100.463)	227.120
Proceeds from Borrowings		2.369.953	3.621.937
Proceeds from Loans	7	1.969.953	3.621.937
Proceeds from Securities		400.000	-
Repayments of Borrowings		(2.430.100)	(3.324.366)
Loan Repayments	7	(2.430.100)	(3.324.366)
Increase in Other Payables to Related Parties		9.323	5.447
Payments of Lease Liabilities		31.056	38.950
Interest Paid		(263.457)	(224.383)
Interest Received		182.762	109.535
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS BEFORE EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		(175.386)	(43.513)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and			
Cash Equivalents		133.824	62.167
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS		(41.562)	18.654
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE		-	
PERIOD	5	3.172.696	2.283.040
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	5	3.131.134	2.301.694

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 1 - GROUP'S ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("Vestel Elektronik" or "the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group"), mainly produce and sell a range of brown goods and white goods. The Company's head office is located at Levent 199, Büyükdere Caddesi No: 199, 34394 Şişli / Istanbul. The Group's production facilities are located in Manisa Organized Industrial Zone, İzmir Aegean Free Zone and Russia.

The ultimate controller of the Company is Zorlu Holding.

Vestel Elektronik is registered to Capital Market Board ("CMB") and its shares have been quoted to Borsa Istanbul ("BİST") since 1990. As of 31 March 2021, 35,59 % of the Group's shares are publicly traded (2020: 35,59%).

As of 31 March 2021 the number of personnel employed at Group is 19.751 (31 December 2020: 18.864).

The Company's subsidiaries and associates are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Country	Nature of operations
Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	Turkey	Production
Vestel Komünikasyon Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	Turkey	Sales
Vestel Ticaret A.Ş.	Turkey	Sales
Vestel CIS Ltd.	Russia	Sales
Vestel Electronica SRL	Romania	Sales
Vestel Iberia SL	Spain	Sales
Vestel France SA	France	Sales
Vestel Holland BV	Holland	Sales
Vestel Germany GmbH	Germany	Sales
Cabot Communications Ltd.	UK	Software
Vestel UK Ltd.	UK	Sales
Vestek Elektronik Araştırma Geliştirme A.Ş.	Turkey	Software
Vestel Trade Ltd.	Russia	Sales
Vestel Electronics Shanghai Trading Co. Ltd	China	Service
Intertechnika LLC	Russia	Service
Vestel Central Asia LLP	Kazakhstan	Sales
Vestel Ventures Ar-ge A.Ş.	Turkey	Service
Vestel Poland sp. z.o.o.	Poland	Sales
Vestel Polska Technology Center sp. z o.o.	Poland	Sales
Vestel Electronics Gulf DMC	UAE	Sales
Vest Batarya Sistemleri A.Ş.	Turkey	Production

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 1 – GROUP'S ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Cont'd)

Investments accounted for using equity method	Country	Nature of operations
Vestel Savunma Sanayi A.Ş.	Turkey	Production/ Sales
Aydın Yazılım Elektronik ve Sanayi A.Ş.	Turkey	Software
Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş	Turkey	Mining
Türkiye'nin Otomobili Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş	Turkey	Automotive

#### NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.1 Basis of presentation

## 2.1.1 Statement of compliance

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1, "Principals of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28676 on 13 June 2013. According to the article 5 of the Communiqué, consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TAS"/"TFRS") and its addendum and interpretations ("IFRIC") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POAASA") Turkish Accounting Standards Board.

The Company and its subsidiaries operating in Turkey maintains its accounting records and prepares its statutory financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), tax legislation and the uniform chart of accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance. The consolidated financial statements, except for land, buildings and land improvements and the financial assets and liabilities presented with their fair values, are prepared based on historical costs in TL.

Consolidated subsidiaries operating in foreign countries have prepared their financial statements in accordance with the laws and regulations of the countries in which they operate with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards. These financial statements are based on the statutory records which are maintained under historical cost conversion, with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the TAS/TFRS.

With the decision taken on 17 March 2005, the CMB announced that, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for the companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards. Accordingly, TAS 29, "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" issued by the IASB, has not been applied in the financial statements for the accounting year commencing from 1 January 2005.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.1.2 Currency used

# i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are prepared and presented in Turkish Lira ("TL"), which is the functional currency of the parent company.

## ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies have been translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Exchange gains or losses arising from the settlement and translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates are included in consolidated comprehensive income, except for the effective portion of foreign currency hedge of cash flow and net investment which are included under shareholders' equity.

## iii) Translation of financial statements of subsidiaries operating in foreign countries

Assets and liabilities of subsidiaries operating in foreign countries are translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Comprehensive income items of those subsidiaries are translated into TL using average exchange rates for the period (if the average exchange rates for the period do not reasonably reflect the exchange rate fluctuations, transactions are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction).

Exchange differences arising from using average and balance sheet date rates are included in "currency translation differences" under the shareholders' equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The balance sheet date rates and average rates used for translation of income statement items for the related periods are as follows:

Period End:	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Turkish Lira/EUR	0,1023	0,111
Turkish Lira/GBP	0,0875	0,1006
Turkish Lira/RUB	9,1592	10,1585
Turkish Lira/PLN	0,4768	0,5025
Turkish Lira/ USD	0,1201	0,1362
Turkish Lira/ KZT	50,9944	57,3723
Turkish Lira/AED	0,4408	0,5000
Turkish Lira/RMB	0,7933	0,8943
Turkish Lira/RON	0,5057	0,5443
	1 January -	1 January -
Average:	1 January - <u>31 March 2021</u>	1 January - <u>31 March 2020</u>
Average: Turkish Lira/EUR	•	•
_	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Turkish Lira/EUR	31 March 2021 0,1124	31 March 2020 0,1487
Turkish Lira/EUR Turkish Lira/GBP	31 March 2021 0,1124 0,0985	31 March 2020 0,1487 0,1283
Turkish Lira/EUR Turkish Lira/GBP Turkish Lira/RUB	31 March 2021 0,1124 0,0985 10,1455	31 March 2020 0,1487 0,1283 10,9362
Turkish Lira/EUR Turkish Lira/GBP Turkish Lira/RUB Turkish Lira/PLN	31 March 2021 0,1124 0,0985 10,1455 0,5107	31 March 2020 0,1487 0,1283 10,9362 0,6422
Turkish Lira/EUR Turkish Lira/GBP Turkish Lira/RUB Turkish Lira/PLN Turkish Lira/ USD	31 March 2021 0,1124 0,0985 10,1455 0,5107 0,1356	31 March 2020 0,1487 0,1283 10,9362 0,6422 0,1640
Turkish Lira/EUR Turkish Lira/GBP Turkish Lira/RUB Turkish Lira/PLN Turkish Lira/ USD Turkish Lira/ KZT	31 March 2021 0,1124 0,0985 10,1455 0,5107 0,1356 56,8874	31 March 2020 0,1487 0,1283 10,9362 0,6422 0,1640 64,1180

## 2.1.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, and its subsidiaries from the date on which the control is transferred to the Group until the date that the control ceases. The financial statements of the companies included in the scope of consolidation have been prepared as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards by applying uniform accounting policies and presentation.

## a) Subsidiaries

The Group has power over an entity when it has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. the activities that significantly affect the entity's returns. On the other hand, the Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

In order to be consistent with accounting policies accepted by the Group, accounting policies of the subsidiaries are modified where necessary.

The balance sheet and statement of income of the subsidiaries are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and all material intercompany payable /receivable balances and sales / purchase transactions are eliminated. The carrying value of the investment held by Vestel Elektronik and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related shareholders' equity.

The non-controlling share in the net assets and results of subsidiaries for the period are separately classified as "non-controlling interest" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and the consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity.

As of the balance sheet date, consolidated companies and the proportion of ownership interest of Vestel Elektronik in these subsidiaries are disclosed in note 3.

Financial assets in which the Group has direct or indirect voting rights equal to or above 50% which are immaterial to the Group financial results or over which a significant influence is not exercised by the Group are carried at cost less any provisions for impairment.

#### b) Investments in associates

Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method and are initially recognized at cost. These are entities in which the Group has an interest which is more than 20% and less than 50% of the voting rights or over which a significant influence is exercised. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates, whereas unrealized losses are eliminated unless they do not address any impairment of the asset transferred. Net increase or decrease in the net asset of associates is included in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income in regards with the Group's share.

The Group ceases to account the associate using the equity method if it loses the significant influence or the net investment in the associate becomes nil, unless it has entered to a liability or a commitment. After the Group's interest in the associates becomes nil, additional losses are provided for, and a liability recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes including its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of net losses not recognized.

Since Vestel Savunma and Aydın Yazılım has net liability position as of 31 March 2021 and 2020, carrying value of those investment in associates accounted for by equity method is resulted as nil in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Group's voting rights and effective ownership rates in Vestel Savunma and Aydın Yazılım are 35% and 21% respectively (31 December 2020: 35%, 21%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The carrying amounts of the investments accounted for using the equity method are reviewed whether there is any indication of impairment at each reporting date. If such an indicator exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

The recoverable amount of the investments accounted for using the equity method refers to the higher of value-in-use or fair value less cost to sell. Value-in-use is the present value of future cash flows expected to be generated from an asset or cash generating unit.

If the carrying amount of the investments accounted for using the equity method exceeds the recoverable amount, the impairment is accounted for. Impairments are recognized in profit and loss accounts. Impairments are recorded in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. In investments accounted for using the equity method, impairments allocated in previous periods are re-evaluated in each reporting period in the event that impairment decreases or there are indicators that impairment is not valid. Impairment is reversed in case of changes in the estimates used when determining recoverable amount. The increase in the carrying amount of the investments due to the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted in such a way that it does not exceed the carrying amount determined if the impairment loss has not been included in the consolidated financial statements in the previous years.

#### 2.2 Comparatives

Consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared comparatively with the preceding financial period, in order to enable determination of trends in financial position and performance. Comparative figures are reclassified, where necessary, to conform to changes in presentation in the consolidated financial statements.

## 2.3 Restatement and errors in the accounting estimates

Major changes in accounting policies are applied retrospectively and any major accounting errors that have been detected are corrected and the financial statements of the previous period are restated. Changes in accounting policies resulting from the initial implementation of a new standard, if any, are implemented retrospectively or prospectively in accordance with the transition provisions. If the changes in accounting estimates only apply to one period, then they are applied in the current period in which the change occurred; if the changes also apply to future periods, they are applied in both the period of change and in the future periods, prospectively.

# 2.4 Amendments in International Financial Reporting Standards

## Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted as at 31 March 2021

A number of new standards, interpretations of and amendments to existing standards are not effective at reporting date and earlier application is permitted; however the Group has not early adopted are as follows:

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (the 2021 amendment)

IASB has extended the practical expedient by 12 months – permitting lessees to apply it to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022. The original amendment was issued in May 2020 to make it easier for lessees to account for covid-19-related rent concessions, such as rent holidays and temporary rent reductions, while continuing to provide useful information about their leases to investors. Related changes were published by POA as Amendments to TFRS 16 on April 7, 2021.

The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021. Lessees are permitted to apply it early, including in financial statements not authorised for issue. The 2021 amendments are applied retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying it being recognised in opening retained earnings.

The original version of the practical expedient was, and remains, optional. However, the 2021 amendments are, in effect, not optional. This is because a lessee that chose to apply the practical expedient introduced by the 2020 amendments has to consistently apply the extension to eligible contracts with similar characteristics and in similar circumstances.

This means that lessees will need to reverse previous lease modification accounting if a rent concession was ineligible for the original practical expedient under the 2020 amendments but becomes eligible as a result of the extension.

## Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to TFRS 3)

In May 2020, IASB issued Reference to the Conceptual Framework, which made amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations.

The amendments updated IFRS 3 by replacing a reference to an old version of the Board's Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting with a reference to the latest version, which was issued in March 2018. And then, TFRS 3 amendment was issued on 27 July 2020 by POA to reflect these amendments.

The Group shall apply these amendments for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier application permitted.

## Property, Plant and Equipment—Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to TAS 16)

In May 2020, IASB issued Property, Plant and Equipment—Proceeds before Intended Use, which made amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment. The amendments prohibit a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The amendments improve transparency and consistency by clarifying the accounting requirements—specifically, the amendments prohibit a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. And then, TAS 16 amendment was issued on 27 July 2020 by POA to reflect these amendments.

The Groupshall apply these amendments for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier application permitted.

# Onerous Contracts—Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to TAS 37)

In May 2020, IASB issued Onerous Contracts—Cost of Fulfilling a Contract, which made amendments to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

The amendments specify which costs an entity includes in determining the cost of fulfilling a contract for the purpose of assessing whether the contract is onerous. And then, TAS 37 amendment was issued on 27 July 2020 by POA to reflect these amendments.

IASB developed amendments to TAS 37 to clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous, the cost of fulfilling the contract includes both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts.

The Group shall apply these amendments for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier application permitted.

#### Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to TAS 1)

On 23 January 2020, IASB issued "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current" which amends IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements to clarify its requirements for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position which are issued by POA on 12 March 2020 as amendments to TAS 1.

The amendments clarify one of the criteria in TAS 1 for classifying a liability as non-current—that is, the requirement for an entity to have the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

The amendments include:

- (a) Specifying that an entity's right to defer settlement must exist at the end of the reporting period;
- (b) Clarifying that classification is unaffected by management's intentions or expectations about whether the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement;
- (c) Clarifying how lending conditions affect classification; and

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

(d) Clarifying requirements for classifying liabilities an entity will or may settle by issuing its own equity instruments.

The Group shall apply retrospectively these amendments for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier application permitted. However, IASB decided to defer the effective date of IAS 1 until 1 January 2023 with the amendment published on 15 July 2020, and the amendment was issued by POA on 15 January 2021.

The Group does not expect that application of these amendments to IAS 1 will have significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

## Annual Improvements to TFRS Standards 2018–2020

## **Improvements to TFRSs**

For the current standards, "Annual Improvements in TFRSs / 2018-2020 Cycle" published by POA on 27 July 2020 is presented below. The amendments are effective as of 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The Group does not expect that application of these improvements to TFRSs will have significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

TFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

This amendment simplifies the application of TFRS 1 for a subsidiary that becomes a first-time adopter of IFRS Standards later than its parent – i.e. if a subsidiary adopts TFRS Standards later than its parent and applies TFRS 1.D16(a), then a subsidiary may elect to measure cumulative translation differences for all foreign operations at amounts included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent, based on the parent's date of transition to TFRSs. This amendment will ease transition to TFRS Standards for subsidiaries applying this optional exemption by i) reducing undue costs; and ii) avoiding the need to maintain parallel sets of accounting records.

#### TFRS 9 Financial Instruments

This amendment clarifies that – for the purpose of performing the "10 per cent test' for derecognition of financial liabilities – in determining those fees paid net of fees received, a borrower includes only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## Amendments are effective on 1 January 2021

Changes that have become effective and have been adopted for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021:

1)Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 – Amendments to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments, TAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, TFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, TFRS 4 Insurance Contracts and TFRS 16 Leases.

# The new standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not yet issued by POA

The following standards, interpretations of and amendments to existing IFRS standards are issued by the IASB but these standards, interpretations and amendments to existing IFRS standards are not yet adapted/issued to TAS by the POA, thus they do not constitute part of TAS. Such standards, interpretations and amendments that are issued by the IASB but not yet issued by the POA are referred to as IFRS or IAS. The Group will make the necessary changes to its consolidated financial statements after the new standards and interpretations are issued and become effective under TAS.

# Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)

IASB has issued amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and an update to IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements to help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures on 12 February 2021.

The key amendments to IAS 1 include:

- requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies;
- clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and as such need not be disclosed; and
- clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material to a company's financial statements.

IASB also amended IFRS Practice Statement 2 to include guidance and two additional examples on the application of materiality to accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments are consistent with the refined definition of material previously:

"Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements".

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The amendments are effective from 1 January 2023 but companies can apply it earlier.

The Group does not expect that application of these amendments to Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) will have significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

#### **Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8)**

The amendments introduce a new definition for accounting estimates: clarifying that they are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty which is issued by IASB on 12 February 2021.

The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that a company develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy.

Developing an accounting estimate includes both:

- selecting a measurement technique (estimation or valuation technique) e.g. an estimation technique used to measure a loss allowance for expected credit losses when applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments; and
- choosing the inputs to be used when applying the chosen measurement technique e.g. the expected cash outflows for determining a provision for warranty obligations when applying IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

The effects of changes in such inputs or measurement techniques are changes in accounting estimates. The definition of accounting policies remains unchanged.

The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, with earlier application permitted, and will apply prospectively to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period in which the company applies the amendments.

The Group does not expect that application of these amendments to Amendments to IAS 8 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) will have significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.5 Summary of significant accounting policies

### 2.5.1 Revenue recognition

Group recognizes revenue in accordance with TFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" standard by applying the following five step model:

- Identification of customer contracts
- Identification of performance obligations
- Determination of transaction price in the contract
- Allocation of price to performance obligations
- Recognition of revenue when the performance obligations are fulfilled.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) The parties to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally or in accordance with other customary business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations,
- b) Group can identify each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred,
- c) Group can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred,
- d) The contract has commercial substance,
- e) It is probable that Group will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of an amount of consideration is probable, an entity shall consider only the customer's ability and intention to pay that amount of consideration when it is due.

#### Revenue from sale of goods

Group recognizes revenue based on the production and sale of white goods, consumer electronics, air conditioners and home appliance. Revenue is recognized when the control of the goods is transferred to the customer. In addition, Group provides legal warranty commitment to its customers depending on the type of goods and the location of sale between 1-3 years. These legal warranty commitments are mandatory by regulations, have not a separate price apart from the good and are not separately sold. Therefore, they are not treated as a separate good or service apart from the sale of good.

#### 2.5.2 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories held by the method most appropriate to the particular class of inventory. Group uses moving weighted average method for costing.

When the net realizable value of inventory is less than cost, the inventory is written down to the net realizable value and the expense is included in statement of income in the period the write-down or loss occurred.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed. The reversal amount is limited to the amount of the original write-down.

# 2.5.3 Property, plant and equipment

Land, land improvements and buildings are stated at fair valuebased on valuations performed as at 31 December 2020 by professional independent valuer approved by CMB and registered in CMB "Real Estate Appraisal Companies", Çelen Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the relevant asset, and the net amount is the revalued amount of the asset.

Property, plant and equipment except for land, land improvements and buildings acquired before 1 January 2005 are carried at cost in the equivalent purchasing power of TL as at 31 December 2004 and items acquired after 1 January 2005 are carried at cost, less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land, land improvements and buildings is credited in equity to the revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognized in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land, land improvements and buildings is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. Depreciation on revalued land improvements and buildings is charged to profit or loss.

Each period, the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset (the depreciation charged to the statements of comprehensive income) and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from revaluation reserves to the retained earnings.

Land is not depreciated. Plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets, other than land and properties under construction, over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Gains or losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amounts and are included in the related income and expense accounts, as appropriate. On the disposal of revalued assets, amounts in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to the retained earnings.

Subsequent costs such as repairs and maintenance or part replacement of plant and equipment are included in the asset's carrying value or recognized as separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company. All other costs are charged to the statements of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

#### Leases

The Group – as a lessee

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset. The Group assess whether:

- a) The contract involved the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly.
- b) The asset should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset, If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, the asset is not identified.
- c) The Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of an asset throughout the period of use; and
- d) The Group has the right to direct use of the asset, The Group concludes to have the right of use, when it is predetermined how and for what purpose the Group will use the asset. The Group has the right to direct use of asset if either:
- i. The Group has the right to operate (or to have the right to direct others to operate) the asset over its useful life and the lessor does not have the rights to change the terms to operate or;
- ii. The Group designed the asset (or the specific features) in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it is used

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

The group rents various buildings, warehouses, forklifts and machinery equipment. Rental contracts are generally made for 5 years for machinery and equipment, and for fixed periods for warehouses, usually between 2 and 10 years.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Lease Liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Lease liabilities are discounted to present value by using the interest rate implicit in the lease if readily determined or with the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- a) Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as the commencement date.
- c) The exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewable period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option. and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain to terminate early.

After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured:

- a) Increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on lease liability,
- b) Reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and
- c) Remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

The duration of the contracts, which constitute the lease obligation of the company, varies between 1 - 10 years.

The Group – as a lessor

The Group's activities as a lessor are not material.

## Right of use assets:

The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises:

- a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability,
- b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received,
- c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Group

To apply the cost model, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Group applies the depreciation requirements in IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment in depreciating the right-of-use asset.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 2.5.4 Intangible assets

# a) Research and development costs

Research costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they are incurred. Intangible assets arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) are recognized as intangible assets when the following criteria are met;

- It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use;
- Management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- There is an ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- It can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits:
- Adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and
- The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

In other cases, development costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs previously recognized as an expense are not recognized as an asset in a subsequent period. In cases where it is difficult to separate the research phase from the development phase in a project, the entire project is treated as research and expensed immediately.

## b) Rights and other intangible assets

Rights and other intangible assets consist of acquired computer software, computer software development costs and other identifiable rights. Rights and other intangible assets are recognized at their acquisition costs and are amortized on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives which are less than fifteen years.

#### c) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition is the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities recognized. Within the scope of IFRS 3 "Business Combinations", beginning from 1 January 2005 the Group has stopped amortizing goodwill. Goodwill recognized on acquisitions before 31 December 2004 was being amortized until 31 December 2004 on a straight line basis over their useful lives not to exceed twenty years.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is an indication of impairment. Goodwill arising on acquisitions measured at cost less any impairment losses.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Impairment losses calculated on goodwill cannot be reversed in the statement of income even if the impairment ceases to exist in the following periods. Goodwill is linked to cash generating units during the impairment test.

In case the consideration transferred in a business combination includes any contingent considerations, the Group recognizes the acquisition date fair value of the contingent consideration as part of the consideration transferred. During the measurement period, contingent considerations recognized at the acquisition date fair value are retrospectively adjusted when necessary. The measurement period is the period after the acquisition date during which the acquirer may adjust the provisional amounts recognized for a business combination. This period shall not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the acquirer shall report in its financial statements provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. The provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period or additional assets or liabilities are recognized to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have resulted in the recognition of those assets and liabilities as of that date.

#### 2.5.5 Financial instruments

#### a) Financial assets

The Group recognizes its financial assets in three categories: financial assets that are recognized at amortized cost, whose fair value is reflected in profit or loss, and whose fair value is reflected in the other comprehensive income. Classification is made on the basis of the business model determined according to the purpose of benefiting from financial assets and the expected cash flows. The Group classifies its financial assets on the date of purchase.

#### Financial assets carried at amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, whose payments are fixed or predetermined, which are not actively traded and which are not derivative instruments are measured at amortized cost.

The Group's financial assets carried at amortized cost comprise "trade receivables", "other assets" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the statement of financial position.

Group has applied simplified approach and used impairment matrix for the calculation of impairment on its receivables carried at amortized cost, since they do not comprise of any significant finance component. In accordance with this method, if any provision to the trade receivables as a result of a specific event, Group measures expected credit loss from these receivables by the life-time expected credit loss. The calculation of expected loss is performed based on the past experience of the Group and its expectations for the future indications.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# Financial assets carried at fair value

Assets that are held by the Group for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets are measured at their far value.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of the financial and contractual assets measured by using "Expected credit loss model". The impairment model applies for amortized financial and contractual assets.

Group has preferred to apply "simplified approach" for the recognition of impairment losses on trade receivables, carried at amortized cost and that do not comprise of any significant finance component (those with maturity less than 12 months). In accordance with the simplified approach, Group measures the loss allowances regarding its trade receivables at an amount equal to "lifetime expected credit losses" except incurred credit losses in which trade receivables are already impaired for a specific reason.

## b) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value. Transaction costs which are directly related to the financial liability are added to the fair value.

## c) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value.

The derivative instruments of the Group mainly consist of foreign exchange forward contracts. These derivative transactions which are treated as derivatives held for trading in the financial statements under risk accounting, do not generally qualify for hedge accounting under the specific rules. The fair value changes for these derivatives are recognised in the consolidated profit or loss statement.

The hedging transactions of the Group that qualify for hedge accounting are accounted regarding to TFRS 9. As TFRS 9 does not change the general principles of how an entity accounts for effective hedges, applying the hedging requirements of TFRS 9 will not have a significant impact on Group's financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### Cash flow hedges:

As long as a cash flow hedge meets the qualifying criteria, the hedging relationship shall be accounted for as follows:

- (a) the separate component of equity associated with the hedged item (cash flow hedge reserve) is adjusted to the lower of the following (in absolute amounts):
  - (i) the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument from inception of the hedge; and
  - (ii) the cumulative change in fair value (present value) of the hedged item (i.e. the present value of the cumulative change in the hedged expected future cash flows) from inception of the hedge.
- (b) the portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge shall be recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (c) any remaining gain or loss on the hedging instrument is hedge ineffectiveness that shall be recognised in profit or loss.

# 2.5.6 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies during the period are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated to TL at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences on foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for the effective portion of the foreign currency hedge of net investments in foreign operations. Monetary items which are denominated in foreign currency and measured with historical costs are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of initial transactions.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are expressed in TL using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period. Exchange differences arising are recognized in other comprehensive income and in equity.

On the disposal of a foreign operation, all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the company are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 2.5.7 Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group are not included in the consolidated financial statements and treated as contingent assets or liabilities.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

# 2.5.8 Warranty and assembly expenses provision

Warranty expenses include repair and maintenance expenses of products sold and labor and material costs of authorized services for products under the scope of warranty terms without any charge to the customers. Based on estimations using past statistical information, warranty expense provision is recognized for the products sold with warranty terms in the period, for possible repair and maintenance expenses to be incurred during the warranty period.

Based on estimations using past statistical information, assembly expenses provision is recognized for products sold during the period but not yet installed in the sites of the end customers, against the cost of free of charge installments.

# 2.5.9 Related parties

Shareholders, key management personnel and board members, their close family members and companies controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by them and Zorlu Holding Group companies are considered and referred to as related parties.

#### 2.5.10 Taxation on income

Tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items directly recognized in equity. In that case, tax is recognized in shareholders' equity.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases which is used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Investment incentives that are conducive to payment of corporate taxes at reduced rates are subject to deferred tax calculation when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will benefit from the related incentive.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

## 2.5.11 Employee benefits

Employment termination benefits, as required by the Turkish Labor Law and the laws applicable in the countries where the subsidiaries operate, represent the estimated present value of the total reserve of the future probable obligation of the Group arising in case of the retirement of the employees. According to Turkish Labor Law and other laws applicable in Turkey, the Group is obliged to pay employment termination benefits to all personnel in cases of termination of employment without due cause, call for military service, be retired or death upon the completion of a minimum one year service. Employment termination benefits are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per TAS 19. All actuarial gains and losses are recognized in consolidated statements of income.

The effects of the significant forecasts used in employment termination benefits provision calculations have been recognized as actuarial gains and losses and they have been explained in the relevant note.

## 2.5.12 Government grants

Government grants, including non-monetary grants at fair value, are recognized in consolidated financial statements when there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attaching to them, and the grants will be received.

Incentives for research and development activities are recognized in consolidated financial statements when they are authorized by the related institutions.

#### 2.5.13 Earnings per share

Earnings per share disclosed in the consolidated statement of income is determined by dividing consolidated net income attributable to equity holder of the parent by the weighted average number of such shares outstanding during the year concerned.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.5.14 Statement of cash flows

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash flows are classified into three categories as operating, investment and financing activities. Cash flows from operating activities are those resulting from the Group's production and sales activities. Cash flows from investment activities indicate cash inflows and outflows resulting from property, plant and equipments and financial investments. Cash flows from financing activities indicate the resources used in financing activities and the repayment of these resources. Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand accounts, bank deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with maturities equal or less than three months.

## 2.5.15 Segment reporting

Operating segments are identified on the same basis as financial information is reported internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker. The Group Board of Directors has been identified as the Group's chief operating decision maker who is responsible for allocating resources between segments and assessing their performances. The Group management determines operating segments by reference to the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors to make strategical decisions.

The Group management evaluates the operational results at industrial and geographical level. An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses.

Group's operations are reported under three industrial segments:

- Television and electronic devices
- White goods
- Other

Group's operations are reported under three geographical segments:

- Turkey
- Europe
- Other

#### 2.5.16 Offsetting

All items with significant amounts and nature, even with similar characteristics, are presented separately in the financial statements. Insignificant amounts are grouped and presented by means of items having similar substance and function. When the nature of transactions and events necessitate offsetting, presentation of these transactions and events over their net amounts or recognition of the assets after deducting the related impairment are not considered as a violation of the rule of non-offsetting. As a result of the transactions in the normal course of business, revenue other than sales are presented as net if the nature of the transaction or the event qualify for offsetting.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.5.17 Events after the balance sheet date

Events after the balance sheet date, announcements related to net profit or even declared after other selective financial information has been publicly announced, include all events that take place between the balance sheet date and the date when balance sheet was authorized for issue.

In the case that events require a correction to be made occur subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group makes the necessary corrections to the financial statements. Moreover, the events that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date and that do not require a correction to be made are disclosed in accompanying notes, where the decisions of the users of financial statements are affected.

# 2.5.18 Going Concern

The Group prepared consolidated financial statements in accordance with the going concern assumption.

#### 2.6. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the use of estimates and assumptions that may affect the amount of assets and liabilities recognized as of the balance sheet date, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and the amount of revenue and expenses reported. Although these estimates and assumptions rely on the Group management's best knowledge about current events and transactions, actual outcomes may differ from those estimates and assumptions. Significant estimates of the Group management are as follows:

# i. Revaluation of land, buildings and land improvements:

Land, land improvements and buildings are stated at fair value, based on valuations performed at 31 December 2020 by professional independent valuer Çelen Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. (Note 14).

As there were no recent similar buying/selling transactions nearby, revaluations of land were based on the method of reference comparison whereas revaluations of buildings and land improvements and machinery and equipment were based on the method of cost approach and based on the following valuation techniques and assumptions:

Revaluations of land were based on the method of reference comparison whereas
revaluations of buildings and land improvements were based on the method of cost
approach, considering existing utilization of the aforementioned property, plant and
equipments are consistent to the highest and best use approach.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- In the market reference comparison method, current market information was utilized, taking into consideration the comparable property in the market in recent past in the region, price adjustment was made within the framework of criteria that could affect market conditions, and accordingly an average m² sale value was determined for the lands subject to the valuation. The similar pieces of land found were compared in terms of location, size, settlement status, physical conditions, real estate marketing firms were consulted for up-to-date valuation of the estate market, also, current information and experience of the professional valuation company was utilized.
- In the cost approach method, fair value of the buildings and land improvements was calculated by considering recent re-construction costs and related depreciation. In the cost approach method, above explained market reference comparison method was used in calculation of the land value, one of the components.

The carrying values of land, land improvements and buildings do not necessarily reflect the amounts that would result from the outcome of a sales transaction between independent parties. As of initial recognition and as of balance sheet date, the Group performs impairment assessment for buildings and land improvements of which valuations are based on cost approach, accordance with the TAS 36 "Impairment of Assets", and no impairment indicator is identified.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 3 - INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES**

#### **Subsidiaries:**

As of 31 March 2021 and 31 December 2020 the Group's major subsidiaries are as follows:

	31 March 2021		31 December 2020	
	Voting	Effective	Voting	Effective
Consolidated subsidiaries	rights	ownership	rights	ownership
Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (*)	87,3	87,3	89,9	89,9
Vestel Komünikasyon Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Ticaret A.Ş.	100	100	100	100
Vestel CIS Ltd.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Iberia SL	100	100	100	100
Vestel France SA	100	100	100	100
Vestel Holland BV	100	100	100	100
Vestel Germany GmbH	100	100	100	100
Cabot Communications Ltd.	90,8	90,8	90,8	90,8
Vestel UK Ltd.	100	100	100	100
Vestek Elektronik Araştırma Geliştirme A.Ş.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Trade Ltd.	100	100	100	100
Intertechnika LLC	99,9	99,9	99,9	99,9
Vestel Central Asia LLP	100	100	100	100
Vestel Poland sp. z.o.o.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Polska Technology Center sp. z o.o.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Electronics Gulf DMC	100	100	100	100
Vestel Electronics Shanghai Trading Co. Ltd	100	100	100	100
Vestel Electronica SRL	100	100	100	100

<sup>(\*)</sup> Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. sold 5,000,000 Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. shares on 19 February 2021. Following the transaction, Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.'s share in Vestel Beyaz Eşya declined to 87.27%.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 3 - INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (Cont'd)

Financial information of Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. which is not wholly owned by the Group and has significant non-controlling interests is as follows.

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Accumulated non-controlling interests	498.245	358.946
Comprehensive income attributable to		
non-controlling interests	47.120	90.266

The financial statements of the subsidiary is adjusted to include the effects of revaluation of land, buildings and land improvements in accordance with the Group's accounting policies applied in preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Condensed balance sheet:**

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Current assets	7.190.358	5.616.772
Non-current assets	2.686.193	2.613.219
Current liabilities	(5.721.224)	(4.458.675)
Non-current liabilities	(422.504)	(409.551)
Net assets	3.732.823	3.361.765

#### **Condensed statement of comprehensive income:**

	1 January -	1 January -	
	31 March	31 March	
	2021	2020	
Net sales	2.969.371	1.595.057	
Income / (loss) before tax	299.130	131.966	
Tax benefit / (expense)	11.937	3.477	
Net income / (loss) for the period	311.067	135.443	
Total comprehensive income	371.058	135.831	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 3 - INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (Cont'd)

#### Condensed statement of cash flows:

	2021	2020
Operating activities:		
Changes in working capital	(153.064)	149.035
Net cash provided by operating activities	384.588	380.582
Investing activities:		
Net cash used in investing activities	(714.092)	(90.370)
Financing activities:		
Proceeds from bank borrowings	300.243	359.815
Repayment of bank borrowings	(283.872)	(429.367)
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities	241.681	(69.552)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	187.136	82.287
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	95.257	234.464

The financial information of Group's 50% associate META which is accounted for using the equity method, is disclosed in note 13.

Other financial information of Company's subsidiaries are not presented on the grounds of materiality.

#### **NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING**

Operating segments are identified on the same basis as financial information is reported internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker. The Group Board of Directors has been identified as the Group's chief operating decision maker who is responsible for allocating resources between segments and assessing their performances. The Group management determines operating segments by reference to the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors to make strategical decisions.

Considering the fact that the Group's risks and rate of returns are dissimilar between product types and between geographical areas, The Group management uses industrial segments as primary reporting format and geographical segments as secondary reporting format.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Cont'd)

## **Industrial segments**

	Television and		
	electronic devices	White goods	Total
1 January -31 March 2021			
Revenue	2.614.051	3.586.623	6.200.674
Cost of sales	(2.134.362)	(2.552.533)	(4.686.895)
Gross profit	479.689	1.034.090	1.513.779
Depreciation and amortization	100.694	115.748	216.442
1 January -31 March 2020			
Revenue	1.719.907	2.210.895	3.930.802
Cost of sales	(1.258.106)	(1.553.485)	(2.811.591)
Gross profit	461.801	657.410	1.119.211
Depreciation and amortization	85.387	61.212	146.599

## **Capital expenditure**

Television and			
Electronical devices	White goods	Total	
112.210	141.000	253.210	
82.361	102.412	184.773	
	Electronical devices 112.210	Electronical devices White goods 112.210 141.000	

## **Geographical segments**

Segment revenue	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Turkey	1.749.925	1.115.036
Europe	4.282.015	2.767.697
Other	554.090	370.913
Gross segment sales	6.586.030	4.253.646
Discounts (-)	(385.356)	(322.844)
Net sales	6.200.674	3.930.802

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Cont'd)**

The amount of export for the period 1 January - 31 March 2021 is TL 4.836.105 thousand (1 January - 31 March 2020: TL 3.138.610 thousand). Export sales are denominated in EUR, USD and other currencies as 65%, 29%, and 6% of total exports respectively. (1 January – 31 March 2020: 66% EUR, 26% USD, 8% other)

The carrying value of segment assets and costs incurred in order to obtain these assets are not separately disclosed since significant portion of assets of the Group are located in Turkey.

**NOTE 5 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 

	31 March 2021 3	31 December 2020
Cash	1.329	1.278
Bank deposits		
- Demand deposits	2.815.214	2.943.625
- Time deposits	249.546	156.839
Cheques and notes	6.179	9.223
Other	58.866	61.731
	3.131.134	3.172.696
Blocked deposits	31.277	28.875
Cash and cash equivalents	3.162.411	3.201.571

#### **Effective interest rates**

	31 March 2021	<b>31 December 2020</b>
EUR	0,30%	0,21%
TL	18,50%	18,00%
USD	1,25%	1,00%
KZT	8,50%	8,50%

The Group has has time deposits amounting to USD 10.250 thousand, EUR 6.002 thousand, KZT 37.900 thousand and TL 97.600 thousand. (31 December 2020: USD 7.500 thousand, EUR 5.100 thousand, KZT 107.000 thousand, RUB 3.800 TL and TL 53.650 thousand)

As of 31 March 2021 and 31 December 2020 the Group's time deposits have an average maturity of less than 3 months.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

		Owners	hip	Amoun	t
	-	31 March 31 D	ecember	31 March 31	December
	Country	2021	2020	2021	2020
Financial assets measured at f value through oth comprehensive income:	air ner				
Zorlu Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	Turkey	< 1%	< 1%	18.480	22.160
İzmir Teknoloji Geliştirme A.Ş.	Turkey	5%	5%	11	11
Other	Turkey	1%	1%	200	200
				18.691	22.371

		Ownership		Amount	
Non-consolidated subsidiaries on	•	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December
the grands of materiality:	Country	2021	2020	2021	2020
Vestel Ventures Ar-ge A.Ş.	Turkey	100%	100%	57.081	57.081
Vest Batarya Sistemleri A.Ş.	Turkey	100%	100%	50	50
				57.131	57.131

#### **NOTE 7 – FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Short term financial liabilities		
Short term bank loans	6.226.086	2.887.146
Short term portion of long term bank loans	1.683.581	3.933.163
Short term portion of long term lease liabilities	89.426	107.233
Short term lease liabilities(*)	463.444	53.445
	8.462.537	6.980.987
Long term financial liabilities		
Long term bank loans	554.751	1.657.777
Long term lease liabilities	137.959	125.518
Long term lease liabilities(**)	50.380	50.380
	743.090	1.833.675

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

- (\*) The interest rate for the second coupon payment of amounting to TL 400.000 thousand nominally valued corporate bond, which was sold to qualified investors on February 9, 2021 with a maturity of 383 days.
- (\*\*) The interest rate for the second coupon payment of amounting to TL 50.380 thousand nominally valued corporate bond, which was sold to qualified investors on July 9, 2020 with a maturity of 728 days.

Details of the Group's short term bank loans are given below:

	31 N	1arch 2021		31 De	cember 202	0
Carmon are	Weighted average of	Original	TL	Weighted average of	Original	TI Equivolent
Currency	effective interest	currency	Equivalent	effective interest	currency	TL Equivalent
- USD	1,68%	266.643	2.220.073	3,52%	206.611	1.516.630
- EUR	0,62%	92.000	899.217	2,65%	92.928	837.082
- TL	21,85%	3.106.795	3.106.795	21,21%	533.434	533.434
			6.226.086			2.887.146

**31 December 2020** 

Details of the Group's long term bank loans are given below:

31 March 2021

Currency	Weighted average of effective interest rates per annum	Original currency	TL Equivalent	Weighted average of effective interest rates per annum	Original currency	TL Equivalent
- USD	5,20%	42.784	356.218	5,22%	103.139	757.091
- EUR	3,84%	17.118	167.268	4,13%	16.955	152.730
- TL	12,27%	1.160.095	1.160.095	11,84%	3.023.342	3.023.342
Short tern	n portion		1.683.581			3.933.163
- USD	2,19%	44.320	369.005	3,97%	60.368	443.128
- EUR	3,35%	7.255	70.891	3,97%	15.402	138.738
- TL	14,09%	114.855	114.855	12,29%	1.075.911	1.075.911
Long term	portion		554.751			1.657.777
			2.238.332			5.590.940

Total amount of Group's floating bank bans is 5.811.646 thousand TL (31 December 2020: TL 4.728.647 thousand).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Cont'd)**

The maturity schedule of Group's long term bank loans is given below:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
One to two years	528.446	1.628.858
Two to three years	16.195	16.500
Three to four years	10.110	12.419
	554.751	1.657.777

The analysis of Group's bank bans in terms of periods remaining to contractual re-pricing dates is as follows:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
6 months or less	2.352.138	2.160.025
	2.352.138	2.160.025

Guarantees given for the bank bans obtained are presented in note 17.

Fair values of short term bank borrowings are considered to approximate their carrying values due to immateriality of discounting. Fair values are determined using average effective annual interest rates. Long term bank borrowings are stated at amortized cost using effective interest rate method and their fair values are considered to approximate their carrying values since loans usually have a re-pricing period of six months.

As of 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, the Group's net financial debt reconciliation is shown below:

	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Net financial debt as of 1 January	5.641.966	5.527.237
Cash inflows from loans	2.369.953	3.621.937
Cash outflows from loan payments	(2.503.785)	(3.406.328)
Cash outflows from financial leasing payments	31.056	102.000
Unrealized Fx gain/loss	439.665	173.022
Accrued interest	54.076	34.674
Change in cash and cash equivalents	41.562	(18.654)
Net financial debt at the end of the period	6.074.493	6.033.888

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES**

#### a) Short term trade receivables from related parties

	31 March 2021	<b>31 December 2020</b>
Zorluteks Tekstil Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (1)	4.303	5.601
Korteks Mensucat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	4.706	4.820
Other related parties	1.904	5.052
	10.913	15.473

#### b) Long term trade payables to related parties

	31 March 2021	<b>31 December 2020</b>
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. <sup>(2)</sup>	768	768
	768	768

## c) Short term trade payables to related parties

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
ABH Turizm Temsilcilik ve Ticaret A.Ş. (1)	1.039	1.789
Zorlu Elektrik Enerjisi İthalat İhracat ve Toptan Tic. A.Ş.	30.626	24.688
Other related parties	2.955	3.236
	34.620	29.713
Unearned interest on payables (-)	(40)	(112)
	34.580	29.601

## d) Other short term receivables from related parties

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. <sup>(2)</sup>	23.860	86.740
Vestel Ventures A.Ş <sup>(3)</sup>	230.517	191.366
Other related parties	445	445
	254.822	278.551

As of 31 March 2021, the interest rate of short term other receivables in TL is 20%, and in USD is 7%. As of 31 December 2020, the interest rate of short term other receivables in TL is 20%, and in USD is 7%.

(1) Zorlu Holding Group Company, (2) Parent (3) Subsidiary

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)			
e) Other long term receivables from related parties	31 March 2021	21 Do	cember 2020
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. <sup>(2)</sup>	2.831.132	31 De	2.424.465
Vestel Savunma Sanayi A.Ş. <sup>(3)</sup>	2.503.169		2.244.748
Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik Sanayi Ve Ticaret A. Ş. <sup>(3)</sup>	1.539.452		1.291.974
	6.873.753		5.961.187
f) Other payables to related parties			
	31 March 2021	31 De	cember 2020
Zorlu Family <sup>(2)</sup>	78.765		69.442
g) Lease liabilities to related parties			
g) zende znamues vo rezion più nec	31 March 2021	31 De	cember 2020
Zorlu Gayrimenkul Geliştirme ve Yatırım A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	26.369		29.181
Zorlu Yapı Yatırım A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	3.430		3.796
	29.799		32.977
h) Transactions with related parties			
	-	uary -	1 January -
	31	March	31 March
		2021	2020
Sales			
Vestel Electronics Gulf DMCC . (3)		-	12.252
Vestel Electronica S.R.L. <sup>(3)</sup>		-	7.718
Zorluteks Tekstil Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>		928	1.148
Other related parties		1.388	1.040
	2	2.316	22.158
		nuary - March	1 January - 31 March
Operating expenses		2021	2020
- L			
ABH Turizm Temsilcilik ve Ticaret A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>		892	5.953
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. <sup>(2)</sup>	1	9.010	16.274
Zorlu Gayrimenkul Gel. ve Yat. A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>		3.448	3.266
Zorlu Air Havacılık A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>		1.626	1.029
Other related parties		4.101	1.587

29.077

28.109

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)		
,	1 January -	1 January -
	31 March	31 March
	2021	2020
Other income from operating activities		
Other related parties	711	8.890
	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Other expense from operating activities		
Other related parties	10.269	11.767
Financial income		
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. (2)	396.723	231.759
Vestel Savunma Sanayi A.Ş. (3)	245.079	118.251
Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik Sanayi Ve Ticaret A. Ş.	167.256	95.395
Vestel Ventures Arge A.Ş.	30.578	16.747
	839.636	462.152
Financial expense		
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. (2)	-	130
Other related parties	814	1.420
	814	1.550

<sup>(1)</sup> Zorlu Holding Group Company, (2) Parent (3) Subsidiary

## j) Compensation paid to key management including directors, the Chairman and members of Board of Directors, general managers and assistant general managers

Compensation paid to key management for the three months period ended 31 March 2021 is TL 18.845 thousand (1 January - 31 March 2020: TL 9.300 thousand).

k) Financial income from related parties result from interest income from financial liabilities.

i) Guarantees received from and given to related parties are disclosed in note 17.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## **NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

	31 March 2021 3	1 December 2020
Short term trade receivables		
Trade receivables		
- Related parties (note 8)	10.913	15.473
- Other parties	4.490.018	5.175.695
Cheques and notes receivables	316.093	263.751
Other	195.048	192.746
	5.012.072	5.647.665
Unearned interest expense (-)		
- Other parties	(35.972)	(35.215)
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(169.042)	(199.946)
Total short term trade receivables	4.807.058	5.412.504
Long term trade receivables		
Cheques and notes receivables	4.121	2.426
Unearned interest expense (-)	(494)	(119)
Total long term trade receivables	3.627	2.307
	1 January -	1 January -
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Opening balance, 1 January	199.946	164.923
Current year additions	3.339	6.181
Provisions no longer required	(35.230)	(4.217)
Currency translation differences	987	383
Balance at 31 March	169.042	167.270

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 9 _	- TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABL	FS (Cont'd)
NOIE 9 -	- IRADE RECEIVADLES AND FATADL	ES I COIIL U I

31 March 2021 31	December 2020
34.620	29.713
9.252.105	8.031.657
5.196	5.181
9.291.921	8.066.551
(40)	(112)
(27.275)	(6.361)
9.264.606	8.060.078
85.234	61.787
85.234	61.787
	9.252.105 5.196 9.291.921 (40) (27.275) 9.264.606

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES**

	31 March 2021 31	December 2020
Short term other receivables		
Receivables from official institutions	303.024	267.203
Receivables from related parties (note 8)	254.822	278.551
Deposits and guarantees given	57.359	88.093
Other	91.889	93.758
	707.094	727.605
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(89.691)	(89.691)
	617.403	637.914
Long term other receivables		
Deposits and guarantees given	7.799	7.323
Receivables from related parties (note 8)	6.873.753	5.961.187
Other	8.516	8.338
	6.890.068	5.976.848
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(8.278)	(8.278)
	6.881.790	5.968.570

The Group provides allowance for doubtful receivables.

**NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES** 

	31 March 2021	<b>31 December 2020</b>
Raw materials	2.810.894	2.055.425
Work in process	179.655	151.867
Finished goods	2.463.684	1.835.398
Merchandise	221.216	72.205
Other	5.736	5.981
	5.681.185	4.120.876
Provision for impairment on inventories (-)	(72.834)	(59.407)
	5.608.351	4.061.469

Cost of the inventory included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period 1 January - 31 March 2021 is TL 3.965.625 thousand (1 January - 31 March 2020: TL 2.400.186 thousand).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## **NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES (Cont'd)**

As of 31 March 2021 the Group does not have inventories pledged as security for liabilities (31 December 2020: None)

Allocation of provision for impairment on inventories in terms of inventory type is as follows:

	31 March 2021	<b>31 December 2020</b>
Raw materials	18.000	17.579
Finished goods and merchandise	54.834	41.828
	72.834	59.407

Movement of provision for impairment on inventories is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Opening balance, 1 January	59.407	57.869
Current year additions	15.393	3.292
Realised due to sale of inventory	(5.416)	(8.435)
Currency translation differences	3.450	539
Balance at 31 March	72.834	53.265

#### **NOTE 12 - PREPAID EXPENSES**

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Prepaid expenses in current assets		
Order advances given	314.743	105.667
Prepaid expenses	84.100	119.237
Business advances given	6.357	5.182
	405.200	230.086
Prepaid expenses in non-current assets		
Advances given for fixed asset purchases	81.247	58.930
Prepaid expenses	7.020	14.450
	88.267	73.380

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 13 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	31 March 2021		31 December 2020	
	%	Amount	%	Amount
Investment in associates				
Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	50%	774.068	50%	808.203
Türkiyenin Otomobil Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve				
Ticaret A.Ş.	19%	210.976	19%	115.127
		985.044		923.330

As on 29 June 2019, pursuant to the Group's goal to diversify its lines of business and achieve profitable growth by investing in new-generation technologies, in order to secure the supply of nickel sulphate and cobalt sulphate compounds, which are critical raw materials for the production of EV batteries, of Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("META"), which is a Zorlu Holding A.Ş. subsidiary and is involved in nickel-cobalt mining. The Group has purchased 916.335.000 shares (each with a nominal value of TL1 and representing 50% of the Group's share capital) from Ahmet Nazif Zorlu, Olgun Zorlu, Mehmet Emre Zorlu, Selen Zorlu Melik, Meta Madencilik Enerji Turizm Danışmanlık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and Zorlu Holding A.Ş., for a total consideration of US\$250 mn. The acquisition value is in accordance with the valuation range of US\$447,2 million and US\$572 million stated in June 29, 2018 the independent appraisal report prepared by Ernst & Young Advisory Services, which is licensed by the Capital Markets Board.

META was founded in 2000 to undertake nickel mining in Turkey, has been operating under Zorlu Group since 2007. The Group's nickel cobalt mining facility in Gördes, Manisa was commissioned at the end of 2014. The facility has a production capacity of 10.000 tons of nickel content and 550 tons of cobalt content per annum. Besides Gördes, META also has a licensed field in Eskişehir and undertakes surveying activities in various regions of Turkey. Currently, META produces nickel-cobalt hydroxide (MHP), which is an intermediate product, and plans to undertake an investment for the production of nickel sulfate and cobalt corbonat compounds, which are critical for Li-ion battery production in the upcoming period.

Within the framework of Turkey's Automobile Project, following the work undertaken by the Joint Initiative Group, to which Group's controlling shareholder, Zorlu Holding AŞ was a party, Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret AŞ decided has participated with a 19% share in "Türkiye'nin Otomobili Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.", which is planned to be established to produce mainly electric passenger cars and carry out supporting activities. In this respect, the Shareholders Agreement and Articles of Association have been signed on 31 May 2018. Establishment of the new Group is completed on 28 June 2018.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 13 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD (Cont'd)

The movements of META, which is an investment accounted for using the equity method during the period 1 January – 31 March 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Balance at 1 January	808.203	961.272
Shares from profit / loss	(40.792)	(67.518)
Shares from other comprehensive income / expense	6.657	23.580
Balance at 31 December	774.068	917.334

Summary financial statement information of META is as follows:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Total Assets Total Liabilities	4.731.314 (4.518.514)	4.248.886 (3.967.817)
Net assets	212.800	281.069

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Net sales	105.573	88.106
Income / (loss) before tax	(81.117)	(79.723)
Tax benefit / (expense)	(466)	(55.314)
Net income / (loss) for the period	(81.583)	(135.036)
Total comprehensive loss	(68.269)	(87.877)

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	1 January			Currency translation		31 March
	2021	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2021
Cost or revaluation						
Land	1.145.890	-	-	2.315	-	1.148.205
Land improvements	135.762	79	-	3.178	-	139.019
Buildings	2.115.662	3.001	(2)	38.723	1.341	2.158.725
Leasehold improvements	168.269	3.531	(4)	534	425	172.755
Plant and machinery	3.646.372	133.447	(7.170)	17.018	8.107	3.797.774
Motor vehicles	7.950	-	-	91	-	8.041
Furniture and fixtures	477.480	12.207	(884)	3.618	807	493.228
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849
Construction in progress	38.064	17.261	(4)	-	(10.680)	44.641
	7.736.298	169.526	(8.064)	65.477	-	7.963.237
Accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements	-	1.843	-	-	-	1.843
Buildings	2.343	22.993	-	3.341	-	28.677
Leasehold improvements	160.263	3.593	(4)	385	-	164.237
Plant and machinery	2.361.532	109.150	(6.957)	12.848	-	2.476.573
Motor vehicles	6.876	332	-	77	-	7.285
Furniture and fixtures	388.638	11.225	(839)	2.458	-	401.482
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849
	2.920.501	149.136	(7.800)	19.109	-	3.080.946
Net book value	4.815.797					4.882.291

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 31 MARCH 2021 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

				Currency			
	1 January			translation		31 March	
	2020	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2020	
Cost or revaluation							
Land	635.564	-	(29.941)	(5.602)	-	600.021	
Land improvements	132.438	22	(243)	(237)	-	131.980	
Buildings	1.489.078	3.825	(99.951)	(848)	1.305	1.393.409	
Leasehold improvements	156.981	506	-	1.391	10	158.888	
Plant and machinery	3.168.798	118.019	(17.888)	(39.802)	27.239	3.256.366	
Motor vehicles	7.546	-	(577)	173	-	7.142	
Furniture and fixtures	427.429	10.168	(243)	(4.610)	5.258	438.002	
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849	
Construction in progress	54.295	14.903	(816)	1	(30.931)	37.452	
	6.072.978	147.443	(149.659)	(49.534)	2.881	6.024.109	
Accumulated depreciation							
Land improvements	6.932	239	(260)	4.752	-	11.663	
Buildings	60.895	2.285	(20.630)	87	-	42.637	
Leasehold improvements	144.705	3.584	(3.891)	13.622	-	158.020	
Plant and machinery	2.053.707	94.093	(15.803)	(35.555)	-	2.096.442	
Motor vehicles	4.841	271	(77)	(599)	-	4.436	
Furniture and fixtures	348.721	10.660	(290)	31.637	1.554	392.282	
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849	
	2.620.650	111.132	(40.951)	13.944	1.554	2.706.329	
Net book value	3.452.328					3.317.780	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

Additions to property, plant and equipment in the period 1 January – 31 March 2021 mainly consist of machinery and equipment investments made to television and electronic devices factory, first and second refrigerator, cooker, dishwasher, washing machine and tumbler drier factories.

As of 31 March 2021 the Group does not have property, plant and equipment pledged (2020: None)

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

Useful life
5 - 35 years
10 - 46 years
3 - 10 years
2 - 30 years
5 - 10 years
5 - 14 years

Allocation of current year depreciation and amortization expenses is as follows:

	1 January - 31 March	1 January - 31 March
	2021	2020
Cost of sales	135.049	75.923
Research and development expenses	46.965	40.288
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses	27.001	22.156
General administrative expenses	5.983	6.908
Other operating expense (idle capacity depreciation expense)	1.444	1.324
	216.442	146.599

31 March 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Tangible Assets				
Lands		- 1.148.2	05	-
Buildings and land improvements		- 2.267.2	24	-
31 December 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Tangible Assets				
Lands		- 1.145.8	90	-
Buildings and land improvements		- 2.249.0	81	-

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## **NOTE 15 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS**

	1 January			Translation	31 March
	2021	Additions	Disposals	differences	2021
Cost					
Land and buildings	251.366	20.615	(5.798)	2.110	268.293
Motor Vehicles and Machinery	96.031	1.208	(2.098)	574	95.715
	347.397	21.823	(7.896)	2.684	364.008
Accumulated amortization					
Land and buildings	96.608	18.978	(1.087)	467	114.966
Motor Vehicles and Machinery	51.028	7.545	(1.123)	104	57.554
	147.636	26.523	(2.210)	571	172.520
Net book value	199.761				191.488

	1 January			Translation	31 March
	2020	Additions	Disposals	differences	2020
Cost					
Land and buildings	141.468	77.062	-	-	218.530
Machinery	81.587	15.053	-	-	96.640
	223.055	92.115	-	-	315.170
Accumulated amortization					
Land and buildings	37.068	12.393	-	-	49.461
Machinery	22.211	9.410	-	-	31.621
	59.279	21.803	-	-	81.082
Net book value	163.776				234.088

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## **NOTE 16 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

				Currency		
	1 January			translation		31 March
	2021	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2021
Cost						
Rights	84.977	25	(23)	605	-	85.584
Development cost	1.383.379	77.502	(11.817)	-	-	1.449.064
Other intangible assets	175.417	6.157	(321)	1.741	-	182.994
	1.643.773	83.684	(12.161)	2.346	-	1.717.642
Accumulated amortization						
Rights	55.933	1.018	-	583	-	57.534
Development cost	773.431	37.356	(279)	-	-	810.508
Other intangible assets	103.469	2.409	(210)	1.493	-	107.161
	932.833	40.783	(489)	2.076	-	975.203
Net book value	710.940					742.439

				Currency		
	1 January			translation		31 March
	2020	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2020
Cost						
Rights	70.878	30	-	701	(2.881)	68.728
Development cost	1.169.884	36.196	-	15.106	-	1.221.186
Other intangible assets	180.684	1.104	(17.829)	1.340	-	165.299
	1.421.446	37.330	(17.829)	17.147	(2.881)	1.455.213
Accumulated amortization						
Rights	55.099	625	-	(1.613)	(1.554)	52.557
Development cost	641.642	32.699	-	-	-	674.341
Other intangible assets	106.977	2.142	(16.628)	1.879	-	94.370
	803.718	35.466	(16.628)	266	(1.554)	821.268
Net book value	617.728					633.945

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 16 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Cont'd)

Development costs, incurred by the Group on development projects relating to television and electronic devices, refrigerators, split air conditioners, washing machines, cookers, drying machines and dish washers are capitalized as intangible assets when it is probable that costs will be recovered through future commercial activity and only if the cost can be measured reliably.

Useful lives of intangible assets are as follows:

	Useful life
Rights	2 - 15 years
Development cost	2 - 10 years
Other	2 - 15 years

#### **NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

#### a) Provisions

	31 March 2021	<b>31 December 2020</b>
Short term provisions		
Warranty and assembly provision	333.774	315.313
Other provisions	316.333	401.302
Provision for lawsuit risks	33.240	29.195
	683.347	745.810
Long term provisions		
Warranty and assembly provision	75.132	72.501
	75.132	72.501

With reference to Group management's and legal advisors' assessments, no provision is provided for those cases that are expected to be finalized in favor of the Group. As of 31 March 2021, the amount of provision provided for the cases for which the probability of losing the case is assessed to be high by the Group management and legal advisors is TL 33.240 thousand (2020: TL 29.195 thousand).

As of 31 March 2021 and 2020 movements of warranty and assembly provisions are as follows:

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Opening balance, 1 January	387.814	308.920
Current year additions Provisions no longer required	104.073 (82.981)	88.915 (79.231)
Balance at 31 March	408.906	318.604

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

#### b) Guarantees received by the Group

#### Guarantee letters, collaterals, cheques and notes received

	31 March 2021	<b>31 December 2020</b>
Guarantee letters	792.180	645.077
Cheques and notes	1.286.060	1.053.010
Collaterals and pledges	1.477.521	1.425.038
	3.555.761	3.123.125

Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and Vestel Ticaret A.Ş. has given collaterals to various banks on behalf of the Company for its forward contracts and bans utilized.

## c) Collaterals, pledges and mortgages ("CPM's") given by the Group

CPM's given by the Group	USD ('000)	EUR ('000)	GBP ('000)	TL	TL Equivalent
31 March 2021	(ccs)	()	u21 (000)		
A. CPM's given on behalf of its own legal entity	5.235	44.264	450	109.709	591.081
B. CPM's given on behalf of fully consolidated subsidiaries (*)	2.017.674	71.918	67	2.840.274	20.343.127
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business	-	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPM's given	31.749	-	-	18.652	282.994
i. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the parent company	-	-	-	-	-
<ul><li>ii. Total amount of CPM's given to on behalf of other group companies which are not in scope of B and C.</li><li>iii. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C.</li></ul>	31.749	-	-	18.652 -	282.994
Total	2.054.658	116.182	517	2.968.635	21.217.202

<sup>(\*)</sup>Fully consolidated subsidiaries have given collaterals to various financial institutions on behalf of each other for their forward contracts and for the total amount of bans utilized. As of 31 March 2021, proportion of other CPM's given by the Group to its equity is 3% (31 December 2020: 4%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

CPM's given by the Group	USD ('000)	EUR ('000)	GBP ('000)	TL	TL Equivalent
31 December 2020	(000)	( ccc)	ubi (ooo)		12 24411410110
A. CPM's given on behalf of its own legal entity	5.239	27.743	-	111.587	399.950
B. CPM's given on behalf of fully consolidated subsidiaries	1.963.193	169.418	-	2.741.621	18.678.540
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business	-	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPM's given	36.437	-	-	22.001	289.467
i. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the parent company ii. Total amount of CPM's given to on behalf of	-	-	-	-	-
other group companies which are not in scope of B and C. iii.Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C.	36.437	-	-	22.001	289.467
Total	2.004.869	197.161	-	2.875.209	19.367.957

#### **NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS**

As of the balance sheet date the Group has committed to realize exports amounting to USD 1.087.229 thousand (31 December 2020: USD 1.025.633 thousand) due to the export and investment incentive certificates obtained.

As of 31 March 2021 the Group has forward foreign currency purchase contract that amounts to USD 945.536 thousand, EUR 175.441 thousand, GBP 15.094 thousand, PLN 15.030 thousand, RON 1.130 thousand, TL 3.060.308 thousand against forward foreign currency sales contract that amounts to USD 469.914 thousand, EUR 550.794 thousand, GBP 61.631 thousand, RUB 1.286.920 thousand, RON 3.045 thousand, PLN 39.899 thousand, SEK 9.447 thousand, CHF 250.139 thousand and TL 357.773 thousand. (31 December 2020: USD 937.197 thousand, EUR 171.944 thousand, GBP 44.323 thousand, PLN 20.279 thousand, TL 3.051.872 thousand against forward foreign currency sales contract that amounts to USD 545.704 thousand, EUR 490.860 thousand, GBP 78.192 thousand, RUB 1.185.200 thousand, RON 5.747 thousand, PLN 48.817 thousand, SEK 9.447 thousand, CHF 250.139 thousand and TL 619.549 thousand against forward foreign currency sales contract).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 19 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### Liabilities for employee benefits:

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Due to personnel	101.808	113.466
Social security payables	130.039	132.102
	231.847	245.568

#### Long term provisions for employee benefits:

	31 March 2021	<b>31 December 2020</b>
Provision for employment termination benefits	263.174	226.307

Under Turkish law, the Group is required to pay employment termination benefits to each employee whose employment is terminated without due cause. In addition, under the existing Social Security Law No.506, clause No. 60, amended by the Labor Laws dated 6 March 1981, No.2422 and 25 August 1999, No.4447, the Group is also required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has earned the right to retire by receiving termination indemnities.

The amount payable is the equivalent of one month's salary for each year of service and is limited to a maximum of 7.638,96TL/year as of 31 March 2021 (31 December 2020: 7.117,17 TL/year).

Provision for employment termination benefits is not subject to any funding.

The provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future obligation of the Group arising from retirement of employees. TAS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined employee plans. Accordingly actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability which are described below:

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. An expected inflation rate and appropriate discount rate should both be determined, the net of these being real discount rate. Consequently in the accompanying financial statements as of 31 March 2021, the provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future obligation of the Group arising from retirement of employees. As of 31 March 2021 provision is calculated based on real discount rate of 4,44% (31 December 2020: 4,44%) assuming 8,5% annual inflation rate and 12,94% discount rate.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## **NOTE 19 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Cont'd)**

.The movement in the provision for employment termination benefit is as follows:

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Balance at 1 January	226.307	156.116
Increase during the year	26.949	5.168
Payments during the year	(3.125)	(5.556)
Actuarial (gain) /loss	5.449	2.219
Interest expense	7.594	4.859
Balance at 31 March	263.174	162.806

#### NOTE 20 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Other current assets		
VAT carried forward	55.436	53.422
Rebates from suppliers and incentives income accurals	6.851	26.961
Other	27.916	39.614
	90.203	119.997
Other non - current assets		
Assets held for sale	7.819	9.590
	7.819	9.590

	31 March 2021 3	1 December 2020
Other current liabilities		
Advances received	230.796	164.431
Tax payables	99.791	154.594
Other	395.847	387.165
	726.434	706.190

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 21 - CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS

#### a) Paid in capital

	31 March 2021	<b>31 December 2020</b>
Shares of par value Kr 1 each		
limit on registered share capital	1.000.000	1.000.000
Issued share capital	335.456	335.456

As of 31 March 2021 and 31 December 2020 the shareholding structures are as follows:

	Share	Shareholding 31 March 31 December		Amount	
	31 March 31			December	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Zorlu Holding A.Ş.	64,41%	64,41%	216.054	216.067	
Shares held by public					
Other shareholders	33,79%	33,49%	88.359	112.344	
Zorlu Holding A.Ş.	1,80%	2,10%	31.043	7.045	
	100%	100%	335.456	335.456	

There is no investor holding 10% or more of shares of the company, traded in BIST.

#### b) Adjustment to share capital

Adjustment to share capital (restated to 31 December 2004 purchasing power of money) is the difference between restated share capital and historical share capital.

## c) Share premium

Share premium account refers the difference between par value of the Company's shares and the amount the company received for newly issued shares. The share premium account is disclosed under equity as a separate line item and may not be distributed. It may be used in capital increase.

#### d) Legal reserves

The legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"). The first legal reserve is appropriated out of the statutory profits at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve reaches a maximum of 20% of the Company's share capital.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 21 - CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (Cont'd)

The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% of all distributions in excess of 5% of the Company's share capital. Under TCC, the legal reserves can only be used to offset losses and are not available for any other usage unless they exceed 50% of paid in share capital.

	31 March 2021	31 December 2020
Legal reserves	67.091	67.091
e) Revaluation reserve		
Fair value gains on financial assets	8.491	11.435
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	2.470.537	2.514.867
	2.479.028	2.526.302
f) Accumulated deficit		
Extraordinary reserves	512.541	512.541
Previous year's loss	2.592.312	447.781
Other inflation adjustment of share capital	119.718	119.718
	3.224.571	1.080.040

#### g) Dividend distribution

For quoted companies dividends are distributed in accordance with the Communiqué Serial II -19.1 on "Principals Regarding Distribution of Interim Dividends" issued by the CMB effective from 1 February 2014.

Companies distribute dividends in accordance with their dividend payment policies settled and dividend payment decision taken in general assembly and in conformity with relevant legislations. The communiqué does not state a minimum dividend rate. Companies distribute dividends in accordance with the method defined in their dividend policy or articles of association. Additionally, dividend can be distributed in fixed or variable installments and dividend advances can be paid over the profit on interim financial statements.

Unless the general reserves that has to be appropriated in accordance with TCC or the dividend to shareholders as determined in the articles of association or dividend policy are set aside; no decision can be taken to set aside other reserves, to transfer reserves to the subsequent year or to distribute dividends to holders of usufruct right certificates, to board of directors members or to employees; and no dividend can be distributed to those unless the determined dividend to shareholders is paid in cash.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 21 - CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (Cont'd)

On the other hand, in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, the net period income is allocated after deducting the accumulated losses from the previous years, if any, as follows:

- **a)** As per Article 519 of the Turkish Commercial Code, 5% is allocated to a general legal reserve.
- **b)** A dividend is allocated from the remaining amount, at the rate determined by the General Assembly over an amount to be found after the addition of a donation, which is made in line with the Turkish Commercial Code and Capital Market Legislation.
- **c)** After the deductions above, the General Assembly has the right to decide how to allocate the dividend to members of the board of directors and officers, employees and workers, foundations established with various purposes, and similar persons and corporations.
- **d)** After the amounts stated in paragraph (a), (b) and (c) are deducted from the net period profit, the General Assembly is authorized to allocate the remaining amount as a second dividend or to allocate the remaining amount to its own reserve as per Article 521 of the Turkish Commercial Code.
- **e)** One tenth of the amount obtained after a dividend of 5% of the paid in capital and other legal reserve are deducted from the amount that is agreed to be allocated to the shareholders and other persons participating to the profit is added to the general legal reserve as per paragraph (c) of the second clause of article 519 of the Turkish Commercial Code.

The Group resolved to propose the distribution of TL 2,360,734 thousand of gross cash dividends in its 2020 statutory financial statements prepared in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code and Tax Procedure Law, which corresponds to a gross cash dividend of TL 7.0373 (net cash dividend of TL 5.9818) per share to be distributed in 3 equal installments. The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the distribution dates in accordance with the related regulation, taking into to account the cash projections of the Group.

In accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code and Tax Procedure Law, Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. will be able to distribute TL 800,000 thousand (4,2105 TL gross, 3,5789 TL net for each 1.00 TL nominal value per share) as dividends for the period ended 2020; it was decided to be paid in cash in three equal installments and to authorize the Board of Directors by taking into account the cash projections of the company in accordance with the principles stipulated in the legislation to determine the distribution dates, and to allocate a general legal reserve of TL 80,000 thousand over the amount of dividends subject to distribution.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

N	JO.	TF	22	- SA	I FS
ľ	W L ,	1 12	~~	JA	1,12,7

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Domestic sales	1.749.925	1.115.036
Overseas sales	4.836.105	3.138.610
Gross sales	6.586.030	4.253.646
Sales discounts (-)	(385.356)	(322.844)
Net sales	6.200.674	3.930.802
Cost of sales	(4.686.895)	(2.811.591)
Gross profit	1.513.779	1.119.211
NOTE 23 - EXPENSES BY NATURE		
	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Raw materials, supplies and finished goods	4.770.710	2.362.163
Changes in finished goods, work in process, trade goods	(805.085)	38.023
Personnel expenses	527.639	337.575
Depreciation and amortization	214.998	145.275
Export, transportation, warehouse expenses	231.862	164.614
Warranty and assembly expenses	104.073	88.915
Advertising expenses	72.748	48.897
Other	416.321	287.894
	5.533.266	3.473.356

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 24 – GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING EXPENSES, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

## a) General administrative expenses:

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Personnel expenses	54.954	39.483
Depreciation and amortization	5.983	6.908
Consultancy expenses	16.463	21.401
Information technology expenses	12.562	9.917
Rent and office expenses	9.766	7.873
Tax and duties	4.032	4.012
Insurance expenses	4.874	2.552
Travelling expenses	1.642	1.724
Benefits and services provided externally	1.525	992
Other	8.149	16.151
	119.950	111.013
b) Marketing expenses:	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Export, transportation, warehouse expenses	216.056	154.521
Warranty and assembly expenses	104.073	88.915
Personnel expenses	125.013	87.016
Advertising expenses	63.702	43.266
Depreciation and amortization	27.001	22.156
Other	94.439	89.921
	630.284	485.795
c) Research and development expenses:		
Depreciation and amortization	46.965	40.288
Personnel expenses	22.736	11.068
Travel expense	44	1.869
Other	26.392	11.732
	96.137	64.957

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 25 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

## a) Other income from operating activities:

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Credit finance gains arising from trading activities	18.081	22.628
Foreign exchange gains arising from trading activities	386.664	209.723
Reversals of provisions	439	1.562
Other income	35.147	94.547
	440.331	328.460

#### NOTE 25 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

## b) Other expense from operating activities:

	952.683	658.191
Other expenses	14.742	39.766
Provision expenses	5.818	2.339
Foreign exchange expenses arising from trading activities	874.722	605.895
Debit finance charges arising from trading activities	57.401	10.191

#### NOTE 26 - FINANCIAL INCOME AND FINANCIAL EXPENSE

## a) Financial income:

	1 January - 31 March	1 January - 31 March
	2021	2020
Foreign exchange gains	892.591	563.530
Gains on derivative financial instruments	482.529	229.736
Interest income	182.762	109.535
	1.557.882	902.801

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 26 - FINANCIAL INCOME AND FINANCIAL EXPENSE (Cont'd)

#### b) Financial expense:

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Foreign exchange losses	523.158	266.907
Losses on derivative financial instruments	657.936	235.741
Interest and commision expense	286.680	183.161
Other finance expenses	1.479	1.856
	1.469.253	687.665

#### NOTE 27 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES)

	31 March 2021 31 D	ecember 2020
Corporation and income taxes	4.569	43.066
Prepaid taxes (-)	(3.208) $(34.70)$	
Current income tax liabilities - net	1.361	8.357
Deferred tax liabilities	(407.396)	(333.362)
Deferred tax assets	405.173 321.140	
	(2.223)	(12.216)

Turkish Tax Legislation does not permit a parent company its subsidiaries and investments in associates to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, tax liabilities as reflected in these consolidated financial statements have been calculated on a separate entity basis for the fully consolidated subsidiaries.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding back non-deductible expenses and by deducting other exempt income. In addition to corporate taxes, companies should also calculate income withholding taxes on any dividends distributed at the rate of % 15, except for companies receiving dividends who are resident companies in Turkey. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to income withholding taxes.

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis at the rate of 20%, until the 14th day of the following month and paid until the 17th day. Advance tax returns files within the year are offset against corporate income tax calculated over the annual taxable corporate income.

According to the Corporate Tax Law, 50% of the capital gains arising from the sale of tangible assets and 75% of the earning from investments in equity shares owned for at least two years are exempted from corporate tax on the condition that such gains are reflected in the equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 27 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to be offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back.

There is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Tax returns are filed between 1-25 April following the close of the accounting year to which they relate. Tax authorities may however examine such returns and the underlying accounting records and may revise assessment within five years.

As at 31 March 2021, corporate tax rate in Turkey is 20%. In accordance with the regulation numbered 7316, published in Official Gazette numbered 31462 on 22 April 2021, corporate tax rate for 2021 has increased from 20% to 25%, and to 23% for 2022. This change will be effective for corporate tax calculation for the periods starting from January 1, 2021, starting with the declarations that must be submitted as of July 1, 2021. Since the tax rate change is effective as of April 22, 2021, corporate tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated with 20% tax rate as at 31 March 2021.

#### **Russian Federation**

In Russia, corporate tax rate applicable is 20% (2020: 20%). Under the Russian Federation taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to be offset against future taxable income for up to ten years. There are no restrictions on the amounts subject to net off. On the other hand, tax, currency and customs legislations are subject to various interpretations and changes which can occurs frequently in Russian Federation. Management's interpretation for such legislation, which is applied to the Group's operations and activities, can be interpreted by regional and federal authorities in different ways.

The events of the recent past in Russian Federation, shows that risk could be possible on approval of operations and activities, which approved in the past may not be approved in the future as a result of reviews by the tax authorities on legislation. According to a review by the tax inspection authorities, without exceptional circumstances, tax inspection covers three years prior to the final inspection. Under certain circumstances, such views may cover longer periods.

As of 1 January - 31 March 2021 and 2020 tax benefit in the consolidated statement of income is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January -
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Current period tax expense Deferred tax benefit	(5.628) 47.540	(3.427) (31.945)
Total tax (expense) / benefit	41.912	(35.372)

Due to modernization, plant extension and investments incentive documents in Manisa Organized Industrial Zone, the Group has reduced rate of corporate tax advantage.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 27 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements prepared in accordance with CMB Communiqué II, No. 14.1 and their statutory financial statements. These temporary differences usually result from the recognition of revenue and expenses in different reporting periods for the Communiqué and tax purposes.

The breakdown of cumulative temporary differences and the resulting deferred tax assets and liabilities provided using principal tax rate as of the balance sheet dates is as follows:

	Cumulative temporary differences		Deferred tax	
·	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Deferred tax assets				
Employment termination benefits	(259.195)	(226.307)	51.839	45.261
Warranty provision	(88.126)	(89.295)	17.625	17.859
Provision for doubtful receivables	(144.049)	(199.946)	28.810	39.989
Net difference between book values				
and tax bases of tangible and				
intangible assets	(80.529)	(38.085)	16.106	7.617
Provision for impairment on				
inventories	(18.098)	(59.407)	3.620	11.882
Derivative financial instruments	(108.433)	(303.178)	21.687	60.636
Carryforward tax losses				
and R&D incentives	(419.920)	(317.745)	83.984	63.549
Other	(773.552)	(371.765)	181.502	74.353
			405.173	321.146

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 27 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

	Cumulative	temporary		
	differe	• •	Deferr	ed tax
	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Deferred tax liabilites				
Derivative financial instruments	133.367	111.789	(26.673)	(22.358)
Revaluation of tangible fixed assets	2.861.295	2.806.830	(286.129)	(280.683)
Other	473.817	151.605	(94.594)	(30.321)
			(407.396)	(333.362)
Deferred tax assets / (liabilites) - net			(2.223)	(12.216)
			31 March 3 2021	31 December 2020
Subsidiares with net deferred tax liabilities Subsidiares with net deferred assets			(407.396) 405.173	(333.362) 321.146

The movement of net deferred tax assets and liabilities is as follows:

	1 January - 31 March 2021	1 January - 31 March 2020
Opening balance, 1 January	(12.216)	(3.091)
Tax benefit recognized in income statement	47.540	(31.945)
Recognized in shareholders' equity	(35.909)	(4.666)
Currency translation differences	(1.638)	(68)
Deferred tax (liabilities) / assets		
at the end of the period, net	(2.223)	(39.770)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 28 - EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE	1 January -	1 January -	
	31 March	31 March	
	2021	2020	
Net income / (loss) attributable to equity holders			
of the parent	220.345	230.049	
Weighted number of ordinary shares with a Kr 1 of par			
value (hundred shares)	33.545.600	33.545.600	
Earnings per share	0.66	0.69	

#### **NOTE 29 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

	31 March 2021		31 December 2020	
-	Fair Value			Fair Value
	Contract	Assets /	Contract	Assets /
_	amount	(Liabilities)	amount	(Liabilities)
<b>Derivative financial assets:</b>				
Held for trading				
Forward foreign currency transactions	3.088.846	32.746	4.762.883	105.345
Cash flow hedge				
Forward foreign currency transactions	3.400.973	100.621	479.576	6.444
<b>Derivative financial liabilities:</b>				
Held for trading				
Forward foreign currency transactions	4.756.392	(91.108)	2.960.271	(135.768)
Cash flow hedge				
Forward foreign currency transactions	1.607.734	(17.325)	4.039.615	(167.410)
	12.853.945	24.934	12.242.345	(191.389)

#### NOTE 30 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Foreign currency risk:

The Group is exposed to exchange rate risk due to its foreign currency denominated transactions. The main principle of foreign currency risk management is to maintain foreign exchange position at the level that minimizes the impact of foreign exchange fluctuations.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 33 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Derivative instruments are used in foreign currency risk management where necessary. In this respect the Group mainly prefers using foreign exchange forward contracts.

			Other (TL	
31 March 2021	USD	EUR	<b>Equivalent)</b>	TL Equivalent
1. Trade receivables	157.907	247.717	232.144	3.968.088
2a. Monetary financial assets (including				
cash and cash equivalents)	39.799	16.892	2.173.665	2.670.136
2b. Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
3. Other	36.326	754	-	309.820
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	234.032	265.363	2.405.809	6.948.044
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
6b. Non-monetary financial assets	1.751	3.578	-	49.551
7. Other	647.642	51	-	5.392.766
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	649.393	3.629	-	5.442.317
9. Total assets (4+8)	883.425	268.992	2.405.809	12.390.361
10. Trade payables	793.051	137.989	25.421	7.977.082
11. Financial liabilities	309.427	109.118	-	3.642.823
12a. Other monetary liabilities	15.026	1.508	-	139.846
12b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	1.117.504	248.615	25.421	11.759.751
14. Trade payables	-	8.720	-	85.230
15. Financial liabilities	44.320	7.255	-	439.915
16a. Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
16b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	44.320	15.975	-	525.145
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	1.161.824	264.590	25.421	12.284.896
19. Off-balance sheet derivative instruments				
net asset / (liability) position (19a+19b)	475.623	(375.353)	(2.943.455)	(2.652.158)
19a. Hedged total assets	945.536	175.442	206.317	9.793.637
19b. Hedged total liabilities	(469.914)	(550.794)	(3.149.772)	(12.445.795)
20. Net foreign currency asset/ (liability)				
position (9-18+19)	197.224	(370.951)	(563.067)	(2.546.693)
21. Net foreign currency monetary asset/				
(liability) position				
(=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(280.150)	824	2.380.388	55.914
22. Fair value of financial instruments used				
in foreign currency hedging	-	-	-	24.934
23. Export	168.930	317.934	239.718	4.836.105
24. Import	380.464	58.303	2.271	3.365.880

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 30 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

			Other (TL	
31 December 2020	USD	EUR	<b>Equivalent</b> )	TL Equivalent
1. Trade receivables	175.092	249.226	389.606	3.919.872
2a. Monetary financial assets (including				
cash and cash equivalents)	54.363	32.248	2.074.641	2.764.179
2b. Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
3. Other	37.723	-	-	276.906
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	267.178	281.474	2.464.247	6.960.957
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
6b. Non-monetary financial assets	742	2.698	-	29.750
7. Other	622.148	51	-	4.567.337
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	622.890	2.749	-	4.597.087
9. Total assets (4+8)	890.068	284.223	2.464.247	11.558.044
10. Trade payables	757.706	125.697	10.840	6.705.047
11. Financial liabilities	309.750	31.883	-	2.560.917
12a. Other monetary liabilities	17.156	1.949	5.468	148.958
12b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	1.084.612	159.529	16.308	9.414.922
14. Trade payables	-	6.833	-	61.551
15. Financial liabilities	60.368	15.402	-	581.866
16a. Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
16b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	60.368	22.235	-	643.417
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	1.144.980	181.763	16.308	10.058.339
19. Off-balance sheet derivative instruments				
net asset / (liability) position (19a+19b)	391.494	(318.917)	(2.601.428)	(2.600.439)
19a. Hedged total assets	937.198	171.943	481.097	8.909.444
19b. Hedged total liabilities	(545.704)	(490.860)	(3.082.525)	(11.509.883)
20. Net foreign currency asset/ (liability)				
position (9-18+19)	136.582	(216.457)	(153.489)	(1.100.734)
21. Net foreign currency monetary asset/				
(liability) position				
(=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(255.654)	99.762	2.447.939	1.469.955
22. Fair value of financial instruments used				
in foreign currency hedging	-	-	-	(191.389)
23. Export	615.064	1.168.897	1.516.127	17.006.217
24. Import	1.110.140	162.600	6.747	9.217.737

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 30 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

As of 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange rates is presented in below tables. Secured portions include impact of off-balance sheet derivative instruments.

	Gain / Loss		Equity	
31 March 2021	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation
. / 100/ flushustion of UCD mate.				
+/- 10% fluctuation of USD rate:	(222.252)	222.252	(222.252)	222.252
USD net asset / liability	(233.253)	233.253	(233.253)	233.253
Secured portion from USD risk (-)	7.867	(7.867)	364.627	(364.627)
USD net effect	(225.386)	225.386	131.374	(131.374)
+/- 10% fluctuation of EUR rate:				
EUR net asset / liability	805	(805)	805	(805)
Secured portion from EUR risk (-)	(47.472)	47.472	(367.345)	367.345
EUR net effect	(46.667)	46.667	(366.540)	366.540
+/- 10% fluctuation of other currency rates:				
Other currencies net asset / liability	220.020	(220 020)	220.020	(220,020)
risk (-)	238.039 (240.779)	(238.039) 240.779	238.039 (260.770)	(238.039) 260.770
Other currency net effect	(2.740)	2.740	(22.731)	22.731

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 30 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Gain / Loss		Equity		
31 December 2020	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation
+/- 10% fluctuation of USD rate:				
USD net asset / liability	(187.662)	187.662	(187.662)	187.662
Secured portion from USD risk (-)	26.841	(26.841)	268.713	(268.713)
USD net effect	(160.821)	160.821	81.051	(81.051)
+/- 10% fluctuation of EUR rate:				
EUR net asset / liability	89.864	(89.864)	89.864	(89.864)
Secured portion from EUR risk (-)	(63.098)	63.098	(268.145)	268.145
EUR net effect	26.766	(26.766)	(178.281)	178.281
+/- 10% fluctuation of other currency				
rates:				
Other currencies net asset / liability	244.794	(244.794)	244.794	(244.794)
risk (-)	(252.790)	252.790	(260.502)	260.502
Other currency net effect	(7.996)	7.996	(15.708)	15.708

#### **NOTE 31 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

As at 31 March 2021, corporate tax rate in Turkey is 20%. In accordance with the regulation numbered 7316, published in Official Gazette numbered 31462 on 22 April 2021, corporate tax rate for 2021 has increased from 20% to 25%, and to 23% for 2022. This change will be effective for corporate tax calculation for the periods starting from January 1, 2021, starting with the declarations that must be submitted as of July 1, 2021. Since the tax rate change is effective as of April 22, 2021, corporate tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated with 20% tax rate as at 31 March 2021.