# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY- 30 JUNE 2020 (TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S LIMITED REVIEW REPORT)

(ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH)

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	Footnotes	Reviewed 30 June 2020	Audited 31 December 2019
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	2.530.458	2.394.334
Trade Receivables		3.875.997	3.372.832
Trade Receivables Due from Related Parties	8	62.943	55.810
Trade Receivables Due from Third Parties	9	3.813.054	3.317.022
Other Receivables		1.102.168	800.384
Other Receivables Due from Related Parties	8, 10	780.285	550.383
Other Receivables Due from Third Parties	10	321.883	250.001
Derivative Financial Assets		50.171	45.487
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading	29	28.005	42.291
Derivative Financial Assets Held for Hedging	29	22.166	3.196
Inventories	11	2.972.911	2.833.115
Prepaid Expense	12	122.008	89.674
Current Tax Assets	27	-	7.259
Other Current Assets	20	45.748	65.496
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		10.699.461	9.608.581

	Footnotes	Reviewed 30 June 2020	Audited 31 December 2019
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial Investments	6	75.921	69.941
Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures			
and associates	13	893.138	974.192
Trade Receivables	9	43.245	67.595
Other Receivables		4.829.775	3.986.552
Other Receivables Due from Related Parties	8	4.822.997	3.981.045
Other Receivables Due from Third Parties	10	6.778	5.507
Property, Plant and Equipments		3.312.184	3.452.328
Land and Premises	14	602.546	635.564
Land Improvements	14	120.893	125.506
Buildings	14	1.364.679	1.428.183
Machinery and Equipments	14	1.144.383	1.115.091
Vehicles	14	2.747	2.705
Fixtures and Fittings	14	42.591	78.708
Leasehold Improvements	14	868	12.276
Construction in Progress	14	33.477	54.295
Right of Use Assets	15	190.758	163.776
Intangible Assets and Goodwill		857.721	815.521
Goodwill		197.793	197.793
Other Rights	16	15.618	15.779
Capitalized Development Costs	16	573.693	528.242
Other Intangible Assets	16	70.617	73.707
Prepayments	12	98.054	73.496
Deferred Tax Asset	27	328.615	230.498
Other Non-current Assets	20	10.603	9.925
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		10.640.014	9.843.824
TOTAL ASSETS		21.339.475	19.452.405

	Footnotes	Reviewed 30 June 2020	Audited 31 December 2019
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current Borrowings		5.166.222	5.830.835
Current Borrowings from Related Parties		10.652	7.368
Lease Liabilities	7,8	10.652	7.368
<b>Current Borrowings from Third Parties</b>		5.155.570	5.823.467
Bank Loans	7	5.078.967	5.766.814
Lease Liabilities	7	76.603	56.653
Current Portion of Non-current Borrowings		1.819.367	1.411.361
Current Portion of Non-current Borrowings from			
Third Parties		1.819.367	1.411.361
Bank Loans	7	1.819.367	1.411.361
Trade Payables		6.412.064	6.127.709
Trade Payables to Related Parties	8	5.491	7.830
Trade Payables to Third Parties	9	6.406.573	6.119.879
Payables Related to Employee Benefit	19	173.422	200.055
Other Payables		78.267	56.799
Other Payables to Related Parties	8	64.728	56.195
Other Payables to Third Parties		13.539	604
Derivative Financial Liabilities		38.580	52.592
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Trading	29	4.093	42.532
Derivative Financial Liabilities Held for Hedging	29	34.487	10.060
Current Tax Liabilities	27	2.239	-
Current Provisions	17	580.230	582.081
Other Current Liabilities	20	489.179	391.043
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		14.759.570	14.652.475

	Footnotes	Reviewed 30 June 2020	Audited 31 December 2019
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long Term Borrowings		1.492.396	568.081
Long Term Borrowings from Related Parties		21.599	15.759
Lease Liabilities	7,8	21.599	15.759
Long Term Borrowings from Third Parties		1.470.797	552.322
Bank Loans	7	1.375.957	456.424
Lease Liabilities	7	94.840	95.898
Trade Payables	9	506	6.747
Non-current Provisions		217.012	201.953
Non-current Provisions for Employee Benefits	19	168.917	156.116
Other Non-current Provisions	17	48.095	45.837
Deferred Tax Liabilities	27	259.856	233.589
Other Non-current Liabilities		803	9.649
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1.970.573	1.020.019
TOTAL LIABILITIES		16.730.143	15.672.494

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

		Reviewed	Audited
	Footnotes	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
EQUITY			
Equity Attributable to Owners of Parent		4.447.359	3.690.656
Paid-in Capital	21	335.456	335.456
Inflation Adjustments on Capital		688.315	688.315
Share Premium (Discount)		100.897	103.776
Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income (Loss) that will			
not be Reclassified in Profit or Loss		1.211.187	1.275.275
Gains (Losses) on Revaluation and Remeasurement		1.211.187	1.275.275
Increases (Decreases) on Revaluation of			
Property, Plant and Equipment	21	1.251.946	1.310.274
Gains (Losses) on Remeasurements of Defined			
Benefit Plans		(40.759)	(34.999)
Other Accumulated Comprehensive Income (Loss) that will			
be Reclassified in Profit or Loss		504.604	406.591
Exchange Differences on Translation		500.191	406.932
Gains (Losses) on Hedge		(2.529)	(4.662)
Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges		(2.529)	(4.662)
Gains (Losses) on Revaluation and Reclassification		6.942	4.321
Gains (Losses) on Remeasurement			
and/or Reclassification of			
Available-for-sale Financial Assets	21	6.942	4.321
Restricted Reserves Appropriated from Profits		67.443	67.179
Legal Reserves	21	67.443	67.179
Retained Earnings/Accumulated Losses	21	939.366	490.017
Current Period Net Profit Or Loss		600.091	324.047
Non-controlling Interests		161.973	89.255
TOTAL EQUITY		4.609.332	3.779.911
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		21.339.475	19.452.405

Consolidated financial statements for the period 1 January - 30 June 2020, were approved by the Board of Directors of Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. on 19 August 2020.

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2020 AND 2019

	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2020	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2019	1 April - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2019
PROFIT OR LOSS				
Revenue	8.354.599	7.825.967	4.423.797	4.263.434
Cost of Sales	(6.042.107)	(5.789.879)	(3.230.516)	(3.036.989)
GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)	2.312.492	2.036.088	1.193.281	1.226.445
General Administrative Expenses	(206.115)	(198.214)	(95.102)	(87.858)
Marketing Expenses	(968.264)	(871.841)	(482.469)	(465.863)
Research and Development Expense	(130.328)	(123.022)	(65.371)	(64.470)
Other Income from Operating Activities	551.922	717.697	223.462	391.794
Other Expenses from Operating Activities	(1.103.722)	(1.028.852)	(445.531)	(425.335)
PROFIT (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	455.985	531.856	328.270	574.713
Share of Profit (Loss) from Equity Accounted Investees for Using				
Equity Method	(118.294)	(129.230)	(47.289)	(49.222)
PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE FINANCING INCOME (EXPENSE)	337.691	402.626	280.981	525.491
Finance Income	1.526.180	1.340.922	623.379	591.228
Finance Costs	(1.297.767)	(1.718.768)	(610.102)	(832.904)
PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	566.104	24.780	294.258	283.815
Tax (Expense) Income, Continuing Operations	60.034	26.155	95.406	37.392
Current Period Tax (Expense) Income	(4.356)	(4.456)	(929)	(3.026)
Deferred Tax (Expense) Income	64.390	30.611	96.335	40.418
PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	626.138	50.935	389.664	321.207
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	626.138	50.935	389.664	321.207
Profit (loss), attributable to				
Non-controlling Interests	26.047	15.457	19.622	11.309
Owners of Parent	600.091	35.478	370.042	309.898
Earnings per 100 share with a Kr 1 of Par Value (TL)	1,79	0,11	1,10	0,92

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY - 30 JUNE 2020 AND 2019

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019	1 April - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2019
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Other Comprehensive Income that will				
not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(6.323)	(2.865)	(4.548)	(459)
Gains (Losses) on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	(7.904)	(3.581)	(5.685)	(573)
Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income				
that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	1.581	716	1.137	114
Taxes Relating to Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	1.581	716	1.137	114
Other Comprehensive Income that will				
be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	98.013	124.527	62.016	19.624
Exchange Differences on Translation	93.259	119.215	75.380	35.552
Gains (losses) on Remeasuring Available-for-sale Financial Assets	3.360	(400)	6.800	(481)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Related with Cash Flow Hedges	2.735	7.210	(23.933)	(19.940)
Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	2.735	7.210	(23.933)	(19.940)
Taxes Relating to Components of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss	(1.341)	(1.498)	3.769	4.493
Taxes Relating to Gains (Losses) on Remeasuring or				
Reclassification Adjustments on Available-for-sale Financial Assets	(739)	88	(1.496)	106
Taxes Relating to Cash Flow Hedges	(602)	(1.586)	5.265	4.387
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	91.690	121.662	57.468	19.165
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	717.828	172.597	447.132	340.372
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to				
Non-controlling Interests	25.217	15.430	18.773	11.196
Owners of Parent	692.611	157.167	428.359	329.176

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2020 AND 2019 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

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							Other				Gains									
							Accumulat-				(Losses) on		Other							
							ed				Remeasur-		Accumulat-							
				Increases	Gains		Comprehen				ing and/or	Gains	ed							
				(Decreases)	(Losses) on	Gains	sive Income				Reclassificat	(Losses)	Comprehens							
					Remeasure-	(Losses)	That Will			_	ion of	on	ive Income					Equity		
		Inflation Adjustme	Share Premium	Revaluation of Property,	ments of Defined	Revaluation s and	Not Be Reclassified	Difference s on		Reserve Of Gains	Available- for-sale		That Will Be Reclassified	Reserves Appropria	Prior Years'			attribut- able to	Non- controll-	
	Issued	nts on	or	Plant and	Benefit		In Profit Or		Cash Flow	or Losses	Financial		In Profit Or	ted From		Net Profit or	Retained	owners of	ing	
	Capital		Discounts	Equipment	Plans	ments	Loss	n	Hedges	on Hedge	Assets	ication	Loss	Profits	Losses	Loss	Earnings	parent	interests	Equity
Previous Period		-	•			-								-		-			-	
1 January -30 June 2019																				
Beginning of Period Transfers	335.456	688.315	103.776	1.338.777	(19.907)	1.318.870	1.318.870	262.586	(10.521)	(10.521)	1.965	1.965	254.030	<b>48.821</b> 18.270	<b>108.719</b> 352.883	371.153 (371.153)	479.872 (18.270)	3.229.140	89.115	3.318.255
	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.270	332.003	(3/1.133)	(10.270)	-		-
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)	-	-	-	(14.152)	(2.831)	(16.983)	(16.983)	119.215	5.617	5.617	(312)	(312)	124.520	-	14.152	35.478	49.630	157.167	15.430	172.597
Profit (Loss)	-	-	-	(14.152)	-	(14.152)	(14.152)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.152	35.478	49.630	35.478	15.457	50.935
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	_	_	_	_	(2.831)	(2.831)	(2.831)	119.215	5.617	5.617	(312)	(312)	124.520	_	_	_	_	121.689	(27)	121.662
Dividends Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	(27.345)	(27.345)
End of Period	335.456	688.315	103.776	1.324.625	(22.738)	1.301.887	1.301.887	381.801	(4.904)	(4.904)	1.653	1.653	378.550	67.091	475.754	35.478	511.232	3.386.307	77.200	3.463.507
Current Period																				
1 January -30 June 2020																				
Opening Balance	335.456	688.315	103.776	1.310.274	(34.999)	1.275.275	1.275.275	406.932	(4.662)	(4.662)	4.321	4.321	406.591	67.179	490.017	324.047	814.064	3.690.656	89.255	3.779.911
Transfers	-	-	-	(47.735)	-	(47.735)	(47.735)	-	-	-	-	-	-	264	371.518	(324.047)	47.471	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)					(6.165)	(6.165)	(6.165)	93.259	2.133	2.133	2.621	2.621	98.013			600.091	600.091	691.939	25.889	717.828
Profit (Loss)	-	-	-	-	(0.105)	(0.105)	(0.105)	73.439	2.133	2.133	2.021	2.021	70.013	-	-	600.091	600.091	600.091	26.047	626.138
																353.071	555.071	555.071	20.017	020.130
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	-	-	-	-	(6.165)	(6.165)	(6.165)	93.259	2.133	2.133	2.621	2.621	98.013	-	-	-	-	91.848	(158)	91.690
Transactions with																				
noncontrolling interests	-	-	(2.879)	(10.593)	405	(10.188)	(10.188)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	77.831	-	77.831	64.764	46.829	111.593
Closing Balance	335.456	688.315	100.897	1.251.946	(40.759)	1.211.187	1.211.187	500.191	(2.529)	(2.529)	6.942	6.942	504.604	67.443	939.366	600.091	1.539.457	4.447.359	161.973	4.609.332

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2020 AND 2019

	Footnotes	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2020	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2019
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1.061.841	1.171.575
Profit (Loss)		626.138	50.935
Profit (Loss) from Continuing Operations		626.138	50.935
Adjustments to Reconcile Profit (Loss)		843.187	1.418.407
Adjustments for Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	14,15,16	340.188	299.236
Adjustments for Impairment Loss			
(Reversal of Impairment Loss)		21.594	35.240
Adjustments for Impairment Loss			
(Reversal of Impairment Loss) of Receivables	9	10.591	27.010
Adjustments for Impairment Loss			
(Reversal of Impairment Loss) of Inventories	11	11.003	8.230
Adjustments for Provisions		15.733	(62.990)
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Provisions Related with			
Employee Benefits	19	15.326	13.582
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Lawsuit and/or			
Penalty Provisions	17	2.702	(23.285)
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Warranty Provisions	17	25.564	(1.585)
Adjustments for (Reversal of) Other Provisions	17	(27.859)	(51.702)
Adjustments for Interest (Income) Expenses		198.822	263.319
Adjustments for Interest Income	26	(232.904)	(291.008)
Adjustments for Interest Expense	26	431.726	554.327
Adjustments for Unrealised Foreign			
Exchange Losses (Gains)	7	222.899	228.235
Adjustments for Fair Value Losses (Gains)		(15.961)	(146.458)
Adjustments for Fair Value (Gains) Losses on			
Derivative Financial Instruments		(15.961)	(146.458)
Adjustments for Undistributed Profits of Investments Accounted			
for Using Equity Method		118.294	129.230
Adjustments for Tax (Income) Expenses		(60.034)	(26.155)
Adjustments for Losses (Gains) on Disposal of			
Non-Current Assets		(54.412)	(1.725)
Adjustments for Losses (Gains) Arised from			
Sale of Tangible Assets		(54.412)	(1.725)
Other Adjustments to Reconcile Profit (Loss)	5	56.064	700.475

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2020 AND 2019

	Footnotes	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2020	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2019
Changes in Woulding Canital		(401 502)	(202 626)
Changes in Working Capital Decrease (Increase) in Financial Investments	6	<b>(401.593)</b> (5.980)	<b>(282.636)</b> (81)
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Trade Accounts Receivable	O	(489.406)	357.655
Decrease (Increase) in Trade Accounts Receivables from		(405.400)	337.033
Related Parties		(7.133)	(5.182)
Decrease (Increase) in Trade Accounts Receivables from			
Third Parties		(482.273)	362.837
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Other Receivables			
Related with Operations		(73.153)	7.040
Decrease (Increase) in Other Third Party Receivables Related			
with Operations		(73.153)	7.040
Adjustments for Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	11	(156.197)	(289.283)
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		(56.892)	(65.477)
Adjustments for Increase (Decrease) in Trade Accounts Payable		278.114	(299.095)
Increase (Decrease) in Trade Accounts Payables to			
Related Parties		(2.339)	4.677
Increase (Decrease) in Trade Accounts Payables to Third			
Parties		280.453	(303.772)
Increase (Decrease) in Employee Benefit Liabilities	19	(26.633)	28.305
Adjustments for Increase (Decrease) in Other			
Operating Payables		12.935	4.816
Increase (Decrease) in Other Operating Payables to Third			
Parties		12.935	4.816
Other Adjustments for Other Increase (Decrease) in			
Working Capital		115.619	(26.516)
Decrease (Increase) in Other Assets Related			
with Operations		26.329	(43.334)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Payables Related			
with Operations		89.290	16.818
Cash Flows from (used in) Operations		1.067.732	1.186.706
Payments Related with Provisions for Employee Benefits	19	(10.429)	(9.608)
Income Taxes Refund (Paid)	27	4.538	(5.523)

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE INTERIM PERIODS 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2020 AND 2019

	Footnotes	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2020	Reviewed 1 January - 30 June 2019
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(1.148.744)	(1.258.691)
Cash Outflows Arising from Purchase of Shares or Capital			
Increase of Associates and/or Joint Ventures	6	-	(14.786)
Proceeds from Sales of Property, Plant, Equipment and			
Intangible Assets		298.868	3.601
Proceeds from Sales of Property, Plant and Equipment		298.868	3.601
Purchase of Property, Plant, Equipment and			
Intangible Assets		(375.758)	(294.329)
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	14	(259.310)	(206.980)
Purchase of Intangible Assets	16	(116.448)	(87.349)
Cash Advances and Loans Made to Third Parties		(1.071.854)	(953.177)
Cash Advances and Loans Made to Related Parties	8	(1.071.854)	(953.177)
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES		225.446	128.864
Proceeds from Borrowings		3.746.293	2.371.024
Proceeds from Loans	7	3.746.293	2.371.024
Repayments of Borrowings		(3.322.174)	(1.870.852)
Loan Repayments	7	(3.321.116)	(1.868.217)
Cash Outflows from Other Financial Liabilities		(1.058)	(2.635)
Increase in Other Payables to Related Parties		8.533	4.675
Payments of Lease Liabilities	7	(10.458)	(34.954)
Dividends Paid		-	(27.345)
Interest Paid		(429.652)	(604.692)
Interest Received		232.904	291.008
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS BEFORE EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES		138.543	41.748
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and			
Cash Equivalents		53.645	23.764
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH			
EQUIVALENTS		192.188	65.512
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE			
PERIOD	5	2.283.040	2.278.962
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD		2.475.228	2.344.474

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 1 - GROUP'S ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("Vestel Elektronik" or "the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group"), mainly produce and sell a range of brown goods and white goods. The Company's head office is located at Levent 199, Büyükdere Caddesi No: 199, 34394 Şişli / Istanbul. The Group's production facilities are located in Manisa Organized Industrial Zone, İzmir Aegean Free Zone and Russia.

The ultimate controller of the Company is Zorlu Family.

Vestel Elektronik is registered to Capital Market Board ("CMB") and its shares have been quoted to Borsa Istanbul ("BİST") since 1990. As of 30 June 2020, 35,59 % of the Company's shares are publicly traded (2019: 35,59%).

As of 30 June 2020 the number of personnel employed at Group is 16.672 (31 December 2019: 16.775).

The Company's subsidiaries and associates are as follows:

Subsidiaries	Country	Nature of operations
Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	Turkey	Production
Vestel Komünikasyon Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	Turkey	Sales
Vestel Ticaret A.Ş.	Turkey	Sales
Vestel CIS Ltd.	Russia	Sales
Vestel Electronica SRL	Romania	Sales
Vestel Iberia SL	Spain	Sales
Vestel France SA	France	Sales
Vestel Holland BV	Holland	Sales
Vestel Germany GmbH	Germany	Sales
Cabot Communications Ltd.	UK	Software
Vestel Benelux BV	Holland	Sales
Vestel UK Ltd.	UK	Sales
Vestek Elektronik Araştırma Geliştirme A.Ş.	Turkey	Software
Vestel Trade Ltd.	Russia	Sales
Vestel Electronics Shanghai Trading Co. Ltd	China	Service
Intertechnika LLC	Russia	Service
Vestel Central Asia LLP	Kazakhstan	Sales
Vestel Ventures Ar-ge A.Ş.	Turkey	Service
Vestel Poland sp. z.o.o.	Poland	Sales
Vestel Polska Technology Center sp. z o.o.	Poland	Sales
Vestel Electronics Gulf DMC	UAE	Sales
Vest Batarya Sistemleri A.Ş.	Turkey	Production

<sup>(\*)</sup> OY Vestel Scadinavia AB of which Vestel Ticaret A.Ş. is 100% shareholder was liquidated on 10 February, 2020.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 1 - GROUP'S ORGANISATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS (Cont'd)

Investments	Country	Nature of operations
Vestel Savunma Sanayi A.Ş.	Turkey	Production/ Sales
Aydın Yazılım Elektronik ve Sanayi A.Ş.	Turkey	Software
Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş	Turkey	Mining
Türkiye'nin Otomobili Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş	Turkey	Automotive

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.1 Basis of presentation

## 2.1.1 Statement of compliance

The accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1, "Principals of Financial Reporting in Capital Markets" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28676 on 13 June 2013. According to the article 5 of the Communiqué, consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards / Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TAS" / "TFRS") and its addendum and interpretations ("IFRIC") issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POAASA") Turkish Accounting Standards Board.

The Company and its subsidiaries operating in Turkey maintains its accounting records and prepares its statutory financial statements in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), tax legislation and the uniform chart of accounts issued by the Ministry of Finance. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements, except for land, buildings and land improvements and the financial assets and liabilities presented with their fair values, are prepared based on historical costs in TL.

The Group prepared its condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2020 in accordance with ("TAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" in the framework of the Communiqué Serial II, No: 14.1, and its related announcement. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements and its accompanying notes are presented in compliance with the format recommended by CMB including its mandatory information.

In compliance with the TAS 34, entities have preference in presenting their interim financial statements whether full set or condensed. In this framework, the Group preferred to present condensed interim financial statements.

The Group's condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all disclosure and notes that should be included at year-end financial statements. Therefore the condensed interim financial statements should be read together with the year-end financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

## 2.1.1 Statement of compliance (Cont'd)

Consolidated subsidiaries operating in foreign countries have prepared their financial statements in accordance with the laws and regulations of the countries in which they operate with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards. These financial statements are based on the statutory records which are maintained under historical cost conversion, with the required adjustments and reclassifications reflected for the purpose of fair presentation in accordance with the TAS/TFRS.

With the decision taken on 17 March 2005, the CMB announced that, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for the companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards. Accordingly, TAS 29, "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" issued by the IASB, has not been applied in the financial statements for the accounting year commencing from 1 January 2005.

#### 2.1.2 Currency used

#### i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared and presented in Turkish Lira ("TL"), which is the functional currency of the parent company.

#### ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies have been translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Exchange gains or losses arising from the settlement and translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates are included in consolidated comprehensive income, except for the effective portion of foreign currency hedge of cash flow and net investment which are included under shareholders' equity.

#### iii) Translation of financial statements of subsidiaries operating in foreign countries

Assets and liabilities of subsidiaries operating in foreign countries are translated into TL at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Comprehensive income items of those subsidiaries are translated into TL using average exchange rates for the period (if the average exchange rates for the period do not reasonably reflect the exchange rate fluctuations, transactions are translated using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction).

Exchange differences arising from using average and balance sheet date rates are included in "currency translation differences" under the shareholders' equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.1.2 Currency used (Cont'd)

The balance sheet date rates and average rates used for translation of income statement items for the related periods are as follows:

Period End:	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Turkish Lira/EUR	0,1297	0,1504
Turkish Lira/GBP	0,1186	0,1286
Turkish Lira/RUB	10,2849	10,469
Turkish Lira/PLN	0,5784	0,6398
Türk Lirası/ USD	0,1462	0,1683
Türk Lirası/ KZT	59,1017	64,2674
	1 January -	1 January -
Average:	1 January - <u>30 June 2020</u>	1 January - <u>30 June 2019</u>
Average: Turkish Lira/EUR	•	•
<del></del>	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
Turkish Lira/EUR	30 June 2020 0,1404	<b>30 June 2019</b> 0,1578
Turkish Lira/EUR Turkish Lira/GBP	30 June 2020 0,1404 0,1229	30 June 2019 0,1578 0,1380
Turkish Lira/EUR Turkish Lira/GBP Turkish Lira/RUB	30 June 2020 0,1404 0,1229 10,7794	30 June 2019 0,1578 0,1380 11,6944

#### 2.1.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, and its subsidiaries from the date on which the control is transferred to the Group until the date that the control ceases. The financial statements of the companies included in the scope of consolidation have been prepared as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with CMB Financial Reporting Standards by applying uniform accounting policies and presentation.

#### a) Subsidiaries

The Group has control over an entity when it has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. the activities that significantly affect the entity's returns. On the other hand, the Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

In order to be consistent with accounting policies accepted by the Group, accounting policies of the subsidiaries are modified where necessary.

The balance sheet and statement of income of the subsidiaries are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and all material intercompany payable /receivable balances and sales / purchase transactions are eliminated. The carrying value of the investment held by Vestel Elektronik and its subsidiaries is eliminated against the related shareholders' equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.1.3 Basis of consolidation(Cont'd)

#### a) Subsidiaries(Cont'd)

The non-controlling share in the net assets and results of subsidiaries for the period are separately classified as "non-controlling interest" in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income and the condensed consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity.

As of the balance sheet date, consolidated companies and the proportion of ownership interest of Vestel Elektronik in these subsidiaries are disclosed in note 3.

Financial assets in which the Group has direct or indirect voting rights equal to or above 50% which are immaterial to the Group financial results or over which a significant influence is not exercised by the Group are carried at cost less any provisions for impairment.

#### b) Investments in associates

Investments in associates are accounted for by the equity method and are initially recognized at cost. These are entities in which the Group has an interest which is more than 20% and less than 50% of the voting rights or over which a significant influence is exercised. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates, whereas unrealized losses are eliminated unless they do not address any impairment of the asset transferred. Net increase or decrease in the net asset of associates is included in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income in regards with the Group's share.

The Group ceases to account the associate using the equity method if it loses the significant influence or the net investment in the associate becomes nil, unless it has entered to a liability or a commitment. After the Group's interest in the associates becomes nil, additional losses are provided for, and a liability recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes including its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of net losses not recognized.

Since Vestel Savunma and Aydın Yazılım has net liability position as of 30 June 2020 and 2019, carrying value of those investment in associates accounted for by equity method is resulted as nil in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Group's voting rights and effective ownership rates in Vestel Savunma and Aydın Yazılım are 35% and 21% respectively (31 December 2019: 35%, 21%).

The carrying amounts of the investments accounted for using the equity method are reviewed whether there is any indication of impairment at each reporting date. If such an indicator exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

The recoverable amount of the investments accounted for using the equity method refers to the higher of value-in-use or fair value less cost to sell. Value-in-use is the present value of future cash flows expected to be generated from an asset or cash generating unit.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.1.3 Basis of consolidation(Cont'd)

#### b) Investments in associates(Cont'd)

If the carrying amount of the investments accounted for using the equity method exceeds the recoverable amount, the impairment is accounted for. Impairments are recognized in profit and loss accounts. Impairments are recorded in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. In investments accounted for using the equity method, impairments allocated in previous periods are re-evaluated in each reporting period in the event that impairment decreases or there are indicators that impairment is not valid. Impairment is reversed in case of changes in the estimates used when determining recoverable amount. The increase in the carrying amount of the investments due to the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted in such a way that it does not exceed the carrying amount determined if the impairment loss has not been included in the consolidated financial statements in the previous years.

#### 2.2 Comparatives

Consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared comparatively with the preceding financial period, in order to enable determination of trends in financial position and performance. Comparative figures are reclassified, where necessary, to conform to changes in presentation in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.3 Restatement and errors in the accounting estimates

Major changes in accounting policies are applied retrospectively and any major accounting errors that have been detected are corrected and the financial statements of the previous period are restated. Changes in accounting policies resulting from the initial implementation of a new standard, if any, are implemented retrospectively or prospectively in accordance with the transition provisions. If the changes in accounting estimates only apply to one period, then they are applied in the current period in which the change occurred; if the changes also apply to future periods, they are applied in both the period of change and in the future periods, prospectively.

#### 2.4. Amendments in Turkish Financial Reporting Standards

#### a) Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted as at 30 June 2020

A number of new standards, interpretations of and amendments to existing standards are not effective at reporting date and earlier application is permitted; however the Group has not early adopted are as follows.

#### Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to TAS 1)

On 23 January 2020, IASB issued *Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current* which amends TAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* to clarify its requirements for the presentation of liabilities in the statement of financial position which is issued by POA on 12 March 2020.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.4. Amendments in Turkish Financial Reporting Standards(Cont'd)

The amendments clarify one of the criteria in TAS 1 for classifying a liability as non-current—that is, the requirement for an entity to have the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

The amendments include:

- (a) Specifying that an entity's right to defer settlement must exist at the end of the reporting period;
- (b) Clarifying that classification is unaffected by management's intentions or expectations about whether the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement;
- (c) Clarifying how lending conditions affect classification; and
- (d) Clarifying requirements for classifying liabilities an entity will or may settle by issuing its own equity instruments.

The Group shall apply retrospectively these amendments for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier application permitted. However, the amendment published on 15 July 2020, IASB decided to defer the effective date of TAS 1 until 1 January 2023.

The Group does not expect that application of these amendments to TAS 1 will have significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

#### **Covid-19 related rent concession (Amendments to TFRS 16)**

In May 2020, IASB issued Covid-19 related rent concession which amends TFRS 16 Leases which is issued by POA on 5 June 2020 (Amendments to TFRS 16).

The amendments allow lessees not to account for rent concessions as lease modifications if they arise as a direct consequence of COVID-19.

The practical expedient will only apply if:

- ➤ the revised consideration is substantially the same or less than the original consideration;
- the reduction in lease payments relates to payments due on or before 30 June 2021
- > no other substantive changes have been made to the terms of the lease.

No practical expedient is provided for lessors. Lessors are required to continue to assess if the rent concessions are lease modifications and account for them accordingly.

The Group shall apply these amendments for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 with earlier application permitted.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### Amendments are effective on 1 January 2020

Changes that have become effective and have been adopted for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

The changes that become effective as of January 1, 2020 are as follows:

- 1-) The revised Conceptual Framework (Version 2018)
- 2-) Amendments to TFRS 3 Definition of a Business

The application of the amendment in TFRS 3 did not have a significant impact on the [consolidated] financial statements of the Group

3-) Amendments to TAS 1 and TAS 8 - Definition of Material

The application of the amendment to TAS 1 and TAS 8 does not have a significant impact on the [consolidated] financial statements of the Group.

4-) Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments to TFRS 9, TAS 39 and TFRS 7)

The application of this amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

# The new standards, amendments and interpretations that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not issued by POA

#### Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3)

In May 2020, IASB issued Reference to the Conceptual Framework, which made amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations.

The amendments updated IFRS 3 by replacing a reference to an old version of the Board's Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting with a reference to the latest version, which was issued in March 2018.

The Group shall apply these amendments for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier application permitted.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment—Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16)

In May 2020, IASB issued Property, Plant and Equipment—Proceeds before Intended Use, which made amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment. The amendments prohibit a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The amendments improve transparency and consistency by clarifying the accounting requirements—specifically, the amendments prohibit a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognise such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss.

The Group shall apply these amendments for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier application permitted.

#### Onerous Contracts—Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37)

In May 2020, IASB issued Onerous Contracts—Cost of Fulfilling a Contract, which made amendments to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

The amendments specify which costs an entity includes in determining the cost of fulfilling a contract for the purpose of assessing whether the contract is onerous.

IASB developed amendments to IAS 37 to clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous, the cost of fulfilling the contract includes both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts.

The Group shall apply these amendments for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier application permitted.

#### Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020

#### **Improvements to IFRSs**

IASB issued Annual Improvements to IFRSs - 2018–2020 Cycle for applicable standards in May 2020. The amendments are effective as of 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The Group does not expect that application of these improvements to IFRSs will have significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

This amendment simplifies the application of IFRS 1 for a subsidiary that becomes a first-time adopter of IFRS Standards later than its parent – i.e. if a subsidiary adopts IFRS Standards later than its parent and applies IFRS 1.D16 (a), then a subsidiary may elect to measure cumulative translation differences for all foreign operations at amounts included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent, based on the parent's date of transition to IFRS Standards. This amendment will ease transition to IFRS Standards for subsidiaries applying this optional exemption by i)reducing undue costs; and ii) avoiding the need to maintain parallel sets of accounting records.

#### IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

This amendment clarifies that – for the purpose of performing the "10 per cent test' for derecognition of financial liabilities – in determining those fees paid net of fees received, a borrower includes only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

IFRS 16 Leases, Illustrative Example 13

The amendment removes the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements. As currently drafted, this example is not clear as to why such payments are not a lease incentive. It will help to remove the potential for confusion in identifying lease incentives in a common real estate fact pattern.

#### 2.5 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### 2.5.1 Revenue recognition

Group recognizes revenue in accordance with TFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" standard by applying the following five step model:

- Identification of customer contracts
- Identification of performance obligations
- Determination of transaction price in the contract
- Allocation of price to performance obligations
- Recognition of revenue when the performance obligations are fulfilled.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) The parties to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally or in accordance with other customary business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations,
- b) Group can identify each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred,
- c) Group can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred,
- d) The contract has commercial substance,
- e) It is probable that Group will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of an amount of consideration is probable, an entity shall consider only the customer's ability and intention to pay that amount of consideration when it is due.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### Revenue from sale of goods

Group recognizes revenue based on the production and sale of white goods, consumer electronics, air conditioners and home appliance. Revenue is recognized when the control of the goods is transferred to the customer. In addition, Group provides legal warranty commitment to its customers depending on the type of goods and the location of sale between 1-3 years. These legal warranty commitments are mandatory by regulations, have not a separate price apart from the good and are not separately sold. Therefore, they are not treated as a separate good or service apart from the sale of good.

#### 2.5.2 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Costs, including an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, are assigned to inventories held by the method most appropriate to the particular class of inventory. Group uses moving weighted average method for costing.

When the net realizable value of inventory is less than cost, the inventory is written down to the net realizable value and the expense is included in statement of income in the period the write-down or loss occurred.

When the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist or when there is clear evidence of an increase in net realizable value because of changed economic circumstances, the amount of the write-down is reversed. The reversal amount is limited to the amount of the original write-down.

### 2.5.3 Property, plant and equipment

Land, land improvements and buildings are stated at fair value, based on valuations performed as at 31 December 2018 by professional independent valuer approved by CMB and registered in CMB "Real Estate Appraisal Companies", Çelen Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the relevant asset, and the net amount is the revalued amount of the asset.

Property, plant and equipment except for land, land improvements and buildings acquired before 1 January 2005 are carried at cost in the equivalent purchasing power of TL as at 31 December 2004 and items acquired after 1 January 2005 are carried at cost, less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such land, land improvements and buildings is credited in equity to the revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognized in profit or loss, in which case the increase is credited to profit or loss to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such land, land improvements and buildings is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the properties revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. Depreciation on revalued land improvements and buildings is charged to profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

Each period, the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset (the depreciation charged to the statements of comprehensive income) and the depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from revaluation reserves to the retained earnings.

Land is not depreciated. Plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets, other than land and properties under construction, over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Gains or losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amounts and are included in the related income and expense accounts, as appropriate. On the disposal of revalued assets, amounts in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to the retained earnings.

Subsequent costs such as repairs and maintenance or part replacement of plant and equipment are included in the asset's carrying value or recognized as separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company. All other costs are charged to the statements of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

#### Leases

The Group – as a lessee

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset. The Group assess whether:

- a) The contract involved the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly.
- b) The asset should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset, If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, the asset is not identified
- c) The Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of an asset throughout the period of use; and

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

- d) The Group has the right to direct use of the asset, The Group concludes to have the right of use, when it is predetermined how and for what purpose the Group will use the asset. The Group has the right to direct use of asset if either:
- i. The Group has the right to operate (or to have the right to direct others to operate) the asset over its useful life and the lessor does not have the rights to change the terms to operate or;
- ii. The Group designed the asset (or the specific features) in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it is used

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

The group rents various buildings, warehouses, forklifts and machinery equipment. Rental contracts are generally made for 5 years for machinery and equipment, and for fixed periods for warehouses, usually between 2 and 10 years.

#### Lease Liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Lease liabilities are discounted to present value by using the interest rate implicit in the lease if readily determined or with the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- a) Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as the commencement date.
- c) The exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewable period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option. and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain to terminate early.

After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured:

- a) Increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on lease liability,
- b) Reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and
- c) Remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

The duration of the contracts, which constitute the lease obligation of the company, varies between 1 - 10 years.

The Group – as a lessor

The Group's activities as a lessor are not material.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### Right of use assets:

The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises:

- a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability,
- b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received,
- c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Group

To apply the cost model, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The Group applies the depreciation requirements in TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment in depreciating the right-of-use asset.

#### 2.5.4 Intangible assets

#### a) Research and development costs

Research costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they are incurred. Intangible assets arising from development (or from the development phase of an internal project) are recognized as intangible assets when the following criteria are met;

- It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use;
- Management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- There is an ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- It can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- Adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and
- The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

In other cases, development costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs previously recognized as an expense are not recognized as an asset in a subsequent period. In cases where it is difficult to separate the research phase from the development phase in a project, the entire project is treated as research and expensed immediately.

#### b) Rights and other intangible assets

Rights and other intangible assets consist of acquired computer software, computer software development costs and other identifiable rights. Rights and other intangible assets are recognized at their acquisition costs and are amortized on a straight line basis over their expected useful lives which are less than fifteen years.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### c) Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition is the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities recognized. Within the scope of TFRS 3 "Business Combinations", beginning from 1 January 2005 the Group has stopped amortizing goodwill. Goodwill recognized on acquisitions before 31 December 2004 was being amortized until 31 December 2004 on a straight line basis over their useful lives not to exceed twenty years.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is an indication of impairment. Goodwill arising on acquisitions measured at cost less any impairment losses.

Impairment losses calculated on goodwill cannot be reversed in the statement of income even if the impairment ceases to exist in the following periods. Goodwill is linked to cash generating units during the impairment test.

In case the consideration transferred in a business combination includes any contingent considerations, the Group recognizes the acquisition date fair value of the contingent consideration as part of the consideration transferred. During the measurement period, contingent considerations recognized at the acquisition date fair value are retrospectively adjusted when necessary. The measurement period is the period after the acquisition date during which the acquirer may adjust the provisional amounts recognized for a business combination. This period shall not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the acquirer shall report in its financial statements provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. The provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period or additional assets or liabilities are recognized to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have resulted in the recognition of those assets and liabilities as of that date.

#### 2.5.5 Financial instruments

#### a) Financial assets

The Group recognizes its financial assets in three categories: financial assets that are recognized at amortized cost, whose fair value is reflected in profit or loss, and whose fair value is reflected in the other comprehensive income. Classification is made on the basis of the business model determined according to the purpose of benefiting from financial assets and the expected cash flows. The Group classifies its financial assets on the date of purchase.

#### Financial assets carried at amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, whose payments are fixed or predetermined, which are not actively traded and which are not derivative instruments are measured at amortized cost.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd) 2.5.5 Financial instruments (Cont'd)

The Group's financial assets carried at amortized cost comprise "trade receivables" and "cash and cash equivalents" in the statement of financial position.

Group has applied simplified approach and used impairment matrix for the calculation of impairment on its receivables carried at amortized cost, since they do not comprise of any significant finance component. In accordance with this method, if any provision to the trade receivables as a result of a specific event, Group measures expected credit loss from these receivables by the life-time expected credit loss. The calculation of expected loss is performed based on the past experience of the Group and its expectations for the future indications.

#### Financial assets carried at fair value

Assets that are held by the Group for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets are measured at their far value.

## Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of the financial and contractual assets measured by using "expected credit loss model" . The impairment model applies for amortized financial and contractual assets.

Group has preferred to apply "simplified approach" for the recognition of impairment losses on trade receivables, carried at amortized cost and that do not comprise of any significant finance component (those with maturity less than 12 months). In accordance with the simplified approach, Group measures the loss allowances regarding its trade receivables at an amount equal to "lifetime expected credit losses" except incurred credit losses in which trade receivables are already impaired for a specific reason.

#### b) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value. Transaction costs which are directly related to the financial liability are added to the fair value.

#### c) Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value.

The derivative instruments of the Group mainly consist of foreign exchange forward contracts. These derivative transactions which are treated as derivatives held for trading in the financial statements under risk accounting, do not generally qualify for hedge accounting under the specific rules. The fair value changes for these derivatives are recognised in the profit or loss statement.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

The hedging transactions of the Group that qualify for hedge accounting are accounted regarding to TFRS 9. As TFRS 9 does not change the general principles of how an entity accounts for effective hedges, applying the hedging requirements of TFRS 9 will not have a significant impact on Group's financial statements.

#### Cash flow hedges:

As long as a cash flow hedge meets the qualifying criteria, the hedging relationship shall be accounted for as follows:

- (a) the separate component of equity associated with the hedged item (cash flow hedge reserve) is adjusted to the lower of the following (in absolute amounts):
  - (i) the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument from inception of the hedge; and
  - (ii) the cumulative change in fair value (present value) of the hedged item (i.e. the present value of the cumulative change in the hedged expected future cash flows) from inception of the hedge.
- (b) the portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge shall be recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (c) any remaining gain or loss on the hedging instrument is hedge ineffectiveness that shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.5.6 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies during the period are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated to TL at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences on foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for the effective portion of the foreign currency hedge of net investments in foreign operations. Monetary items which are denominated in foreign currency and measured with historical costs are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of initial transactions.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are expressed in TL using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period. Exchange differences arising are recognized in other comprehensive income and in equity.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

On the disposal of a foreign operation, all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the company are reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 2.5.7 Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain events not wholly within the control of the Group are not included in the consolidated financial statements and treated as contingent assets or liabilities.

## 2.5.8 Warranty and assembly expenses provision

Warranty expenses include repair and maintenance expenses of products sold and labor and material costs of authorized services for products under the scope of warranty terms without any charge to the customers. Based on estimations using past statistical information, warranty expense provision is recognized for the products sold with warranty terms in the period, for possible repair and maintenance expenses to be incurred during the warranty period.

Based on estimations using past statistical information, assembly expenses provision is recognized for products sold during the period but not yet installed in the sites of the end customers, against the cost of free of charge installments.

#### 2.5.9 Related parties

Shareholders, key management personnel and board members, their close family members and companies controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by them and Zorlu Holding Group companies are considered and referred to as related parties.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.5.10 Taxation on income

Tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items directly recognized in equity. In that case, tax is recognized in shareholders' equity.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases which is used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Investment incentives that are conducive to payment of corporate taxes at reduced rates are subject to deferred tax calculation when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will benefit from the related incentive.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.5.11 Employee benefits

Employment termination benefits, as required by the Turkish Labor Law and the laws applicable in the countries where the subsidiaries operate, represent the estimated present value of the total reserve of the future probable obligation of the Group arising in case of the retirement of the employees. According to Turkish Labor Law and other laws applicable in Turkey, the Group is obliged to pay employment termination benefits to all personnel in cases of termination of employment without due cause, call for military service, be retired or death upon the completion of a minimum one year service. Employment termination benefits are considered as being part of defined retirement benefit plan as per TAS 19. All actuarial gains and losses are recognized in consolidated statements of income.

The effects of the significant forecasts used in employment termination benefits provision calculations have been recognized as actuarial gains and losses and they have been explained in the relevant note.

#### 2.5.12 Government grants

Government grants, including non-monetary grants at fair value, are recognized in consolidated financial statements when there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attaching to them, and the grants will be received.

Incentives for research and development activities are recognized in consolidated financial statements when they are authorized by the related institutions.

#### 2.5.13 Earnings per share

Earnings per share disclosed in the consolidated statement of income is determined by dividing consolidated net income attributable to equity holder of the parent by the weighted average number of such shares outstanding during the year concerned.

#### 2.5.14 Statement of cash flows

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash flows are classified into three categories as operating, investment and financing activities. Cash flows from operating activities are those resulting from the Group's production and sales activities. Cash flows from investment activities indicate cash inflows and outflows resulting from property, plant and equipments and financial investments. Cash flows from financing activities indicate the resources used in financing activities and the repayment of these resources. Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand accounts, bank deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with maturities equal or less than three months.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.5.15 Segment reporting

Operating segments are identified on the same basis as financial information is reported internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker. The Group Board of Directors has been identified as the Group's chief operating decision maker who is responsible for allocating resources between segments and assessing their performances. The Group management determines operating segments by reference to the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors to make strategical decisions.

The Group management evaluates the operational results at industrial and geographical level. An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses.

Group's operations are reported under three industrial segments:

- Television and electronic devices
- White goods
- Other

Group's operations are reported under three geographical segments:

- Turkey
- Europe
- Other

#### 2.5.16 Offsetting

All items with significant amounts and nature, even with similar characteristics, are presented separately in the financial statements. Insignificant amounts are grouped and presented by means of items having similar substance and function. When the nature of transactions and events necessitate offsetting, presentation of these transactions and events over their net amounts or recognition of the assets after deducting the related impairment are not considered as a violation of the rule of non-offsetting. As a result of the transactions in the normal course of business, revenue other than sales are presented as net if the nature of the transaction or the event qualify for offsetting.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

#### 2.5.17 Events after the balance sheet date

Events after the balance sheet date, announcements related to net profit or even declared after other selective financial information has been publicly announced, include all events that take place between the balance sheet date and the date when balance sheet was authorized for issue.

In the case that events require a correction to be made occur subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group makes the necessary corrections to the financial statements. Moreover, the events that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date and that do not require a correction to be made are disclosed in accompanying notes, where the decisions of the users of financial statements are affected.

#### 2.5.18 Going Concern

The Group prepared consolidated financial statements in accordance with the going concern assumption.

#### 2.6. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the use of estimates and assumptions that may affect the amount of assets and liabilities recognized as of the balance sheet date, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and the amount of revenue and expenses reported. Although these estimates and assumptions rely on the Group management's best knowledge about current events and transactions, actual outcomes may differ from those estimates and assumptions. Significant estimates of the Group management are as follows:

#### i. Revaluation of land, buildings and land improvements:

Land, land improvements and buildings are stated at fair value, based on valuations performed at 31 December 2018 by professional independent valuer Çelen Kurumsal Gayrimenkul Değerleme ve Danışmanlık A.Ş. (Note 14).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Cont'd)

As there were no recent similar buying/selling transactions nearby, revaluations of land were based on the method of reference comparison whereas revaluations of buildings and land improvements and machinery and equipment were based on the method of cost approach and based on the following valuation techniques and assumptions:

- Revaluations of land were based on the method of reference comparison whereas revaluations of buildings and land improvements were based on the method of cost approach, considering existing utilization of the aforementioned property, plant and equipments are consistent to the highest and best use approach.
- In the market reference comparison method, current market information was utilized, taking into consideration the comparable property in the market in recent past in the region, price adjustment was made within the framework of criteria that could affect market conditions, and accordingly an average m² sale value was determined for the lands subject to the valuation. The similar pieces of land found were compared in terms of location, size, settlement status, physical conditions, real estate marketing firms were consulted for up-to-date valuation of the estate market, also, current information and experience of the professional valuation company was utilized.
- In the cost approach method, fair value of the buildings and land improvements was calculated by considering recent re-construction costs and related depreciation. In the cost approach method, above explained market reference comparison method was used in calculation of the land value, one of the components.

The carrying values of land, land improvements and buildings do not necessarily reflect the amounts that would result from the outcome of a sales transaction between independent parties.

As of initial recognition and as of balance sheet date, the Group performs impairment assessment for buildings and land improvements of which valuations are based on cost approach, accordance with the TAS 36 "Impairment of Assets", and no impairment indicator is identified.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 3 - INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES**

#### **Subsidiaries:**

As of 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 the Group's significant subsidiaries are as follows:

	<b>30 June 2020</b>		31 December 2019	
	Voting	Effective	Voting	Effective
Consolidated subsidiaries	rights	ownership	rights	ownership
Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (*)	92,5	92,5	95,2	95,2
Vestel Komünikasyon Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Ticaret A.Ş.	100	100	100	100
Vestel CIS Ltd.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Iberia SL	100	100	100	100
Vestel France SA	100	100	100	100
Vestel Holland BV	100	100	100	100
Vestel Germany GmbH	100	100	100	100
Cabot Communications Ltd.	90,8	90,8	90,8	90,8
Vestel Benelux BV	100	100	100	100
Vestel UK Ltd.	100	100	100	100
Vestek Elektronik Araştırma Geliştirme A.Ş.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Trade Ltd.	100	100	100	100
OY Vestel Scandinavia AB	100	100	100	100
Intertechnika LLC	99,9	99,9	99,9	99,9
Vestel Central Asia LLP	100	100	100	100
Vestel Poland sp. z.o.o.	100	100	100	100
Vestel Polska Technology Center sp. z o.o.	100	100	100	100

(\*) Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. sold 5,000,000 Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. shares on Borsa Istanbul on 29 June 2020. Following the transaction, Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.'s share in Vestel Beyaz Eşya declined to 92.54%.

Financial information of Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. which is not wholly owned by the Group and has significant non-controlling interests is as follows.

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Accumulated non-controlling interests	166.460	94.414
Comprehensive income attributable to		
non-controlling interests	25.217	27.485

The financial statements of the subsidiary is adjusted to include the effects of revaluation of land, buildings and land improvements in accordance with the Group's accounting policies applied in preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 3 - INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES (Cont'd)

#### **Condensed balance sheet:**

Condensed balance sheet.	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Current assets	3.422.875	3.167.744
Non-current assets	1.940.963	1.816.058
Current liabilities	(2.962.520)	(2.991.718)
Non-current liabilities	(255.500)	(185.856)
Net assets	2.145.818	1.806.228
Condensed statement of comprehensive income:		
	1 January -	1 January -
	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019
Net sales	3.510.378	3.203.318
Income / (loss) before tax	348.425	314.404
Tax benefit / (expense)	2.295	3.957
Net income / (loss) for the period	350.720	318.361
Total comprehensive income	339.590	317.801
Condensed statement of cash flows:		
Operating activities:		
Changes in working capital	(343.736)	(132.930)
Net cash provided by operating activities	183.004	246.443
Investing activities:		
Net cash used in investing activities	11.089	8.522
Financing activities:		
Proceeds from bank borrowings	573.242	751.446
Repayment of bank borrowings	(603.536)	(524.349)
Other payables to related parties	-	566.828
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities	(119.216)	(319.580)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	82.287	103.283
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	157.164	34.662
-		

The financial information of Company's 50% associate META which is accounted for using the equity method, is disclosed in note 13.

Other financial information of Group's subsidiaries are not presented on the grounds of materiality.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING**

Operating segments are identified on the same basis as financial information is reported internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker. The Group Board of Directors has been identified as the Group's chief operating decision maker who is responsible for allocating resources between segments and assessing their performances. The Group management determines operating segments by reference to the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors to make strategical decisions.

Considering the fact that the Group's risks and rate of returns are dissimilar between product types and between geographical areas, The Group management uses industrial segments as primary reporting format and geographical segments as secondary reporting format.

#### **Industrial segments**

	Television and electronic		
	devices	White goods	Total
1 January -30 June 2020			
Revenue	3.653.861	4.700.738	8.354.599
Cost of sales	(2.771.781)	(3.270.326)	(6.042.107)
Gross profit	882.080	1.430.412	2.312.492
Depreciation and amortization	164.417	175.771	340.188
1 January -30 June 2019			
Revenue	3.738.362	4.087.605	7.825.967
Cost of sales	(2.765.497)	(3.024.382)	(5.789.879)
Gross profit	972.865	1.063.223	2.036.088
Depreciation and amortization	153.171	146.065	299.236
1 April -30 June 2020			
Revenue	1.933.954	2.489.843	4.423.797
Cost of sales	(1.513.675)	(1.716.841)	(3.230.516)
Gross profit	420.279	773.002	1.193.281
Depreciation and amortization	79.030	114.559	193.589

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 4 - SEGMENT REPORTING (Cont'd)**

	Television and electronic		
	devices	White goods	Total
1 April -30 June 2019			
Revenue	1.946.135	2.317.299	4.263.434
Cost of sales	(1.410.119)	(1.626.870)	(3.036.989)
Gross profit	536.016	690.429	1.226.445
Depreciation and amortization	83.020	68.204	151.224

### Capital expenditure

	Television and electronic devices	White goods	Total
1 January -30 June 2020	200.782	174.976	375.758
1 January -30 June 2019	139.346	154.983	294.329

#### **Geographical segments:**

Segment revenue	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019	1 April - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2019
Turkey	2.702.051	1.941.445	1.587.015	1.125.770
Europe	5.876.792	5.757.232	3.109.095	3.028.473
Other	510.200	717.704	139.287	423.332
Gross segment sales	9.089.043	8.416.381	4.835.397	4.577.575
Discounts (-)	(734.444)	(590.414)	(411.600)	(314.141)
Net sales	8.354.599	7.825.967	4.423.797	4.263.434

The amount of export for the period 1 January - 30 June 2020 is TL 6.386.992 thousand (1 January - 30 June 2019: TL 6.474.936 thousand). Export sales are denominated in EUR, USD and other currencies as 63,7%, 27,5%, and 8,8% of total exports respectively. (1 January - 30 June 2019: 64,7% EUR, 26,2% USD, 9,1% other)

The carrying value of segment assets and costs incurred in order to obtain these assets are not separately disclosed since significant portion of assets of the Group are located in Turkey.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### **NOTE 5 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Cash	1.870	1.618
Bank deposits	2.344.480	2.167.320
- Demand deposits	2.318.474	2.104.712
- Time deposits	26.006	62.608
Cheques and notes	72.570	93.401
Other	56.308	20.701
Blocked deposits	55.230	111.294
Cash and cash equivalents	2.530.458	2.394.334
Effective interest rates(%)		_
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
USD	-	1,00
EUR	4,00	0,00
PLN	7,50	8,93
KZT	-	9,50

As of 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 the Group's time deposits have an average maturity of less than 3 months.

**NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL ASSETS** 

		Ownershi	p(%)	Amoun	t
	_	30 June 31 D	December	30 June 31	December
	Country	2020	2019	2020	2019
Financial assets available for sale	<del>)</del> :				
Zorlu Enerji Elektrik Üretim A.Ş.	Turkey	< 1	< 1	13.337	13.337
Tursoft A.Ş.	Turkey	7	7	11	11
Zorlu Endüstriyel Enerji A.Ş.	Turkey	1	1	51	51
İzmir Teknoloji Geliştirme A.Ş.	Turkey	5	5	11	11
Other	Turkey	-	-	200	200
				13.610	13.610

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### **NOTE 6 - FINANCIAL ASSETS (Cont'd)**

•	_	Ownership(%)		Amo	unt
	_	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
Non-consolidated subsidiaries :	Country	2020	2019	2020	2019
Vestel Ventures Ar-ge A.Ş.	Turkey	100,00	100,00	60.095	54.115
Vestel Electronics Gulf DMC	UAE	100,00	100,00	1.409	1.409
Vestel Electronica SRL	Romania	100,00	100,00	1.778	1.778
Vestel Electronics Shanghai					
Trading Co. Ltd	China	100,00	100,00	751	751
Vest Batarya Sistemleri A.Ş.	Turkey	100,00	100,00	50	50
Other		100,00	100,00	6	6
				64.089	58.109
Impairment of subsidiaries (-) Vestel Electronica SRL				(1.778)	(1.778)
				62.311	56.331

#### **NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Short term financial liabilities		
Short term bank loans	5.078.967	5.766.814
Short term portion of long term bank loans	1.819.367	1.411.361
Short term lease liabilities	87.255	64.021
	6.985.589	7.242.196
Long term financial liabilities		
Long term bank loans	1.375.957	456.424
Long term lease liabilities	116.439	111.657
	1.492.396	568.081

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Cont'd)**

Details of the Group's short term bank loans are given below:

-	30 J		31 De	ecember 2019		
Currency	Weighted average of effective interest rates per annum	Original currency	TL Equivalent	Weighted average of effective interest rates per annum	Original currency	TL Equivalent
- USD	0,03	240.384	1.644.757	0,04	231.736	1.376.559
- EUR	0,02	196.222	1.512.515	0,03	214.139	1.424.156
- TL	0,13	1.921.695	1.921.695	0,20	2.966.099	2.966.099
			5.078.967			5.766.814

**31 December 2019** 

Details of the Group's long term bank loans are given below:

30 June 2020

Currency	Weighted average of effective interest rates per annum	Original currency	TL Equivalent	Weighted average of effective interest rates per annum	Original currency	TL Equivalent
- USD	0,06	51.514	352.472	0,07	62.298	370.065
- EUR	0,06	11.180	86.177	0,05	18.681	124.239
- TL	0,16	1.380.718	1.380.718	0,26	917.057	917.057
Short term	portion		1.819.367			1.411.361
- USD	0,05	33.126	226.655	0,09	41.054	243.871
- EUR	0,06	13.740	105.914	0,06	18.619	123.825
- TL	0,16	1.043.388	1.043.388	0,17	88.728	88.728
Long term	portion		1.375.957			456.424
			3.195.324			1.867.785

Total amount of Group's floating bank loans is TL 1.716.402 thousand (31 December 2019: TL 480.738 thousand).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 7 - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Cont'd)**

The maturity schedule of Group's long term bank loans is given below:

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
One to two years	1.262.742	269.599
One to two years		
Two to three years	94.718	162.200
Three to four years	13.201	14.045
Four years and over	5.296	10.580
	1.375.957	456.424

The analysis of Group's bank loans in terms of periods remaining to contractual re-pricing dates is as follows:

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
6 months or less	1.716.402	480.738
	1.716.402	480.738

Guarantees given for the bank bans obtained are presented in note 17.

Fair values of short term bank borrowings are considered to approximate their carrying values due to immateriality of discounting. Fair values are determined using average effective annual interest rates. Long term bank borrowings are stated at amortized cost using effective interest rate method and their fair values are considered to approximate their carrying values since loans usually have a re-pricing period of six months.

As of 30 June 2020 and 2019, the Group's net financial debt reconciliation is shown below:

	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
Net financial debt as of 1 January	5.527.237	4.898.069
Cash inflows from loans	3.746.293	2.371.024
Cash outflows from loan payments	(3.321.116)	(2.017.942)
Payments of lease liabilities	(10.458)	145.529
Unrealized Fx gain/loss	222.899	228.235
Accrued interest	287.846	84.054
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(192.188)	(65.512)
Net financial debt at the end of the period	6.260.513	5.643.457

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES**

### a) Short term trade receivables from related parties

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Vestel Central Asia	6.200	-
Vestel Electronica S.R.L. <sup>(3)</sup>	16.138	19.255
Zorluteks Tekstil Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.	371	3.415
Vestel Electronics Gulf DMCC . (3)	21.256	15.812
Other related parties	18.978	17.328
	62.943	55.810

### b) Short term trade payables to related parties

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Vestel Electronics Shanghai Trading Co. Ltd. (3)	2.177	2.072
ABH Turizm Temsilcilik ve Ticaret A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	605	3.094
Other related parties	2.709	2.664
	5.491	7.830

#### c) Other short term receivables from related parties

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. <sup>(2)</sup>	547.379	376.015
Vestel Ventures A.Ş <sup>(3)</sup>	174.218	148.579
Türkiyenin Otomobil Girişim		
Grubu Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. <sup>(3)</sup>	57.950	25.650
Other related parties	738	139
	780.285	550.383

<sup>(1)</sup> Zorlu Holding Group Company, (2) Parent (3) Subsidiary

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

#### d) Other long term receivables from related parties

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. <sup>(2)</sup>	1.787.633	1.647.724
Vestel Savunma Sanayi A.Ş. <sup>(3)</sup>	1.880.091	1.470.762
Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik Sanayi Ve Ticaret A. Ş. <sup>(3)</sup>	1.155.273	862.559
	4.822.997	3.981.045

As of 30 June 2020, the annual average effective interest rate of other receivables in USD is 7%, average effective interest rate of other receivables in EUR is 5%, average effective interest rate of other receivables in TL is 15% (31 December 2019: USD 7%, TL 21%).

#### e) Other payables to related parties

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Zorlu Family <sup>(2)</sup>	64.728	56.195
f) Lease liabilities to related parties	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Zorlu Gayrimenkul Geliştirme ve Yatırım A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	28.206	22.943
Zorlu Yapı Yatırım A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	4.045	184

32.251

23.127

#### g) Transactions with related parties

	1 January -	1 January -	1 April -	1 April -
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Sales				
Vestel Electronica S.R.L. (3) Zorluteks Tekstil Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. (1)	14.177	19.349	6.459	10.044
	1.757	2.663	609	938
Vestel Electronics Gulf DMCC . <sup>(3)</sup>	21.669	20.378	9.417	13.800
Other related parties	2.052	1.644	1.012	1.111
	39.655	44.034	17.497	25.893

<sup>(1)</sup> Zorlu Holding Group Company, (2) Parent (3) Subsidiary

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	1 January - 30 June	1 January - 30 June	1 April - 30 June	1 April - 30 June
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating expenses				
ABH Turizm Temsilcilik ve Ticaret A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	6.108	11.138	155	6.072
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. (2)	30.636	19.671	14.362	9.759
Zorlu Gayrimenkul Gel. ve Yat. A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	6.342	5.445	3.076	2.685
Zorlu Air Havacılık A.Ş. <sup>(1)</sup>	1.699	2.820	670	1.541
Other related parties	3.660	4.429	2.073	2.957
	48.445	43.503	20.336	23.014
Financial income				
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. <sup>(2)</sup>	387.596	391.224	155.837	110.433
Vestel Savunma Sanayi A.Ş. <sup>(3)</sup>	209.186	109.839	90.935	53.595
Other related parties	199.241	12.034	199.241	6.222
	796.023	513.097	446.013	170.250
Financial expense	207		266	
Zorlu Holding A.Ş. <sup>(2)</sup>	396	-	266	-
Other related parties	2.942	301	1.522	31

3.338

301

1.788

31

<sup>(1)</sup> Zorlu Holding Group Company, (2) Parent (3) Subsidiary

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

- **h)** Guarantees received from and given to related parties are disclosed in note 17.
- 1) Compensation paid to key management including directors, the Chairman and members of Board of Directors, general managers and assistant general managers

Compensation paid to key management for the six months period ended 30 June 2020 is TL 19.442 thousand (1 January - 30 June 2019: TL 9.872 thousand).

**NOTE 9 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES** 

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Short term trade receivables		
Trade receivables		
- Related parties (note 8)	62.943	55.810
- Other parties	3.505.771	3.084.681
Cheques and notes receivables	336.443	261.793
Other	163.475	146.437
	4.068.632	3.548.721
Unearned interest expense (-)		
- Related parties (note 8)	-	-
- Other parties	(16.632)	(10.966)
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(176.003)	(164.923)
Total short term trade receivables	3.875.997	3.372.832
Long term trade receivables		
Cheques and notes receivables	46.616	77.527
Unearned interest expense (-)	(3.371)	(9.932)
Total long term trade receivables	43.245	67.595

The Group provides allowance for doubtful receivables based on historical experience.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019
Opening balance, 1 January	164.923	118.450
Current year additions	10.591	27.010
Provisions no longer required	(3.480)	(3.283)
Currency translation differences	3.969	1.931
Balance at 30 June	176.003	144.108
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Short term trade payables		
Trade payables		
- Related parties (note 8)	5.491	7.830
- Other parties	6.413.592	6.116.995
Notes payables	0.710.072	0.110.770
- Other parties	13	59
Other	3.551	3.491
	6.422.647	6.128.375
Unearned interest income (-)		
- Other parties	(10.583)	(666)
Total short term trade payables	6.412.064	6.127.709
Long term trade payables Trade payables	0.412.004	0.127.70
- Other parties	506	6.747

506

6.747

**Total long term trade payables** 

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 10 – OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Short term other receivables		
Receivables from official institutions	238.334	187.448
Receivables from related parties (note 8)	780.285	550.383
Deposits and guarantees given	77.790	59.075
Other	95.400	92.854
	1.191.809	889.760
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(89.641)	(89.376)
	1.102.168	800.384
Long term other receivables		
Deposits and guarantees given	6.778	5.507
Receivables from related parties (note 8)	4.822.997	3.981.045
Other	8.278	8.278
	4.838.053	3.994.830
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(8.278)	(8.278)

The Group provides allowance for doubtful receivables.

#### **NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES**

	30 June 2020	<b>31 December 2019</b>
Raw materials	1.586.476	1.115.649
Work in process	124.263	94.662
Finished goods	1.178.952	1.520.401
Merchandise	147.351	155.044
Other	10.139	5.228
	3.047.181	2.890.984
Provision for impairment on inventories (-)	(74.270)	(57.869)
	2.972.911	2.833.115

4.829.775

3.986.552

Cost of the inventory included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period  $1 \, \text{January} - 30 \, \text{June} \, 2020 \, \text{is} \, \text{TL} \, 5.157.275 \, \text{thousand} \, (2019: \, \text{TL} \, 5.064.636 \, \text{thousand}).$ 

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### **NOTE 11 - INVENTORIES (Cont'd)**

As of 30 June 2020 the Group does not have inventories pledged as security for liabilities (31 December 2019: None)

Allocation of provision for impairment on inventories in terms of inventory type is as follows:

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Raw materials	27.322	21.005
Finished goods and merchandise	46.948	36.864
	74.270	57.869

Movement of provision for impairment on inventories is as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019
Opening balance, 1 January	57.869	32.801
Current year additions	18.058	16.289
Realised due to sale of inventory	(7.055)	(8.059)
Currency translation differences	5.398	4.497
Balance at 30 June	74.270	45.528

#### **NOTE 12 - PREPAID EXPENSES**

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Prepaid expenses in current assets		
Order advances given	27.615	29.423
Prepaid expenses	85.982	56.664
Business advances given	8.411	3.587
	122.008	89.674
Prepaid expenses in non-current assets		
Advances given for fixed asset purchases	80.555	64.471
Prepaid expenses	17.499	9.025
	98.054	73.496

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 13 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	30 June 2020		31 December 2019	
	%	Amount	%	Amount
Subsidiaries				
Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	50%	885.778	50%	961.272
Türkiyenin Otomobil Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve				
Ticaret A.Ş.	19%	7.360	19%	12.920
		893.138		974.192

As on 29 June 2018, pursuant to the Group's goal to diversify its lines of business and achieve profitable growth by investing in new-generation technologies, in order to secure the supply of nickel sulphate and cobalt sulphate compounds, which are critical raw materials for the production of EV batteries, of Meta Nikel Kobalt Madencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("META"), which is a Zorlu Holding A.Ş. subsidiary and is involved in nickel-cobalt mining. The Group has purchased 916.335.000 shares (each with a nominal value of TL1 and representing 50% of the Group's share capital) from Ahmet Nazif Zorlu, Olgun Zorlu, Mehmet Emre Zorlu, Selen Zorlu Melik, Meta Madencilik Enerji Turizm Danışmanlık Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and Zorlu Holding AŞ, for a total consideration of US\$250 mn. The acquisition value is in accordance with the valuation range of US\$447,2 million and US\$572 million stated in June 29, 2018 the independent appraisal report prepared by Ernst & Young Advisory Services, which is licensed by the Capital Markets Board.

META was founded in 2000 to undertake nickel mining in Turkey, has been operating under Zorlu Group since 2007. The Group's nickel cobalt mining facility in Gördes, Manisa was commissioned at the end of 2014. The facility has a production capacity of 10.000 tons of nickel content and 550 tons of cobalt content per annum. Besides Gördes, META also has a licensed field in Eskişehir and undertakes surveying activities in various regions of Turkey. Currently, META produces nickel-cobalt hydroxide (MHP), which is an intermediate product, and plans to undertake an investment for the production of nickel sulfate and cobalt corbonat compounds, which are critical for Li-ion battery production in the upcoming period.

Within the framework of Turkey's Automobile Project, following the work undertaken by the Joint Initiative Group, to which Group's controlling shareholder, Zorlu Holding AŞ was a party, Vestel Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret AŞ decided has participated with a 19% share in "Türkiye'nin Otomobili Girişim Grubu Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş.", which is planned to be established to produce mainly electric passenger cars and carry out supporting activities. In this respect, the Shareholders Agreement and Articles of Association have been signed on 31 May 2018. Establishment of the new Group is completed on 28 June 2018.

The Group's voting rights and effective ownership rates in Vestel Savunma and Aydın Yazılım are 35% and 21% respectively (31 December 2019: 35%, 21%).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 13 - INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD (Cont'd)

The movements of META, which is an investment accounted for using the equity method during the period 1 January – 30 June is as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019
Balance at 1 January	961.272	1.131.130
Shares from profit / loss	(112.694)	(129.230)
Shares from other comprehensive		,
income / expense	37.200	40.446
Balance at 31 March	885.778	1.042.346
Condensed financial statement informat	ions of META is given belo <b>30 June 2020 31</b>	
Total Assets	3.988.361	3.482.654
Total Liability	(3.550.998)	(2.894.281)
Net assets	437.363	588.373

	1 January -	1 January -
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
Net sales	184.667	75.069
Income / (loss) before tax	(141.848)	(242.211)
Tax benefit / (expense)	(83.541)	(16.250)
Net income / (loss) for the period	(225.388)	(258.461)
Total comprehensive income	(150.988)	(177.569)

VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2020
(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

				Currency		
	1 January			translation		
	2020	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2020
Cost or revaluation						
Land	635.564	-	(29.941)	(3.077)	-	602.546
Land improvements	132.438	341	(2.773)	4.892	-	134.898
Buildings	1.489.078	5.389	(137.883)	71.968	4.169	1.432.721
Leasehold improvements	156.981	1.155	-	1.962	55	160.153
Plant and machinery	3.168.798	215.080	(101.781)	54.622	36.406	3.373.125
Motor vehicles	7.546	664	(2.106)	1.476	-	7.580
Furniture and fixtures	427.429	13.106	(11.405)	10.525	6.788	446.443
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849
Construction in progress	54.295	23.575	(40)	184	(44.537)	33.477
-	6.072.978	259.310	(285.929)	142.552	2.881	6.191.792
Accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements	6.932	491	(955)	7.537	-	14.005
Buildings	60.895	20.104	(45.192)	32.235	-	68.042
Leasehold improvements	144.705	6.808	-	7.772	-	159.285
Plant and machinery	2.053.707	182.731	(20.038)	12.342	-	2.228.742
Motor vehicles	4.841	581	(1.967)	1.378	-	4.833
Furniture and fixtures	348.721	19.500	(9.400)	43.477	1.554	403.852
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849
	2.620.650	230.215	(77.552)	104.741	1.554	2.879.608
Net book value	3.452.328					3.312.184

# VESTEL ELEKTRONİK SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE INTERIM PERIOD 1 JANUARY – 30 JUNE 2020 (Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

	1 January	nuary transl	translation		30 June	
	2019	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2019
Cost or revaluation						
Land	625.381	-	-	8.852	-	634.233
Land improvements	126.962	177	-	4.339	-	131.478
Buildings	1.407.645	6.912	(862)	56.261	1.906	1.471.862
Leasehold improvements	154.233	573	(1.000)	416	402	154.624
Plant and machinery	2.756.625	153.541	(18.351)	27.505	21.643	2.940.963
Motor vehicles	7.725	330	(613)	300	-	7.742
Furniture and fixtures	407.792	8.222	(4.636)	3.304	909	415.591
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849
Construction in progress	39.874	37.225	-	3	(24.945)	52.157
	5.527.086	206.980	(25.462)	100.980	(85)	5.809.499
Accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements	-	2.948	-	755	-	3.703
Buildings	-	24.225	(140)	12.644	-	36.729
Leasehold improvements	129.113	8.478	(755)	243	-	137.079
Plant and machinery	1.744.385	156.864	(18.242)	21.008	-	1.904.015
Motor vehicles	4.546	543	(515)	295	-	4.869
Furniture and fixtures	313.486	19.450	(4.503)	2.942	-	331.375
Other tangible assets	849	-	-	-	-	849
	2.192.379	212.508	(24.155)	37.887	-	2.418.619
Net book value	3.334.707					3.390.880

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 14 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Cont'd)

Additions to property, plant and equipment in the period 1 January – 30 June 2020 mainly consist of machinery and equipment investments made to television and electronic devices factory, first and second refrigerator, cooker, dishwasher, washing machine and tumbler drier factories.

As of 30 June 2020 the Group does not have property, plant and equipment pledged (2019: None)

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

	Useful lite
Land improvements	5 - 35 years
Buildings	25 - 50 years
Leasehold improvements	3 - 10 years
Plant and machinery	2 - 25 years
Motor vehicles	5 - 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 14 years

Allocation of current year depreciation and amortization expenses is as follows:

	1 January - 30 June	1 January - 30 June	
	2020	2019	
Cost of sales	201.812	170.700	
Research and development expenses	83.128	72.249	
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses	37.972	36.077	
General administrative expenses	14.569	17.156	
Other operating expense (idle capacity depreciation expense)	2.707	3.054	
	340.188	299.236	

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### **NOTE 15 - RIGHT OF USE ASSETS**

	1 January Effe	ct of change in unting policies Additions	30 June 2020
Cost			
Land and buildings	141.468	- 59.815	201.283
Machinery	66.316	- 1.454	67.770
Motor vehicles	15.271	- 3.409	18.680
	223.055	- 64.678	287.733
Accumulated amortization			
Land and buildings	37.068	- 24.864	61.932
Machinery	15.765	- 9.633	25.398
Motor vehicles	6.446	- 3.199	9.645
	59.279	- 37.696	96.975
Net book value	163.776		190.758

	1 January Effe	ect of change in		30 June
	2019 acco	ounting policies	Additions	2019
Cost				
Land and buildings	-	119.364	-	119.364
Machinery	-	34.612	-	34.612
Motor vehicles	-	13.836	-	13.836
	-	167.812	-	167.812
Accumulated amortization				
Land and buildings	-	-	15.746	15.746
Machinery	-	-	4.693	4.693
Motor vehicles	-	-	3.252	3.252
	-	-	23.691	23.691
Net book value	-	167.812	-	144.121

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### **NOTE 16 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

	1 January			Currency translation		30 June
	2020	Additions	Disposals	differences	Transfers	2020
Cost						
Rights	70.878	30	-	1.083	(2.881)	69.110
Development cost	1.169.884	112.239	(111)	82	-	1.282.094
Other intangible assets	180.684	4.179	(37.507)	20.309	-	167.665
	1.421.446	116.448	(37.618)	21.474	(2.881)	1.518.869
Accumulated amortization						
Rights	55.099	1.184	-	(1.237)	(1.554)	53.492
Development cost	641.642	66.759	-	-	-	708.401
Other intangible assets	106.977	4.334	(35.033)	20.770	-	97.048
	803.718	72.277	(35.033)	19.533	(1.554)	858.941
Net book value	617.728					659.928

	1 January	Additions	Dignogala	Currency translation differences	Transfors	30 June
	2019	Additions	Disposais	unierences	Transiers	2019
Cost						
Rights	70.832	24	(716)	455	-	70.595
Development cost	975.596	84.574	(114)	-	-	1.060.056
Other intangible assets	167.259	2.751	(455)	3.848	85	173.488
	1.213.687	87.349	(1.285)	4.303	85	1.304.139
Accumulated amortization						
Rights	52.070	1.609	(716)	438	-	53.401
Development cost	527.517	56.977	-	-	-	584.494
Other intangible assets	93.503	5.106	-	3.324	-	101.933
	673.090	63.692	(716)	3.762	-	739.828
Net book value	540.597					564.311

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 16 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS(Cont'd)**

Development costs, incurred by the Group on development projects relating to television and electronic devices, refrigerators, split air conditioners, washing machines, cookers and dish washers are capitalized as intangible assets when it is probable that costs will be recovered through future commercial activity and only if the cost can be measured reliably.

Useful lives of intangible assets are as follows:

	Useful life
Rights	2 - 15 years
Development cost	2 - 10 years
Other	2 - 15 years

#### **NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

#### a) Provisions

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Short term provisions		
Warranty and assembly provision	289.666	266.042
Other provisions	262.953	291.130
Provision for lawsuit risks	27.611	24.909
	580.230	582.081
Long term provisions		
Warranty and assembly provision	44.818	42.878
Other provisions	3.277	2.959
	48.095	45.837

With reference to Group management's and legal advisors' assessments, no provision is provided for those cases that are expected to be finalized in favor of the Group. As of 30 June 2020, the amount of provision provided for the cases for which the probability of losing the case is assessed to be high by the Group management and legal advisors is TL 27.611 thousand (31 December 2019: TL 24.909 thousand).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

As of 30 June movements of warranty and assembly provisions are as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019
Opening balance, 1 January	308.920	297.326
Current year additions (Note 23) Provisions no longer required	192.701 (167.137)	178.321 (179.906)
Balance at 30 June	334.484	295.741

### b) Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive

Legal regulation prepared in conformity with European Union Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive ("WEEE") has been effective in Turkey since 2012. The Directive set collection, recycling and recovery targets for all types of electrical and electronic goods upon manufacturers. The Group fulfills these obligations.

### c) Guarantees received by the Group

#### Guarantee letters, collaterals, cheques and notes received

	30 June 2020	<b>31 December 2019</b>
Guarantee letters	567.302	550.767
Cheques and notes	9.859	387.751
Collaterals and pledges	1.393.133	1.407.870
	1.970.294	2.346.388

Vestel Beyaz Eşya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. and Vestel Ticaret A.Ş. has given collaterals to various banks on behalf of the Company for its forward contracts and bans utilized.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

### d) Collaterals, pledges and mortgages ("CPM's") given by the Group

CPM's given by the Group	USD ('000)	EUR ('000)	TL	TL Equivalent
30 June 2020				
A. CPM's given on behalf of its own legal entity	5.290	27.891	82.115	333.299
B. CPM's given on behalf of fully consolidated subsidiaries (*)	1.903.578	240.764	2.981.184	17.861.700
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPM's given	31.695	-	26.592	243.456
<ul><li>i. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the parent company</li><li>ii. Total amount of CPM's given to on behalf of</li></ul>	-	-	-	-
other group companies which are not in scope of B and C. iii.Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third parties which are not in scope of C.	31.695	-	26.592	243.456
Total	1.940.563	268.655	3.089.891	18.438.455

<sup>(\*)</sup>Fully consolidated subsidiaries have given collaterals to various financial institutions on behalf of each other for their forward contracts and for the total amount of bans utilized.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 17 - PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

CPM's given by the Group	USD ('000)	EUR ('000)	TL	TL Equivalent
31 December 2019				
A. CPM's given on behalf of its own legal entity	5.993	22.493	196.638	381.833
B. CPM's given on behalf of fully consolidated subsidiaries	1.918.972	239.495	2.900.583	15.892.446
C. CPM's given on behalf of third parties for ordinary course of business	-	-	-	-
D. Total amount of other CPM's given	36.437	-	22.001	238.444
i. Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of the				

36.437

1.961.402

261.988

22.001

3.119.222

238.444

16.512.723

As of 30 June 2020 proportion of other CPM's given by the Group to its equity is 5% (31 December 2019: 6%).

#### **NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS**

parties which are not in scope of C.

ii. Total amount of CPM's given to on behalf of other group companies which are not in scope of B

iii.Total amount of CPM's given on behalf of third

parent company

and C.

Total

As of the balance sheet date the Group has committed to realize exports amounting to 980.888 thousand USD (31 December 2019: 1.041.140 thousand USD) due to the export and investment incentive certificates obtained.

As of 30 June 2020 the Group has forward foreign currency purchase contract that amounts to USD 807.292 thousand, EUR 207.374 thousand, GBP 13.686 thousand, PLN 26.680 thousand, RON 1.412 thousand and TL 981.364 thousand against forward foreign currency sales contract that amounts to USD 373.438 thousand, EUR 341.508 thousand, GBP 64.429 thousand, RUB 1.255.420 thousand, RON 11.681 thousand, PLN 26.314 thousand, SEK 9.447 thousand, CHF 250.139 and TL 498.708 thousand. (31 December 2019: USD 857.412 thousand, EUR 334.503 thousand, GBP 52.928 thousand, PLN 40.850 thousand, RON 4.270 thousand, RUB 30.750 thousand and TL 1.489.514 thousand against forward foreign currency purchase contract; USD 616.000 thousand, EUR 309.307 thousand, GBP 118.911 thousand, RUB 1.381.929 thousand, RON 8.669 thousand, PLN 133.695 thousand, SEK 9.447 thousand, CHF 249.707 and TL 748.328 thousand against forward foreign currency sales contract).

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 19 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### Liabilities for employee benefits:

	30 June 2020	31 December 2019
Due to personnel	76.570	91.078
Social security payables	96.852	108.977
	173.422	200.055

#### Long term provisions for employee benefits:

	30 June 2020	<b>31 December 2019</b>
Provision for employment termination benefits	168.917	156.116

Under Turkish law, the Group is required to pay employment termination benefits to each employee whose employment is terminated without due cause. In addition, under the existing Social Security Law No.506, clause No. 60, amended by the Labor Laws dated 6 March 1981, No.2422 and 25 August 1999, No.4447, the Group is also required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has earned the right to retire by receiving termination indemnities.

The amount payable is the equivalent of one month's salary for each year of service and is limited to a maximum of 6.730,15 TL/year as of 30 June 2020 (31 December 2019: 6.379,86 TL/year).

Provision for employment termination benefits is not subject to any funding.

The provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future obligation of the Group arising from retirement of employees. TAS 19 ("Employee Benefits") requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined employee plans. Accordingly actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability which are described below:

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### **NOTE 19 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Cont'd)**

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. An expected inflation rate and appropriate discount rate should both be determined, the net of these being real discount rate. Consequently in the accompanying financial statements as of 30 June 2020, the provision is calculated by estimating the present value of the future obligation of the Group arising from retirement of employees. As of 30 June 2020 provision is calculated based on real discount rate of 5,21% (31 December 2019: 5,21%) assuming 7% annual inflation rate and 12,21% discount rate.

The movement in the provision for employment termination benefit is as follows:

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019
Balance at 1 January	156.116	111.100
Increase during the year	5.607	4.524
Payments during the year	(10.429)	(9.608)
Actuarial (gain) /loss	7.904	3.581
Interest expense	9.719	9.058
Balance at 30 June	168.917	118.655

#### **NOTE 20 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

	30 June 2020	<b>31 December 2019</b>
Other current assets		
VAT carried forward	8.748	9.588
Rebates from suppliers and incentives income accurals	19.398	23.194
Other	17.602	32.714
	45.748	65.496
Other non - current assets		
Assets held for sale	10.603	9.925
	10.603	9.925

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 20 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

	30 June 2020	<b>31 December 2019</b>
Other current liabilities		_
Advances received	176.796	108.124
Tax payables	79.622	83.479
Other	232.761	199.440
	489.179	391.043

#### NOTE 21 - CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS

#### a) Paid in capital

	30 June 2020	<b>31 December 2019</b>
Shares of par value Kr 1 each		
limit on registered share capital	1.000.000	1.000.000
Issued share capital	335.456	335.456

As of 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 the shareholding structures are as follows:

	Share	Shareholding 30 June 31 December		Amount	
	30 June 31			1 December	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Zorlu Holding A.Ş.	64,41%	64,41%	216.054	216.054	
Shares held by public					
Other shareholders	28,37%	26,34%	95.154	88.359	
Zorlu Holding A.Ş.	7,23%	9,25%	24.248	31.043	
	100%	100%	335.456	335.456	

### b) Adjustment to share capital

Adjustment to share capital (restated to 31 December 2004 purchasing power of money) is the difference between restated share capital and historical share capital.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 21 - CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (Cont'd)

#### c) Share premium

Share premium account refers the difference between par value of the company's shares and the amount the company received for newly issued shares. The share premium account is disclosed under equity as a separate line item and may not be distributed. It may be used in capital increase.

#### d) Legal reserves

The legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"). The first legal reserve is appropriated out of the statutory profits at the rate of 5%, until the total reserve reaches a maximum of 20% of the Company's share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated at the rate of 10% of all distributions in excess of 5% of the Company's share capital. Under TCC, the legal reserves can only be used to offset losses and are not available for any other usage unless they exceed 50% of paid in share capital

	30 June 2020	<b>31 December 2019</b>
Legal reserves	67.443	67.179
e) Revaluation reserve		
Fair value gains on financial assets	6.942	4.321
Revaluation of property, plant and equipment	1.251.946	1.310.274
	1.258.888	1.314.595
f) Accumulated deficit		
Extraordinary reserves	512.541	512.541
Previous year's loss	307.107	(142.242)
Other inflation adjustment of share capital	119.718	119.718
	939.366	490.017

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 21 - CAPITAL, RESERVES AND OTHER EQUITY ITEMS (Cont'd)

#### g) Dividend distribution

For quoted companies dividends are distributed in accordance with the Communiqué Serial II -19.1 on "Principals Regarding Distribution of Interim Dividends" issued by the CMB effective from 1 February 2014.

Companies distribute dividends in accordance with their dividend payment policies settled and dividend payment decision taken in general assembly and in conformity with relevant legislations. The communiqué does not state a minimum dividend rate. Companies distribute dividends in accordance with the method defined in their dividend policy or articles of association. Additionally, dividend can be distributed in fixed or variable installments and dividend advances can be paid over the profit on interim financial statements.

Unless the general reserves that has to be appropriated in accordance with TCC or the dividend to shareholders as determined in the articles of association or dividend policy are set aside; no decision can be taken to set aside other reserves, to transfer reserves to the subsequent year or to distribute dividends to holders of usufruct right certificates, to board of directors members or to employees; and no dividend can be distributed to those unless the determined dividend to shareholders is paid in cash.

On the other hand, in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, the net period income is allocated after deducting the accumulated losses from the previous years, if any, as follows:

- **a)** As per Article 519 of the Turkish Commercial Code, 5% is allocated to a general legal reserve.
- **b)** A dividend is allocated from the remaining amount, at the rate determined by the General Assembly over an amount to be found after the addition of a donation, which is made in line with the Turkish Commercial Code and Capital Market Legislation.
- **c)** After the deductions above, the General Assembly has the right to decide how to allocate the dividend to members of the board of directors and officers, employees and workers, foundations established with various purposes, and similar persons and corporations.
- **d)** After the amounts stated in paragraph (a), (b) and (c) are deducted from the net period profit, the General Assembly is authorized to allocate the remaining amount as a second dividend or to allocate the remaining amount to its own reserve as per Article 521 of the Turkish Commercial Code.
- e) One tenth of the amount obtained after a dividend of 5% of the paid in capital and other legal reserve are deducted from the amount that is agreed to be allocated to the shareholders and other persons participating to the profit is added to the general legal reserve as per paragraph (c) of the second clause of article 519 of the Turkish Commercial Code.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 22	- SALES
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	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019	1 April - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2019
Domestic sales	2.702.051	1.941.445	1.587.015	1.125.770
Overseas sales	6.386.992	6.474.936	3.248.382	3.451.805
Gross sales	9.089.043	8.416.381	4.835.397	4.577.575
Sales discounts (-)	(734.444)	(590.414)	(411.600)	(314.141)
Net sales	8.354.599	7.825.967	4.423.797	4.263.434
Cost of sales	(6.042.107)	(5.789.879)	(3.230.516)	(3.036.989)
Gross profit	2.312.492	2.036.088	1.193.281	1.226.445

#### **NOTE 23 - EXPENSES BY NATURE**

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019	1 April - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2019
Raw materials, supplies and				
finished goods	4.837.734	5.263.675	2.475.571	2.772.243
Changes in finished goods, work in				
process, trade goods	319.541	(199.039)	281.518	(81.846)
Personnel expenses	701.060	604.973	363.485	323.125
Depreciation and amortization	337.481	296.182	192.206	150.021
warehouse expenses	353.288	312.135	188.674	172.088
Warranty and assembly expenses	192.701	178.321	103.786	94.810
Advertising expenses	96.567	82.602	47.670	38.335
Other	508.442	444.107	220.548	186.404
	7.346.814	6.982.956	3.873.458	3.655.180

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

# NOTE 24 – GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING EXPENSES, RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

### a) General administrative expenses:

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019	1 April - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2019
Personnel expenses	75.444	69.130	35.961	37.339
Depreciation and amortization	14.569	17.156	7.661	9.179
Consultancy expenses	34.359	17.875	12.958	9.305
Information technology expenses	20.884	19.214	10.967	9.474
Rent and office expenses	13.720	17.046	5.847	8.169
Tax and duties	7.174	7.518	3.162	3.861
Insurance expenses	4.864	5.915	2.312	3.244
Travelling expenses	2.562	3.972	838	2.172
Benefits and services provided externally	943	923	(49)	414
Other	31.596	39.465	15.445	4.701
	206.115	198.214	95.102	87.858
b) Marketing expenses:  Export, transportation, warehouse expenses  Depreciation and amortization	332.017	290.243 36.077	177.496 15.816	159.290 26.561
Depreciation and amortization Warranty and assembly expenses	37.972 192.701	36.077 178.321	103.786	26.561 94.810
Personnel expenses	176.571	159.436	89.555	94.810 86.876
Advertising expenses	86.675	74.843	43.409	33.805
Other	142.328	132.921	52.407	64.521
	968.264	871.841	482.469	465.863
c) Research and development expenses:				
Personnel expenses	20.459	17.212	9.391	8.885
Depreciation and amortization	83.128	72.249	42.840	36.990
Travelling expenses	2.000	3.483	131	1.849
Other	24.741	30.078	13.009	16.746

130.328

123.022

65.371

64.470

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 25 - OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

### a) Other income from operating activities:

Other expenses

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019	1 April - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2019
Credit finance gains arising from				
trading activities	27.383	46.004	4.755	30.855
Foreign exchange gains arising				
from trading activities	382.516	568.779	172.793	296.079
Reversals of provisions	3.449	24.431	1.887	23.970
Other income	138.574	78.483	44.027	40.890
	551.922	717.697	223.462	391.794
b) Other expense from operating activities:				
Debit finance charges arising from				
trading activities	27.691	104.405	17.500	46.014
Foreign exchange expenses arising				
from trading activities	979.869	762.812	373.974	286.292
Provision expenses	22.344	26.210	20.005	14.163

73.818

1.103.722

135.425

1.028.852

78.866

425.335

34.052

445.531

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 26 - FINANCIAL INCOME AND FINANCIAL EXPENSE

#### a) Financial income:

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019	1 April - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2019
Foreign exchange gains	908.009	499.544	344.479	244.720
Gains on derivative financial instruments	385.267	550.370	155.531	198.982
Interest income	232.904	291.008	123.369	147.526
	1.526.180	1.340.922	623.379	591.228

#### b) Financial expense:

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019	1 April - 30 June 2020	1 April - 30 June 2019
Foreign exchange losses	447.175	440.546	180.268	290.984
Losses on derivative financial instruments	416.558	715.395	180.817	245.510
Interest and commision expense	431.726	554.327	248.565	288.087
Other finance expenses	2.308	8.500	452	8.323
	1.297.767	1.718.768	610.102	832.904

#### NOTE 27 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES)

	30 June 2020	<b>31 December 2019</b>
Corporation and income taxes	4.960	10.182
Prepaid taxes (-)	(2.721)	(17.441)
Current income tax liabilities - net	2.239	(7.259)
cui i ent income tax nabincies - net	2.239	(7.239)
Deferred tax liabilities	(259.856)	(233.589)
Deferred tax assets	328.615	230.498
	68.759	(3.091)

Turkish Tax Legislation does not permit a parent company its subsidiaries and investments in associates to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, tax liabilities as reflected in these consolidated financial statements have been calculated on a separate entity basis for the fully consolidated subsidiaries.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 27 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding back non-deductible expenses and by deducting other exempt income. In addition to corporate taxes, companies should also calculate income withholding taxes on any dividends distributed at the rate of % 15, except for companies receiving dividends who are resident companies in Turkey. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to income withholding taxes.

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis at the rate of 22%, until the 14th day of the following month and paid until the 17th day. Advance tax returns files within the year are offset against corporate income tax calculated over the annual taxable corporate income.

According to the Corporate Tax Law, 50% of the capital gains arising from the sale of tangible assets and 75% of the earning from investments in equity shares owned for at least two years are exempted from corporate tax on the condition that such gains are reflected in the equity.

Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to be offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back.

There is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Tax returns are filed between 1-25 April following the close of the accounting year to which they relate. Tax authorities may however examine such returns and the underlying accounting records and may revise assessment within five years.

For the years 2006-2017, corporate tax rate in Turkey is 20%. In accordance with the regulation numbered 7061, published in Official Gazette on 5 December 2017, corporate tax rate for the years 2018, 2019 and 2020 has increased from 20% to 22%. Therefore, deferred tax assets and liabilities as of 30 June 2020 are calculated with 22% tax rate for the temporary differences which will be realized in 2020, and with 20% tax for those which will be realized after 2021 and onwards.

#### **Russian Federation**

In Russia, corporate tax rate applicable is 20% (2019: 20%). Under the Russian Federation taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to be offset against future taxable income for up to ten years. There are no restrictions on the amounts subject to net off. On the other hand, tax, currency and customs legislations are subject to various interpretations and changes which can occurs frequently in Russian Federation. Management's interpretation for such legislation, which is applied to the Company's operations and activities, can be interpreted by regional and federal authorities in different ways.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

#### NOTE 27 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

The events of the recent past in Russian Federation, shows that risk could be possible on approval of operations and activities, which approved in the past may not be approved in the future as a result of reviews by the tax authorities on legislation. According to a review by the tax inspection authorities, without exceptional circumstances, tax inspection covers three years prior to the final inspection. Under certain circumstances, such views may cover longer periods.

As of 1 January - 30 June 2020 and 2019 tax benefit in the consolidated statement of income is as follows:

	1 January -	1 January	
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019	
Current period tax expense	(4.356)	(4.456)	
Deferred tax benefit	64.390	30.611	
Total tax (expense) / benefit	60.034	26.155	

Due to modernization, plant extension and investments incentive documents in Manisa Organized Industrial Zone, the Group has reduced rate of corporate tax advantage.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between their financial statements prepared in accordance with CMB Communiqué II, No. 14.1 and their statutory financial statements. These temporary differences usually result from the recognition of revenue and expenses in different reporting periods for the Communiqué and tax purposes.

As of 30 June 2020, the Group has not recognized deferred tax assets arising from its investment incentive certificate, in accordance with conservatism principle of accounting.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 27 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

The breakdown of cumulative temporary differences and the resulting deferred tax assets and liabilities provided using principal tax rate as of the balance sheet dates is as follows:

	Cumulative temporary differences		Deferre	ed tay
<del>-</del>	30 June 31 December			31 December
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Deferred tax assets				
Employment termination benefits	(168.917)	(151.080)	33.783	30.216
Warranty provision	(100.850)	(108.750)	22.187	23.925
Provision for doubtful receivables	(90.723)	(177.777)	19.959	39.111
Unearned interest expense	-	(21.082)	-	4.638
Net difference between book values		( )		
and tax bases of tangible and				
intangible assets	(25.050)	_	5.010	_
Provision for impairment on	(=0.000)		0.010	
inventories	(18.059)	(16.291)	3.973	3.578
Derivative financial instruments	(38.582)	(7.105)	7.716	1.556
Carryforward tax losses	(00.002)	(7.1203)	7.7.20	1.000
and R&D incentives	(730.955)	(607.600)	146.191	121.520
Other	(408.164)	(179.755)	89.796	39.546
	( 11 1 )	( , , , , ,	328.615	264.090
Deferred tax liabilites				
Income accruals of derivative				
transactions	50.171	_	(11.038)	_
Useful life and valuation differences on	501171		(11,000)	
property, plant and equipment and				
intangible assets	_	71.025	_	(14.205)
Revaluation of tangible fixed assets	1.216.250	1.091.436	(243.250)	(251.322)
Other	25.309	7.518	(5.568)	(1.654)
	_0.009	7.010	(0.000)	(1.001)
			(259.856)	(267.181)
Deferred tax assets / (liabilites) - net			68.759	(3.091)

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 27 - TAXES ON INCOME (INCLUDING DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES) (Cont'd)

The movement of net deferred tax assets and liabilities is as follows:

Earnings per share

	1 January - 30 June 2020	1 January - 30 June 2019
Opening balance, 1 January	(3.091)	(54.287)
Tax benefit recognized in income statement	64.390	30.611
Recognized in shareholders' equity	240	(782)
Currency translation differences	7.220	(1.538)
Deferred tax (liabilities) / assets		
at the end of the period, net	68.759	(25.996)
NOTE 28 – EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE	1 January -	1 January -
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
Net income / (loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent	600.091	35.478
Weighted number of ordinary shares with a Kr 1 of par value (hundred shares)	33.546.000	33.546.000

1,79

0,11

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 29 – DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS				
	30 Jun	e 2020	31 December 2019	
_		Fair Value		Fair Value
	Contract	Assets /	Contract	Assets /
<u>-</u>	amount	(Liabilities)	amount	(Liabilities)
<u>Derivative financial assets:</u>				
Held for trading				
Forward foreign currency transactions	4.708.048	28.005	4.349.967	42.291
Cash flow hedge				
Forward foreign currency transactions	855.705	22.166	250.574	3.196
To ward for eight currency transactions	033.703	22.100	250.57 1	3.170
<u>Derivative financial liabilities:</u>				
Held for trading				
Forward foreign currency transactions	443.288	(4.093)	3.702.635	(42.532)
Ç ,				
Cash flow hedge				
Forward foreign currency transactions	2.260.066	(34.487)	988.469	(10.060)
To ward for eight currency transactions	2.200.000	(34.407)		(10.000)
	8.267.107	11.591	9.291.645	(7.105)

#### NOTE 30 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Foreign currency risk:

The Group is exposed to exchange rate risk due to its foreign currency denominated transactions. The main principle of foreign currency risk management is to maintain foreign exchange position at the level that minimizes the impact of foreign exchange fluctuations.

Derivative instruments are used in foreign currency risk management where necessary. In this respect the Group mainly prefers using foreign exchange forward contracts.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 30 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

			Other (TL	
30 June 2020	USD	EUR	<b>Equivalent</b> )	TL Equivalent
1. Trade receivables	80.417	78.816	-	1.157.759
2a. Monetary financial assets (including				
cash and cash equivalents)	23.293	22.759	1.807.170	2.141.976
2b. Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
3. Other	112.487	46.856	-	1.130.834
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	216.197	148.431	1.807.170	4.430.569
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
6b. Non-monetary financial assets	501	5.093	-	42.686
7. Other	601.729	-	-	4.117.150
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	602.230	5.093	-	4.159.836
9. Total assets (4+8)	818.427	153.524	1.807.170	8.590.405
10. Trade payables	636.809	109.830	16.248	5.220.014
11. Financial liabilities	291.899	129.401	-	2.994.681
12a. Other monetary liabilities	3.073	1.379	11.282	42.938
12b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	931.781	240.610	27.530	8.257.633
14. Trade payables	-	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	33.126	13.740	-	332.569
16a. Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
16b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	33.126	13.740	-	332.569
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	964.907	254.350	27.530	8.590.202
19. Off-balance sheet derivative instruments				
net asset / (liability) position (19a+19b)	433.854	(134.134)	(22.528)	1.912.057
19a. Hedged total assets	807.292	207.374	48.359	7.170.493
19b. Hedged total liabilities	(373.438)	(341.508)	(70.887)	(5.258.436)
20. Net foreign currency asset/ (liability)				
position (9-18+19)	287.374	(234.960)	1.757.112	1.912.260
21. Net foreign currency monetary asset/				
(liability) position				
(=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(861.197)	(152.775)	1.779.640	(5.290.467)
22. Fair value of financial instruments used				
in foreign currency hedging	-	-	-	11.591
23. Export	243.299	513.241	495.083	6.386.992
24. Import	444.923	73.174	2.065	3.370.726

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 30 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

			Other (TL	
31 December 2019	USD	EUR	<b>Equivalent)</b>	TL Equivalent
1. Trade receivables	120.347	166.085	454.618	2.274.068
2a. Monetary financial assets (including				
cash and cash equivalents)	62.236	21.927	1.525.566	2.041.088
2b. Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
3. Other	96.936	-	-	575.819
4. Current assets (1+2+3)	279.519	188.012	1.980.184	4.890.975
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-
6a. Monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
6b. Non-monetary financial assets	1.936	4.031	-	38.309
7. Other	514.071	117	-	3.054.463
8. Non-current assets (5+6+7)	516.007	4.148	-	3.092.772
9. Total assets (4+8)	795.526	192.160	1.980.184	7.983.747
10. Trade payables	757.779	128.994	12.612	5.371.858
11. Financial liabilities	294.035	154.820	-	2.776.272
12a. Other monetary liabilities	9.461	2	5.537	61.751
12b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
13. Current liabilities (10+11+12)	1.061.275	283.816	18.149	8.209.881
14. Trade payables	-	905	-	6.019
15. Financial liabilities	41.054	18.619	-	367.696
16a. Other monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
16b. Other non-monetary liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities (14+15+16)	41.054	19.524	-	373.715
18. Total liabilities (13+17)	1.102.329	303.340	18.149	8.583.596
19. Off-balance sheet derivative instruments				
net asset / (liability) position (19a+19b)	241.412	25.196	(2.320.891)	(719.287)
19a. Hedged total assets	857.412	334.503	484.285	7.802.129
19b. Hedged total liabilities	(616.000)	(309.307)	(2.805.176)	(8.521.416)
20. Net foreign currency asset/ (liability)				
position (9-18+19)	(65.391)	(85.984)	(358.856)	(1.319.136)
21. Net foreign currency monetary asset/				
(liability) position				
(=1+2a+5+6a-10-11-12a-14-15-16a)	(919.746)	(115.328)	1.962.035	(4.268.440)
22. Fair value of financial instruments used				
in foreign currency hedging	-	-	-	(7.105)
23. Export	647.153	1.207.925	1.261.120	14.363.541
24. Import	1.095.309	196.440	2.217	7.462.087

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 30 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

As of 30 June 2020 and 31 December 2019 sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange rates is presented in below tables. Secured portions include impact of off-balance sheet derivative instruments.

	Gain / Loss			Equity		
30 June 2020	Foreign exchange appreciation	exchange	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation		
+/- 10% fluctuation of USD rate:						
USD net asset / liability	(589.248)	589.248	(589.248)	589.248		
Secured portion from USD risk (-)	70.814	(70.814)	294.960	(294.960)		
USD net effect	(518.434)	518.434	(294.288)	294.288		
+/- 10% fluctuation of EUR rate:						
EUR net asset / liability	(117.762)	117.762	(117.762)	117.762		
Secured portion from EUR risk (-)	40.968	(40.968)	(103.987)	103.987		
EUR net effect	(76.794)	76.794	(221.749)	221.749		
+/- 10% fluctuation of other currency						
rates:						
Other currencies net asset / liability	177.964	(177.964)	177.964	(177.964)		
risk (-)	(206.440)	206.440	(245.264)	245.264		
Other currency net effect	(28.476)	28.476	(67.300)	67.300		

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

### NOTE 30 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

	Gain,	Gain / Loss		Equity		
31 December 2019	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation		
+/- 10% fluctuation of USD rate:						
USD net asset / liability	(546.347)	546.347	(546.347)	546.347		
Secured portion from USD risk (-)	89.603	(89.603)	141.573	(141.573)		
USD net effect	(456.744)	456.744	(404.774)	404.774		
+/- 10% fluctuation of EUR rate:						
•	(76.700)	76 700	(76 700)	76 700		
EUR net asset / liability	(76.700)	76.700	(76.700)	76.700		
Secured portion from EUR risk (-)	61.738	(61.738)	15.948	(15.948)		
EUR net effect	(14.962)	14.962	(60.752)	60.752		
+/- 10% fluctuation of other currency						
rates:						
Other currencies net asset / liability	196.204	(196.204)	196.204	(196.204)		
risk (-)	(246.481)	246.481	(246.481)	246.481		
Other currency net effect	(50.277)	50.277	(50.277)	50.277		

### **NOTE 31 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

None.

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise indicated.)

## NOTE 32- OTHER MATTERS THAT MAY AFFECT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OR TO BE EXPLAINED FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO BE INTERPRETABLE AND EXPLAINABLE

The necessary actions were taken by the management to minimize the possible effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Group's activities and financial status, which occurred in China at the end of 2019 and influenced the whole world. In order to avoid disruptions in the production processes, the raw material procurement processes were similar to the pre-pandemic period, considering the condition of the countries where the raw material was supplied. Production was suspended for a week during the peak of the pandemic.

With the start of normalization process in the countries where the Group exports goods, the desired level of demand is reached and it has contributed positively to the Group's financial stability. While preparing the interim financial statements dated 30 June 2020, the Group re-evaluated the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and the estimates and assumptions used in the financials. Impairments that may occur in Group's assets have been tested and no impairment has been identified.